2006 年报 Annual Report 2006





目達	录	页数	СО	NTENTS	PAGE
董事	5会报告	1	Rep	ort of the Directors	5
公司	治理	9		porate Governance	17
独立	审计师报告	27	-	pendent Auditor's Report	28
综合	收益账	29		solidated Income Statement	29
综合	资产负债表	30	Con	solidated Balance Sheet	30
资产	负债表	32	Bala	ance Sheet	32
综合	权益变动结算表	34	Con	solidated Statement of Changes in Equity	34
权益	i变动结算表	35	Stat	ement of Changes in Equity	35
综合	现金流量表	36	Con	solidated Cash Flow Statement	36
财务	-报表附注		Note	es to the Financial Statements	
1.	主要业务	37	1.	Principal activities	37
2.	重大会计政策摘要	37	2.	Summary of significant accounting policies	37
3.	应用会计政策时之重大会计估计及判断		3.	Critical accounting estimates and judgements in	
		78		applying accounting policies	78
4.	金融风险管理	80	4.	Financial risk management	80
5.	净利息收入	114	5.	Net interest income	114
6.	净服务费及佣金收入	115	6.	Net fees and commission income	115
7.	净交易性收入	116	7.	Net trading income	116
8.	证券投资之净亏损	116	8.	Net loss on investments in securities	116
9.	其他经营收入	117	9.	Other operating income	117
	贷款减值准备拨回	117	10.	Reversal of loan impairment allowances	117
11.	经营支出	118	11.	Operating expenses	118
12.	出售/重估物业、厂房及设备之净(亏损)		12.	Net (loss)/gain from disposal/revaluation of	
	/ 收益	119		properties, plant and equipment	119
13.	出售 / 公平值调整投资物业之净收益	119	13.	Net gain from disposal of/fair value adjustments on	119
14	税项	120	14.	investment properties Taxation	120
	本银行股东应占溢利	120	15.	Profit attributable to equity holders of the Bank	120
	股息	122	16.	Dividends	122
	退休福利成本	123	17.	Retirement benefit costs	123
	认股权计划	124	18.	Share option schemes	124
	董事及高级管理人员酬金	127	19.	Directors' and senior management's emoluments	127
	库存现金及在银行及其他金融机构的结余	121	20.	Cash and balances with banks and other financial	121
	7 13 70322 2 1013 207 (103212) 2 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	130		institutions	130
21.	银行及其他金融机构存款	100	21.	Placements with banks and other financial	100
	7 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	131		institutions	131
22.	库存现金及短期资金	131	22.	Cash and short-term funds	131
	交易性证券及公平值变化计入损益的其他	131	23.	Trading securities and other financial instruments at	131
20.	金融资产	132	20.	fair value through profit or loss	132
24	衍生金融工具	134	24.	Derivative financial instruments	134
	贷款及其他账项	141	25.	Advances and other accounts	141
	贷款减值准备	143	26.	Loan impairment allowances	143
	可供出售证券	145	27.	Available-for-sale securities	145
	持有至到期日证券	147	28.	Held-to-maturity securities	147
	贷款及应收款	149	29.	Loans and receivables	149
	附属公司权益	150	30.	Interests in subsidiaries	150
	联营公司权益	151	31.	Interests in associates	151
	物业、厂房及设备	153	32.	Properties, plant and equipment	153
	投资物业	158	33.	Investment properties	158



目表	录	页数	СО	NTENTS	PAGE
34.	其他资产	159	34.	Other assets	159
35.	香港特别行政区流通纸币	159	35.	Hong Kong SAR currency notes in circulation	159
36.	交易性负债及公平值变化计入损益的其他金		36.	Trading liabilities and other financial instruments at	
	融工具	160		fair value through profit or loss	160
37.	客户存款	161	37.	Deposits from customers	161
38.	已抵押资产	162	38.	Assets pledged as security	162
39.	递延税项	162	39.	Deferred taxation	162
40.	其他账项及准备	166	40.	Other accounts and provisions	166
41.	股本	166	41.	Share capital	166
42.	储备	166	42.	Reserves	166
43.	综合现金流量表附注	167	43.	Notes to consolidated cash flow statement	167
44.	或然负债及承担	169	44.	Contingent liabilities and commitments	169
45.	资本承担	170	45.	Capital commitments	170
46.	经营租赁承担	171	46.	Operating lease commitments	171
47.	诉讼	172	47.	Litigation	172
48.	分类报告	173	48.	Segmental reporting	173
49.	董事及高级职员贷款	181	49.	Loans to directors and officers	181
50.	主要之有关连人士交易	182	50.	Significant related party transactions	182
51.	最终控股公司	202	51.	Ultimate holding company	202
52.	比较数字	202	52.	Comparative amounts	202
53.	财务报表核准	202	53.	Approval of financial statements	202
未经	审核之补充财务资料		Una	udited Supplementary Financial Information	
1.	资本充足比率	203	1.	Capital adequacy ratio	203
2.	扣减后的资本基础成份	204	2.	Components of capital base after deductions	204
3.	流动资金比率	204	3.	Liquidity ratio	204
4.	货币风险	205	4.	Currency concentrations	205
5.	分类资料	206	5.	Segmental information	206
6.	跨国债权	208	6.	Cross-border claims	208
7.	逾期及经重组资产	210	7.	Overdue and rescheduled assets	210
8.	收回资产	212	8.	Repossessed assets held	212
9.	风险管理	212	9.	Risk management	212
释义		220	Defi	nitions	222



董事会报告

董事会同仁谨此提呈本银行及其附属公司截至 2006 年 12 月 31 日止之董事会报告及经审核之综合财务报表。

主要业务

本银行为根据《香港银行业条例》所规定获发牌之认可机构。本集团之主要业务为提供银行及相关之金融服务。本集团及本银行于本年度按业务分类的经营状况分析详情载于财务报表附注 48。

业绩及分配

本集团在本年度之业绩载于第29页之综合收益账。

于 2006 年 5 月 22 日,董事会宣布派发第一次中期股息,每股普通股 0.021 港元,总金额约为港币 9.04 亿元,并已于 2006 年 5 月 30 日支付。

于 2006 年 6 月 30 日,董事会宣布派发第二次中期股息,每股普通股 0.085 港元,总金额约为港币 36.59 亿元,并已于 2006 年 8 月 31 日支付。

于 2006 年 12 月 7 日,董事会宣布派发第三次中期股息,每股普通股 0.11 港元,总金额约为港币 47.35 亿元,并已于 2007 年 2 月 28 日支付。

董事会建议不派发截至 2006 年 12 月 31 日止年度的末期股息。

储备

本集团及本银行之储备变动详情分别载于第34页之综合权益变动结算表及第35页之权益变动结算表。

捐款

本集团于年内之慈善及其他捐款总额约为港币6百万元。

物业、厂房及设备

本集团及本银行之物业、厂房及设备变动详情载于财务报表附注 32。



董事会报告(续)

董事

于年内及截至本报告书日期止,本银行的董事名单如下:

- # 非执行董事
- * 独立非执行董事

本银行的公司组织章程细则并无有关董事轮值告退之条款,因此所有董事将继续留任。

杨曹文梅 *

董事于重大合约之权益

于 2006 年度内,本银行、其控股公司、附属公司或各同系附属公司概无就本集团业务订立任何重大、而任何董事直接或间接拥有重大权益的合约。



董事会报告(续)

董事认购股份之权益

于 2002 年 7 月 5 日,本银行间接控股公司中银(BVI)根据上市前认股权计划向下列董事授予认股权,彼等可据此向中银(BVI)购入本银行直接控股公司中银香港(控股)现有已发行股份,行使价为每股 8.50 港元。该等认股权自 2002 年 7 月 25 日起的 4 年內归属,有效行使期为 10 年。该等认股权的 25%股份数目将于每年年底归属。

以下列出截至 2006 年 12 月 31 日根据上市前认股权计划向董事授予的尚未行使认股权的详情:

	每股						·
	行使价	于 2002 年 7 月 5	于 2006 年	年内已行使	年内已放弃	年内已作废	于 2006 年
授出日期	(港币) 行使期限	日授出之认股权	1月1日	之认股权	之认股权	之认股权	12月31日
孙昌基 2002年7月5日	8.50 2003年7月25日至	1,590,600	1,590,600	_	_	_	1,590,600
	2012年7月4日						
和广北 2002年7月5日	8.50 2003年7月25日至	1,446,000	1,084,500	_	_	_	1,084,500
	2012年7月4日						
华庆山 2002年7月5日	8.50 2003年7月25日至	1,446,000	1,446,000	_	_	_	1,446,000
	2012年7月4日						
李早航 2002年7月5日	8.50 2003年7月25日至	1,446,000	1,446,000	_	_	_	1,446,000
	2012年7月4日						
周载群 2002年7月5日	8.50 2003年7月25日至	1,446,000	1,446,000	_	_	_	1,446,000
	2012年7月4日						
张燕玲 2002年7月5日	8.50 2003年7月25日至	1,446,000	1,446,000	_	_	_	1,446,000
	2012年7月4日						
共:		8,820,600	8,459,100	_	_	_	8,459,100

除上文披露外,于本年度任何时间内,本银行、其控股公司、附属公司或各同系附属公司概无订立任何安排,使董事可藉购买本银行或 任何其他法人团体之股份或债券而获益。

管理合约

中银香港(控股)与本银行已签订服务协议,中银香港(控股)据此向本银行提供管理及投资者关系服务,并以此收取服务费。任何一方可向另一方发出不少于3个月之通知以终止该协议。



董事会报告(续)

符合《本地注册认可机构披露财务资料》指引

截至 2006 年 12 月 31 日止的财务报表完全符合金管局颁布之监管政策手册《本地注册认可机构披露财务资料》指引内所载的规定。

审计师

2006年度之财务报表乃由罗兵咸永道会计师事务所审计。在即将举行的股东周年大会上,将提呈重新委任罗兵咸永道会计师事务所作为审计师之决议。

承董事会命

*

钢

董事长

肖钢

香港,2007年3月22日



Report of the Directors

The Directors are pleased to present their report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Bank and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2006.

Principal Activities

The Bank is a licensed bank authorised under the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance. The principal activities of the Group are the provision of banking and related financial services. An analysis of the Group's and the Bank's performance for the year by business segments are set out in Note 48 to the financial statements.

Results and Appropriations

The results of the Group for the year are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 29.

On 22 May 2006, the directors declared a first interim dividend of HK\$0.021 per ordinary share, totalling approximately HK\$904 million, which was paid on 30 May 2006.

On 30 June 2006, the directors declared a second interim dividend of HK\$0.085 per ordinary share, totalling approximately HK\$3,659 million, which was paid on 31 August 2006.

On 7 December 2006, the directors declared a third interim dividend of HK\$0.11 per ordinary share, totalling approximately HK\$4,735 million, which was paid on 28 February 2007.

The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2006.

Reserves

Details of movements in the reserves of the Group and the Bank are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the statement of changes in equity on pages 34 and 35 respectively.

Donations

Charitable and other donations made by the Group during the year amounted to approximately HK\$6 million.

Properties, Plant and Equipment

Details of movements in properties, plant and equipment of the Group and the Bank are set out in Note 32 to the financial statements.



Report of the Directors (continued)

Directors

The directors of the Bank during the year and up to the date of this report are:

Chairman XIAO Gang#

Vice Chairmen SUN Changji **

HE Guangbei

Directors HUA Qingshan #

LI Zaohang #

ZHOU Zaiqun #

ZHANG Yanling #

FUNG Victor Kwok King *

KOH Beng Seng *

SHAN Weijian *

TUNG Chee Chen *

TUNG Savio Wai-Hok *

YANG Linda Tsao *

There being no provision in the Bank's Articles of Association for retirement by rotation, all the directors continue in office.

Directors' Interests in Contracts of Significance

No contracts of significance, in relation to the Group's business to which the Bank, its holding companies, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

^{*} Non-executive Directors

^{*} Independent Non-executive Directors



Report of the Directors (continued)

Directors' Rights to Acquire Shares

On 5 July 2002, the following Directors were granted options by BOC (BVI), an indirect holding company of the Bank, pursuant to a Pre-Listing Share Option Scheme to purchase from BOC (BVI) existing issued shares of BOCHK (Holdings), the immediate holding company of the Bank, at a price of HK\$8.50 per share. These options have a vesting period of four years from 25 July 2002 with a valid exercise period of ten years. Twenty-five percent of the shares subject to such options will vest at the end of each year.

Particulars of the outstanding options granted to the Directors under the Pre-Listing Share Option Scheme as at 31 December 2006 are set out below:

Number of share options

Radiances as at 1 January during the July 2002 R.50 R.50 L.50 July 2003 to A July 2012 R.50 L.50 July 2003 to A July 2012 R.50 L.50 July 2003 to A July 2012 R.50 R.50 L.50 July 2003 to A July 2012 R.50 R.50 R.50 July 2003 to A July 2012 R.50 R.50 R.50 July 2003 to A July 2012 R.50 R.50 R.50 July 2003 to A July 2012 R.50 R.50 R.50 July 2003 to A July 2012 R.50 R.50 R.50 July 2003 to A July 2012 R.50 R.50 R.50 July 2003 to A July 2012 R.50 R.50 R.50 July 2003 to A July 2012 R.50 R.50 R.50 July 2003 to A July 2012 R.50 R.50 R.50 July 2003 to A July 2012 R.50 R.50										
Date of grant Price Exercisable Granted on at 1 January during the year during the year year the year 2006 2006				•						Balances
Date of grant (HK\$) Period 5 July 2002 2006 year year the year 2006 SUN Changji 5 July 2002 8.50 25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012 1,590,600 1,590,600 — — — — 1,590,600 HE Guangbei 5 July 2002 8.50 25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012 1,446,000 1,084,500 — — — — — 1,084,500 HUA Qingshan 5 July 2002 8.50 25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012 1,446,000 1,446,000 — — — — — 1,446,000 LI Zaohang 5 July 2002 8.50 25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012 1,446,000 1,446,000 — — — — — 1,446,000 ZHANG Yanling 5 July 2002 8.50 25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012 1,446,000 1,446,000 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — <			Exercise			Balances as	Exercised	Surrendered	Lapsed	as at 31
SUN Changji 5 July 2002 8.50 25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012 1,590,600 1,590,600 — — — 1,590,600 HE Guangbei 5 July 2002 8.50 25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012 1,446,000 1,084,500 — — — — 1,084,500 HUA Qingshan 5 July 2002 8.50 25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012 1,446,000 1,446,000 — — — — — 1,446,000 LI Zaohang 5 July 2002 8.50 25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012 1,446,000 1,446,000 — — — — — 1,446,000 ZHANG Yanling 5 July 2002 8.50 25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012 1,446,000 1,446,000 — — — — — — 1,446,000			price	Exercisable	Granted on	at 1 January	during the	during the	during	December
HE Guangbei 5 July 2002 8.50 25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012 HUA Qingshan 5 July 2002 8.50 25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012 LI Zaohang 5 July 2002 8.50 25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012 ZHOU Zaiqun 5 July 2002 8.50 25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012 ZHANG Yanling 5 July 2002 8.50 25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012 A July 2012 1,446,000 1,446,000 — — — — 1,446,000 — — — — — 1,446,000 — — — — — 1,446,000 — — — — 1,446,000 — — — — 1,446,000 — — — — — 1,446,000 — — — — — 1,446,000 — — — — — 1,446,000 — — — — — 1,446,000 — — — — — 1,446,000 — — — — — 1,446,000 — — — — — 1,446,000 — — — — — 1,446,000 — — — — — 1,446,000 — — — — — 1,446,000 — — — — — — 1,446,000 — — — — — — — 1,446,000 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		Date of grant	(HK\$)	Period	5 July 2002	2006	year	year	the year	2006
HUA Qingshan 5 July 2002 8.50 25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012 LI Zaohang 5 July 2002 8.50 25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012 ZHOU Zaiqun 5 July 2002 8.50 25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012 ZHANG Yanling 5 July 2002 8.50 25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012 A July 2012 1,446,000 1,446,000 — — — 1,446,000 A July 2012 1,446,000 — — — 1,446,000 A July 2012 1,446,000 — — — 1,446,000 A July 2012 1,446,000 — — — 1,446,000	SUN Changji	5 July 2002	8.50	•	1,590,600	1,590,600	_	_	_	1,590,600
4 July 2012 LI Zaohang 5 July 2002 8.50 25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012 ZHOU Zaiqun 5 July 2002 8.50 25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012 ZHANG Yanling 5 July 2002 8.50 25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012 ZHANG Yanling 5 July 2002 8.50 25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012	HE Guangbei	5 July 2002	8.50	•	1,446,000	1,084,500	_	_	_	1,084,500
4 July 2012 ZHOU Zaiqun 5 July 2002 8.50 25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012 ZHANG Yanling 5 July 2002 8.50 25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012 ZHANG Yanling 5 July 2002 8.50 25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012	HUA Qingshan	5 July 2002	8.50	•	1,446,000	1,446,000	_	_	_	1,446,000
4 July 2012 ZHANG Yanling 5 July 2002 8.50 25 July 2003 to 1,446,000 1,446,000 — — 1,446,000 4 July 2012	LI Zaohang	5 July 2002	8.50	•	1,446,000	1,446,000	_	_	_	1,446,000
4 July 2012	ZHOU Zaiqun	5 July 2002	8.50	•	1,446,000	1,446,000	_	_	_	1,446,000
Total 8,820,600 8,459,100 — — 8,459,100	ZHANG Yanling	5 July 2002	8.50	•	1,446,000	1,446,000	_	_	_	1,446,000
	Total			<u>-</u>	8,820,600	8,459,100	_	_	_	8,459,100

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year was the Bank, its holding companies, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Bank or any other body corporate.

Management Contracts

There exists a services agreement between BOCHK (Holding) and the Bank whereby BOCHK (Holdings) provides management and investor relations services to the Bank and under which costs are reimbursed and fees are payable. The said agreement can be terminated by either party giving not less than three months' prior notice.



Report of the Directors (continued)

Compliance with the Guideline on "Financial Disclosure by Locally incorporated Authorized Institutions"

The financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 fully comply with the requirements set out in the guideline on "Financial Disclosure by Locally Incorporated Authorized Institutions" under the Supervisory Policy Manual issued by the HKMA.

Auditors

The financial statements have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers. A resolution for their re-appointment as auditors for the ensuing year will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

On behalf of the Board

XIAO Gang

Chairman

Hong Kong, 22 March 2007



公司治理

为保障股东、客户和员工的利益,**本银行致力维持和强化高水准的公司治理**。除了全面符合香港当地有关的法律法规以及香港金融管理局、香港证券及期货事务监察委员会等监管机构的各项规定和指引外,本银行不时对所采用的公司治理实务作出检讨,并力求符合国际和当地有关公司治理最佳惯例的要求。

公司治理架构

董事会作为本银行治理架构核心,同管理层之间具有明确分工。董事会负责给予管理层高层指引和有效监控。一般而言,董事会负责:

- 制订本集团的长期战略并监控其执行情况;
- 审批年度业务计划和财务预算;
- 批准有关年度、中期及季度业绩;
- 审查及监控本集团的风险管理及内部监控;
- 负责本集团的公司治理及合规;及
- 监察本集团管理层的工作表现。

董事会特别授权管理层执行已确定的策略方针,由其负责日常营运并向董事会报告。为此,**董事会订立了清晰的书面指引,特别明确了在何种情况下管理层应向董事会汇报,以及在代表本集团作出何种决定或订立何种承诺前应取得董事会批准等**。董事会将定期对这些授权和指引进行重检。

为避免使权力集中于一位人士,本银行董事长及总裁分别由两人担任,两者之间分工明确并已在董事会的职责约章中作出明文规定。简而言之,董事长负责确保董事会适当地履行其职能,贯彻良好公司治理常规及程式;此外,作为董事会的主席,董事长亦负责确保所有董事均适当知悉当前的事项,及时得到充分、完备、可靠的信息。而总裁则负责领导整个管理层,推行董事会所采纳的重要策略及发展战略。

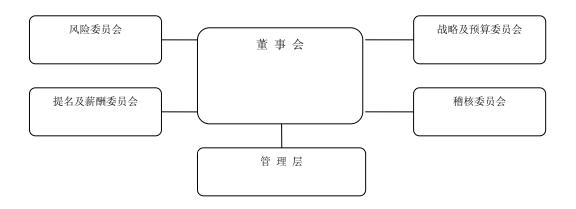
董事会在考虑有关的业界做法和公司治理国际最佳惯例的基础上,下设**四个常设附属委员会—**稽核委员会、提名及薪酬委员会、风险委员会及战略及预算委员会,负责协助董事会履行其职责。此外,董事会亦会按需要授权一个完全由独立非执行董事组成的独立董事委员会,负责审阅、批准和监控根据有关法律和监管规定要求须由董事会批准的关连交易(包括持续关连交易)。

各附属委员会均具有清晰界定的职责约章,并就其职权范围内的有关事项向董事会提出意见,或在适当情况下按转授权力作出决定。所有附属委员会均获指派专业秘书部门,以确保有关委员会备有足够资源,有效地及恰当地履行其职责。董事会及附属委员会亦有参与各专业秘书部门的年度考核工作,以保证及提升各专业秘书部门的服务质量及向董事会及附属委员会提供充分的支援服务。此外,根据其职责约章的规定,董事会及各附属委员会亦会定期评估及审查其工作程序及有效性,以确定须予改进的地方。



公司治理架构 (续)

有关本银行的公司治理架构可以参见下图。



有关董事会所采用的公司治理原则和架构、董事会及各附属委员会的组成及其职责约章摘要、股东权利及讯息公平披露政策等信息,在本银行的网址: www.bochk.com 均有详细载列。

董事会

本银行董事会以非执行董事及独立非执行董事为主,以保证董事会决策的独立、客观及对管理层实行全面和公正的监控。董事会诚实、善意地行事,按照本集团的最佳利益客观地做出决策,以尽力实现股东长期价值的最大化和切实履行对本集团其他相关者的公司责任。

董事会现时共有董事 13 名,包括 6 名独立非执行董事,6 名非执行董事,及 1 名执行董事,其中高铭胜先生于 2006 年 3 月 23 日获委任为独立非执行董事。除此以外,于本年度及截至本报告日期止,并无其他董事会成员变动。

目前董事会成员中,所有董事均拥有广泛的银行业与管理经验;此外,独立非执行董事的占比接近董事会成员的二分之一,并包括了多名具备财务管理专长的独立非执行董事。董事会采纳了《董事独立性政策》,部分条款内容超过了《上市规则》第 3.13 条的有关规定。本银行已收到每名独立非执行董事根据该政策就其独立性而作出的年度书面确认。基于该等确认及董事会所掌握的资料,本银行继续确认其独立身份。

本银行目前**所有非执行董事、独立非执行董事均有固定任期,并获发正式聘书**,以订明其委任的主要条款及条件。此外,提名及薪酬委员会**制定了一套关于委任独立非执行董事的正式书面制度,以确保委任程序的规范化、全面性及透明度**。

董事会成员之间并不存在任何关系,包括财务、业务、家属或其他重大或相关的关系。肖钢先生、华庆山先生及李早航先生是中国银行的董事会成员,周载群先生及张燕玲女士是该公司高级管理层的成员。本银行董事会的职责约章中已明文规定,除非有关法律或监管规则允许,否则若有大股东或董事在董事会将予考虑的议题中存在利益冲突,应就该议题举行董事会会议;在交易中没有重大利益的独立非执行董事应出席该次董事会会议。

本银行于年度内为每位董事会成员**购买了适当的董事责任保险,以保障其因企业行为而引起之赔偿责任**,该保险的保额及保障范围每年均会进行检讨。

为确保新任董事对本集团的运作及业务均有充足了解,及确保所有董事能定期更新其知识及技能,以便向董事会提供具有充分依据的建议及意见,并对董事会作出贡献,**董事会已制订了一套关于董事入职介绍及持续专业发展的正式制度**。董事会于 2006 年度特别邀请了在资本管理方面甚有经验的专业人士,为董事会成员介绍在新巴塞尔资本协议情况下银行资本管理的最新发展。



董事会 (续)

董事会于 2006 年内共召开 7 次会议,会**议平均出席率达 99%**。会议时间安排在上一年度即已拟定通过。所有会议材料连同会议议程一般在会议预定日期至少 7 天前送达全体董事会成员审阅。每次会议议程内容均在事前充分谘询各董事会成员及管理层意见后,经董事长确认而制订。此外,作为一项惯例,董事长每年将与非执行董事 (包括独立非执行董事) 举行至少一次没有执行董事及管理层出席的会议,有关做法已予制度化并列入董事会的工作规则内。于 2006 年,各位董事的出席率详列如下:

董事	出席董事会会议次数	出席率
非执行董事		
肖钢先生 (董事长)	7次中出席7次	100%
孙昌基先生 (副董事长)	7次中出席7次	100%
华庆山先生	7次中出席7次	100%
李早航先生	7次中出席7次	100%
周载群先生	7次中出席7次	100%
张燕玲女士	7次中出席7次	100%
独立非执行董事		
冯国经博士	7次中出席7次	100%
高铭胜先生 (注)	6次中出席6次	100%
单伟建先生	7次中出席6次	86%
董建成先生	7次中出席7次	100%
童伟鹤先生	7次中出席7次	100%
杨曹文梅女士	7次中出席7次	100%
执行董事		
和广北先生 (副董事长兼总裁)	7次中出席7次	100%

注: 高铭胜先生于 2006 年 3 月 23 日获委任为独立非执行董事。

除正式董事会会议及股东周年大会外,本银行亦安排其他相对较轻松的场合以便加强董事会及管理层之间的沟通及交流。例如,**本银行每年均邀请一位董事会成员向本银行中、高层管理人员举行讲座**。于 2006 年,本银行邀得稽核委员会主席兼资深投资银行家单伟建先生与本银行管理人员分享他在银行业收购合并方面的经验。

同时,**本银行亦会每年安排一次外地参观活动,以促进董事会成员之间、董事会与管理层成员之间的沟通**。于 2006 年,董事会成员前往中国金融发源地一山西平遥参观。(注:平遥曾是赫赫有名的中国金融中心,是十九世纪亚洲的「华尔街」。平遥票号的创办和成功,离不开行之有效而又近似现今若干国际最佳惯例的管理制度。其中最为突出者是票号奉行所有权和经营权分离、强调内部控制、及以业务/工作表现为基准的分配体制。)

稽核委员会

稽核委员会目前由7名成员组成,其中1名成员为非执行董事,6名成员为独立非执行董事,独立非执行董事占委员会成员的86%,主席由独立非执行董事单伟建先生担任。

稽核委员会协助董事会对本银行及其附属公司在以下方面 (但不仅限于以下方面) 实现监控职责:

- 财务报告的真实性和财务报告程式;
- 内部监控系统;
- 内部稽核职能的有效性及内部稽核主管的绩效评估;
- 外部审计师的聘任、资格及独立性的审查和工作表现的评估,及(如获董事会授权)酬金的厘定;
- 本银行及本集团财务报表的定期审阅和年度审计;
- 遵循有关会计准则及法律和监管规定中有关财务资讯披露的要求;及
- 本集团的公司治理架构及实施。



稽核委员会(续)

稽核委员会在2006年内的主要工作包括审议及(如适用)审批:

- 本银行截至 2005 年 12 月 31 日止年度的董事会报告与财务报表,并建议董事会通过;
- 本银行截至2006年6月30日止6个月的中期财务报表,并建议董事会通过;
- 由外部审计师提交的审计报告及内部控制改善建议书、监管机构的现场审查报告;
- 年度外部审计师聘任的建议、支付予外部审计师的年度审计费用、审阅中期报表的费用、及其他非审计费用;
- 本集团于 2006 年度的内部稽核工作计划,以及所认定的重点范畴;
- 本集团内部稽核部门的人力资源安排及薪酬水平、该部门 2006 年的费用预算;及
- 内部稽核主管的 2005 年度绩效评估及 2006 年度主要绩效考核指标。

自董事会于 2005 年批准了本集团之**《员工内部举报及处理政策》**以来,有关机制**有效运作**。于年内,若干举报个案均通过有关政策提供的管道接收及按照既定的程序得以有效地处理。

稽核委员会亦已于 2006 年对本集团的内部监控系统是否有效进行了年度检讨,有关检讨涵盖所有重要的监控及措施,包括财务、运作及合规、及风险管理功能。通过有关检讨,**稽核委员会确认本集团的内部监控系统能合理地落实各项重大方面的监控措施**,防止严重错漏或损失的发生,保障本集团资产的安全、会计纪录的基本完善及法规的遵循。有关此次检讨的具体内容,可参见下列「内部监控」一节。

此外,稽核委员会参照定期**聘请独立第三者对内部稽核部门进行工作质量评估**的国际最佳做法,于 2006 年内对本银行内部稽核部门进行 了评估工作。**结果显示内部稽核部门已普遍采用了业界公认的做法**,惟仍有改善空间。稽核委员会已采纳有关改善建议,并要求内部稽 核部门按照有关建议进行整改,以进一步提升其效用。

稽核委员会于 2006 年内共召开 6 次会议,平均出席率达 95%,有关董事的出席率详列如下:

董事	出席委员会会议次数	出席率	
单伟建先生 (委员会主席)	6次中出席6次	100%	
周载群先生	6次中出席6次	100%	
冯国经博士	6次中出席5次	83%	
高铭胜先生 ^(注)	4次中出席4次	100%	
董建成先生	6次中出席5次	83%	
童伟鹤先生	6次中出席6次	100%	
杨曹文梅女士	6次中出席6次	100%	

注: 高铭胜先生于 2006 年 3 月 23 日获委任为稽核委员会成员。

提名及薪酬委员会

提名及薪酬委员会现时成员共6名,由2名非执行董事及4名独立非执行董事组成,独立非执行董事占委员会成员的三分之二,委员会主席由副董事长孙昌基先生担任。

该委员会负责协助董事会对本银行及其附属公司在以下方面 (但不仅限于以下方面) 实现监控职责:

- 本集团的人力资源战略和薪酬战略;
- 董事、董事会附属委员会成员、及由董事会不时指定的高级管理人员的筛选和提名;
- 董事和各委员会的结构、规模、组成(包括成员的技能、经验和知识);
- 董事、各委员会成员和高级管理人员的薪酬;及
- 董事会及各委员会的有效性。



提名及薪酬委员会(续)

该委员会于 2006 年内的工作主要包括:

- 审议执行董事及指定高级管理人员 2005 年度的绩效考核结果;
- 审议本集团(含指定高级管理人员)2005年度花红发放方案及2006年度薪酬调整方案;
- 审议 2006 年度本集团主要绩效指标及指定高级管理人员绩效考核指标;
- 审议本集团的中期人力资源策略及执行有关策略的具体行动计划;
- 审议《中银香港高层岗位接班政策》、《高级管理人员的绩效考核办法》、《员工行为守则》、《薪酬架构调整方案》等重要人事政策;
- 组织董事会及各附属委员会的自我评估,汇报及分析评估的结果,并就此向董事会提出建议,以进一步完善董事会及各附属委员会的职能及效益;及
- 处理有关本集团内主要附属公司委任独立非执行董事的事宜。

根据本银行于 2005 年采纳的《**董事薪酬政策》**,提名及薪酬委员会在建议董事会成员的袍金水平时,须参考同类型业务或规模公司的袍金水平,及董事会和附属委员会的工作性质及工作量(包括会议次数及议程内容),以达到合理的补偿水平。**任何董事会成员均不得参与 厘定其个人的特定薪酬待遇**。每位董事于 2006 年度的具体薪酬资料已详列于本年报附注 19。本银行现时的董事袍金水平,包括担任董事会附属委员会成员的额外酬金,载列如下:

董事会:

所有董事 每年 200,000 港元

董事会附属委员会:

主席 每年 100,000 港元 其他委员会成员 每年 50,000 港元

提名及薪酬委员会已获得董事会转授有关职责,**负责厘订全体执行董事及指定高级管理人员的特定薪酬待遇**,包括非金钱利益、退休金权利等。目前,对于执行董事及指定高级管理人员而言,其薪酬主要由基本薪金、酌情花红及其他非金钱福利构成,而其中酌情花红部分将在很大程度上由本集团及该董事或指定高级管理人员当年的表现所决定。提名及薪酬委员会透过参照董事会不时通过的企业目标,检讨及向董事会建议执行董事及指定高级管理人员的年度绩效目标,按照设定的绩效目标对执行董事及指定高级管理人员进行持续考核,并检讨和审批按表现而厘定的薪酬待遇。

在提名及薪酬委员会于 2005 年采纳的「独立非执行董事的提名及委任程序」的基础上,该委员会制定并通过了「集团内主要附属公司独立非执行董事的提名及委任程序」,使各主要附属公司选聘独立非执行董事的程序进一步规范化,从而增加有关提名及委任事宜的透明度。 南商及集友于年内据此分别选聘了合适人选担任其董事会成员。

提名及薪酬委员会于 2006 年内共召开 5 次会议,平均出席率达 93%,有关董事的出席率详列如下:

董事	出席委员会会议次数	出席率
孙昌基先生 (委员会主席)	5次中出席5次	100%
李早航先生	5次中出席5次	100%
冯国经博士	5次中出席3次	60%
单伟建先生	5次中出席5次	100%
董建成先生	5次中出席5次	100%
杨曹文梅女士	5次中出席5次	100%



风险委员会

本银行风险委员会目前成员共 4 名,由 2 名非执行董事及 2 名独立非执行董事组成。为体现最佳公司治理惯例,董事会于 2006 年 3 月委任当时的新任独立非执行董事高铭胜先生担任风险委员会主席。

风险委员会负责协助董事会对本银行及其附属公司在以下方面 (但不仅限于以下方面) 实现监控职责:

建立本集团的风险取向和风险管理战略,确定本集团的风险组合状况;

- 识别、评估、管理本集团不同业务单位面临的重大风险;
- 审查和评估本集团风险管理程式、制度和内部监控的充分性及有效性;
- 审查及监控本集团对风险管理政策、程式、制度及内部监控的遵守情况,包括本集团在开展业务时是否符合审慎、合法及合规的要求:
- 审查和批准本集团高层次的风险管理政策和制度;及
- 审查重大的或高风险的风险承担或交易。

风险委员会在2006年内的主要工作包括:

- 重检风险管理限额;
- 重检《风险管理政策陈述》以及信贷风险、市场风险、操作风险、压力测试等政策;
- 审议通过根据新巴塞尔资本协议在信贷风险及操作风险方面计算最低资本要求的方式,并呈报董事会审批,并审批相关政策;
- 对风险管理架构提出进一步完善的建议;
- 审查重大的或高风险的风险承担或交易;及
- 审阅风险管理报告。

风险委员会于2006年内共召开6次会议,平均出席率达90%,有关董事的出席率详列如下:

董事	出席委员会会议次数	出席率	
肖钢先生 (前委员会主席)	2次中出席2次	100%	
高铭胜先生 (委员会主席) (注)	4次中出席4次	100%	
华庆山先生	6次中出席4次	67%	
张燕玲女士	6次中出席5次	83%	
童伟鹤先生	6次中出席6次	100%	

注: 高铭胜先生于 2006 年 3 月 23 日获委任为风险委员会主席,以代替肖钢先生。

战略及预算委员会

战略及预算委员会目前成员共5名,由2名非执行董事、2名独立非执行董事及本银行总裁暨执行董事组成。主席由独立非执行董事杨曹文梅女士担任。

该委员会负责协助董事会对本银行及其附属公司在以下方面(但不仅限于以下方面)履行职责:

- 审查及监控本集团的长期战略;
- 审查本集团长期战略的制定程序,确保其已充分考虑到适当范围内的备选方案;
- 按照既定的标准监控本集团长期战略的实施情况,向管理层提供战略方面的指引;
- 就本集团主要投资、资本性支出和战略性承诺向董事会提出建议并监控其执行情况;及
- 审查及监控本集团定期/周期性(包括年度)业务计划和财务预算。



战略及预算委员会(续)

战略及预算委员会在本年度指导和监督了管理层对本集团获董事会于2005年通过的2006至2011年业务发展战略的实施,并重点推动制定本集团的重点业务策略,如中国业务、中小企业务、财富管理业务,财资和司库业务。此外,委员会也审查及监控了本集团2006年的财务预算和业务规划的执行情况,并先行审查和向董事会推荐了管理层提交的本集团2007年度财务预算和业务规划。

战略及预算委员会于2006年内共召开5次会议,平均出席率达92%,有关董事的出席率详列如下:

董事	出席委员会会议次数	出席率
杨曹文梅女士 (委员会主席)	5次中出席5次	100%
和广北先生	5次中出席5次	100%
华庆山先生	5次中出席4次	80%
周载群先生	5次中出席4次	80%
童伟鹤先生	5次中出席5次	100%

临时委员会

于年内董事会成立了一个临时资讯科技委员会,目的是从战略角度重检本集团资讯科技策略的个别范畴,以确保本集团的业务发展和战略执行有适当的资讯科技基础予以支持。资讯科技委员会由董建成先生担任主席,成员包括李早航先生、高铭胜先生及童伟鹤先生。该委员会已聘请了一间国际知名的专业顾问公司以协助委员会进行有关重检工作。委员会预期可于2007年上半年完成有关重检工作,并向董事会提交其报告。

董事的证券交易

本银行已采纳实施了一套《董事证券交易守则》以规范董事就本银行证券的交易事项。经就此事专门征询所有董事,彼等均已确认其于 2006年度内严格遵守了前述守则有关条款的规定。

外部审计师

根据董事会于2005年采纳的《外部审计师管理政策》,**稽核委员会**已按该政策内参考国际最佳惯例而制订的原则及标准,**对本集团外部审计师罗兵咸永道会计师事务所的独立性、客观性及其审计程序的有效性作出检讨及监察,并满意有关检讨的结果**。根据稽核委员会的建议,董事会将向股东建议于2007年度股东周年大会上重新委任罗兵咸永道会计师事务所为本集团审计师;倘获股东授权,董事会将授权稽核委员会厘定罗兵咸永道会计师事务所的酬金。

于2006年度,本集团须向罗兵咸永道会计师事务所支付的费用合共3,600万港元,其中2,800万港元为审计费,而800万港元为其他费用。于2005年度,罗兵咸永道会计师事务所所收取的费用合共3,500万港元,其中2,700万港元为审计费,而800万港元为其他服务的费用。

稽核委员会对 2006 年度非审计服务并没有影响到罗兵咸永道会计师事务所的独立性感到满意。2006 年度非审计服务主要包括税务相关的服务(费用约 240 万港元)及尽职调查服务(费用约 490 万港元)。



内部监控

董事会有责任维持本集团的内部监控系统稳健妥善而且有效,以保障本集团的资产。

内部监控系统旨在提供合理(而非绝对)的保证,以防出现严重错漏或损失的情况,并管理(而非完全杜绝)运作系统故障的风险,以 及协助达致本集团的目标。除保障本集团资产安全外,亦确保妥善的会计纪录及遵守有关法例及规定。

本集团自2005年起即开始实施每年对内部监控系统进行检讨,有关检讨工作是以监管机构及专业团体的指引、定义为基础,根据内部监控环境、风险识别、监控措施、资讯与交流及监控机制的五项内部监控元素进行评估,涵盖所有重要的监控及措施,包括财务、运作及合规、及风险管理功能。有关检讨由本集团内部稽核部门统筹,透过管理层及业务部门的自我评估,内部稽核部门对检讨过程及结果进行独立的检查及后评价工作。有关2006年度的检讨结果已向稽核委员会及董事会汇报。

稽核委员会及董事会确认本集团的内部监控系统能合理地落实各项重大方面的监控措施,防止严重错漏或损失的发生,保障本集团资产 的安全、会计纪录的基本完善及法规的遵循。

此外,本集团已基本建立且落实执行各项监控程序及措施,主要包括:

- 建立了相应的组织架构和各级人员的职、权、责,制定书面的政策和程序,对各单位建立了相互牵制的职能分工,合理地保障本集团的各项资产安全,及内部监控措施的执行,并能在合法合规及风险控制方面经营及运作。
- 管理层制定并持续监察本集团的发展策略、业务计划及财务预算的执行情况,并已设置了会计管理制度,提供衡量财务及营运表现的基础。
- 本集团制定了相应的风险管理政策及人力资源管理政策,对各重大风险类别均设既定单位和人员承担职责及处理程式,在风险的识别、评估及管理范畴,包括信誉、策略、法律、合规、信贷、市场、业务操作、流动性、利率等,均发挥了应有的监控功能 (本集团的风险管理管治架构详列于本年报第 212 至第 219 页)。
- 本集团确立的资讯科技管治架构,设有多元化的资讯系统及管理报告,包括各类业务的监察资料、财务资讯、营运表现等,为管理层及业务单位、监管机构等提供衡量及监控的讯息;各单位、层级亦已建立了适当的沟通管道和汇报机制,以确保讯息的交流。
- 本集团的内部稽核部门采用风险为本的评估方法,根据董事会辖下稽核委员会内部审核的年度计划,对财务范畴、各业务领域、各风险类别、职能运作及活动进行独立的检查,直接向稽核委员会提交报告,对须关注的事项及需改善的方面作持续跟进。
- 稽核委员会审阅外部审计师在年度审计中致本集团管理层的报告以及监管机构提出的内部监控建议,并由内部稽核部门持续跟进以确保本集团有计划地实施有关建议,并定期向管理层及稽核委员会报告建议的落实情况。

董事关于财务报告书的责任声明

以下声明应与本年报中审计师报告内的审计师责任声明一并阅读。该声明旨在区别董事及审计师在财务报告书方面的责任。

董事须按香港《公司条例》规定编制真实兼公平之财务报告书。除非并不适宜假设本银行及本集团将继续其业务,否则财务报告书必须 以持续经营基准编制。董事有责任确保本银行存置的会计纪录,可合理准确披露本银行财务状况以及可确保所编制的财务报告书符合香 港《公司条例》的规定。董事亦有责任采取合理可行的步骤,以保护本集团资产,并且防止及揭发欺诈及其他不正常情况。

董事认为于编制载于本年报的财务报告书时,本银行已采用合适的会计政策并贯彻使用,且具有合理及审慎的判断及估计支持,并已遵守所有适用的会计标准。



Corporate Governance

The Bank is **committed to maintaining and upholding good corporate governance** in order to protect the interests of shareholders, customers and staff. The Bank abides strictly by the laws and regulations of the jurisdiction where it operates, and observes the guidelines and rules issued by regulatory authorities such as the Hong Kong Monetary Authority and the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission. It also keeps its corporate governance system under constant review to ensure that it is in line with international and local best practices.

Corporate Governance Framework

The Board is at the core of the Bank's corporate governance framework, and there is clear division of responsibilities between the Board and the Management. The Board is responsible for providing high-level guidance and effective oversight of the Management. Generally, the Board is responsible for:

- · formulating the Group's long-term strategy and monitoring the implementation thereof;
- · reviewing and approving the annual business plan and financial budget;
- · approving the annual, interim and quarterly reports;
- · reviewing and monitoring risk management and internal control;
- · ensuring good corporate governance and effective compliance; and
- · monitoring the performance of the Management.

The Board authorises the Management to execute strategies that have been approved. The Management reports to the Board and is responsible for the day-to-day operation of the Group. The Board has formulated clear written guidelines, which stipulate the circumstances under which the Management should report to and obtain prior approval from the Board before making decisions or entering into any commitments on behalf of the Group. The Board will regularly review these guidelines.

To avoid the concentration of power in any single individual, the **positions of the Chairman and the Chief Executive are held by two different individuals**. Their roles are distinct and are clearly established and stipulated in the Board's Mandate. In short, the Chairman is responsible for ensuring that the Board properly discharges its responsibilities and conforms to good corporate governance practices and procedures. As the Chairman of the Board, he is also responsible for making sure that all Directors are properly briefed on issues arising at the board meetings, and that all Directors receive accurate, timely and clear information. The Chief Executive is responsible for providing leadership for the whole Management and implementing the important policies and development strategies approved by the Board.

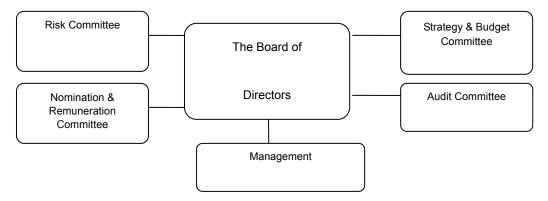
Taking into consideration market practices and international best practices in corporate governance, the Board has established four standing Board Committees to assist it in carrying out its responsibilities. They are the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Risk Committee, and Strategy and Budget Committee. Should the need arise, the Board will authorise an independent board committee comprising all the independent non-executive Directors to review, approve and monitor connected transactions (including the continuing connected transactions) that should be approved by the Board.

Each of the Board Committees has a well-defined mandate. They make recommendations to the Board on relevant matters within their terms of reference, or make decisions under appropriate circumstances in accordance with the power delegated by the Board. A secretarial department is assigned to provide support services to each Board Committee so that it can discharge its responsibilities properly and effectively. The Board and Board Committees will participate in the annual performance appraisal of the secretarial departments to ensure the support services provided by these departments are adequate and of good quality. According to their mandates, the Board and the Board Committees will review and evaluate their respective work process and effectiveness annually, with a view to identifying areas for improvement.



Corporate Governance Framework (continued)

The following chart sets out the Bank's corporate governance framework.



The Bank's corporate website (www.bochk.com) contains detailed information on the Bank's corporate governance principles and framework, the compositions of the Board and Board Committees and a summary of their respective terms of reference, shareholders' rights and the Bank's Fair Disclosure Policy.

Board of Directors

Non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors form the majority of the Board. This structure ensures the independence and objectivity of the Board's decision-making process as well as the thoroughness and impartiality of the Board's oversight of the Management. The Board acts honestly and in good faith in order to maximise long-term shareholder value and fulfill its corporate responsibility to other stakeholders of the Group. Its decisions are made objectively and in the best interests of the Group.

The Board currently has 13 members, comprising six independent non-executive Directors, six non-executive Directors and one executive Director. Mr. Koh Beng Seng was appointed independent non-executive Director with effect from 23 March 2006. Save as disclosed above, there were no other changes to the composition of the Board in 2006 and up to the date of this report.

All Directors possess extensive experience in banking and management, and nearly half of them are independent non-executive Directors, of whom several are experts in financial management. The Board has adopted the "Policy on Independence of Directors", some provisions of which are even more stringent than Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Bank has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of his/her independence by reference to the Policy. On the basis of these confirmations and information available to it, the Bank considers all of them to be independent.

All the existing non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors of the Bank have been appointed for a fixed term, with formal letters of appointment setting out the key terms and conditions of their appointment. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee has established a written and formal process for the appointment of independent non-executive Directors to ensure that the appointment procedures are standardised, thorough and transparent.

There is no relationship (including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship(s)) among the Board members. Messrs. Xiao Gang, Hua Qingshan and Li Zaohang are directors of BOC. Mr. Zhou Zaiqun and Mdm. Zhang Yanling are members of the senior management of BOC. It is expressly provided in the Board's Mandate that, unless permissible under applicable laws or regulations, if a substantial shareholder or Director has a conflict of interest in the matter to be considered by the Board, a Board meeting attended by independent non-executive Directors who have no material interest in the matter shall be held to deliberate on the same.



Board of Directors (continued)

The Bank has arranged for appropriate Directors' Liability Insurance Policy to indemnify the Directors for liabilities arising out of corporate activities. The coverage and the sum insured under the policy are reviewed annually.

To ensure that newly appointed Directors have adequate understanding of the Bank's business and operation, and to enable current Directors to constantly update their skills and knowledge so that they can continue to offer informed advice and contribute to the Board, the Board enforces a **formal system for the initial induction and ongoing professional development of the Directors**. In 2006, the Board invited a distinguished speaker with extensive experience in capital management to share with the Board members the latest development in capital management for banks under Basel II.

Seven Board meetings were held during the year with an average attendance rate of 99%. The meeting schedule had been prepared and approved by the Board in the preceding year. In general, Board agenda and meeting materials are despatched to all Board members for review at least seven days before the meetings. Board agenda is approved by the Chairman following consultation with other Board members and the Management. As a general practice, the Chairman will meet all non-executive Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) in the absence of executive Directors and the Management at least once in a year. This practice has been incorporated in the Working Rules of the Board. Individual attendance records of the Directors in 2006 are set out as follows:

Director	Number of Board meetings attended	Attendance rate
Non-executive Directors		
Mr. XIAO Gang (Chairman)	7 out of 7	100%
Mr. SUN Changji (Vice Chairman)	7 out of 7	100%
Mr. HUA Qingshan	7 out of 7	100%
Mr. LI Zaohang	7 out of 7	100%
Mr. ZHOU Zaiqun	7 out of 7	100%
Mdm. ZHANG Yanling	7 out of 7	100%
Independent Non-executive Directors		
Dr. FUNG Victor Kwok King	7 out of 7	100%
Mr. KOH Beng Seng (Note)	6 out of 6	100%
Mr. SHAN Weijian	6 out of 7	86%
Mr. TUNG Chee Chen	7 out of 7	100%
Mr. TUNG Savio Wai-Hok	7 out of 7	100%
Mdm. YANG Linda Tsao	7 out of 7	100%
Executive Director		
Mr. HE Guangbei (Vice Chairman and Chief Executive)	7 out of 7	100%

Note: Mr. Koh Beng Seng was appointed independent non-executive Director on 23 March 2006.

Apart from formal Board meetings and general meetings, there will also be opportunities for the Board and the Management to interact and communicate on relatively less formal occasions. For example, each year a Board member will be invited to give a talk to the Bank's middle to senior management. In 2006, Mr. Shan Weijian, Chairman of the Audit Committee and an experienced investment banker, was invited to share with the Bank's executives his knowledge and insights on mergers and acquisitions in the banking industry.

An off-site event will be held annually to enhance communication among Board members, and between the Board and the Management. In 2006, the Board went on a trip to Pingyao in Shanxi, the birthplace of China's banking industry. (Note: In the 19th Century, Pingyao was a prominent financial centre of China, tantamount to Asia's Wall Street. The founding and success of Pingyao's money exchange shops was based on effective management and corporate governance which closely resembled certain international best practices nowadays. Most strikingly, ownership was separated from management while internal control was emphasised and a performance-based incentive scheme was practised.)



Audit Committee

The Audit Committee currently has seven members comprising one non-executive Director and all the six independent non-executive Directors. Independent non-executive Directors make up 86% of the Committee members. The Committee is chaired by Mr. Shan Weijian, an independent non-executive Director.

The Committee assists the Board in fulfilling its oversight role over the Bank and its subsidiaries in, among others, the following areas:

- · integrity of financial statements and financial reporting process;
- internal control systems;
- · effectiveness of internal audit function and performance appraisal of the head of internal audit;
- appointment of external auditors and assessment of their qualifications, independence and performance and, with authorisation of the Board, determination of their remuneration;
- periodic review and annual audit of the Bank's and the Group's financial statements;
- · compliance with applicable accounting standards as well as legal and regulatory requirements on financial disclosures; and
- · corporate governance framework of the Group and implementation thereof.

The work performed by the Audit Committee in 2006 included the review and, where applicable, approval of:

- the Bank's Directors' Report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005 that were recommended to the Board for approval;
- the Bank's interim financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2006 that were recommended to the Board for approval;
- the audit report and report on internal control recommendations submitted by the external auditors, and the on-site examination report issued by regulators;
- the re-appointment of external auditors, the audit fees payable to external auditors for the annual audit, interim review and other non-audit services:
- the Group's internal audit plan for 2006 and key areas identified;
- · the deployment of human resources and pay level of the Internal Audit, and the Department's budget for 2006; and
- the 2006 key performance indicators for and 2005 performance appraisal of the Head of Internal Audit.

The "Policy on Staff Reporting of Irregularities" adopted by the Board in 2005 has proved to be effective. Last year, reports on a number of cases were received and handled satisfactorily through the channels and procedures set out in the said Policy.

The Audit Committee conducted an annual review of the effectiveness of the internal control systems of the Group in 2006. This review covered all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls as well as risk management. Upon completion of the review, the Audit Committee considered that the key areas of the Group's internal control systems had been reasonably implemented to prevent material misstatement or loss, safeguard the Group's assets, maintain appropriate accounting records and ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations. For detailed information on this topic, please refer to the "Internal Control" section below



Audit Committee (continued)

In addition, in accordance with international best practices, the Audit Committee engaged an independent third party to conduct a quality assurance review on the Group's internal audit function during the year. The review found that many practices adopted by the Internal Audit Department were in line with the industry. It also came up with some recommendations for further improvement. The Audit Committee agreed to those recommendations and the Internal Audit Department was tasked to implement necessary measures in that regard to further enhance the effectiveness of the Group's internal audit function.

Six Audit Committee meetings were held during the year with an average attendance rate of 95%. Individual attendance records of the relevant Directors are set out as follows:

Director	Number of committee meetings attended	Attendance rate
Mr. SHAN Weijian (Chairman)	6 out of 6	100%
Mr. ZHOU Zaiqun	6 out of 6	100%
Dr. FUNG Victor Kwok King	5 out of 6	83%
Mr. KOH Beng Seng (Note)	4 out of 4	100%
Mr. TUNG Chee Chen	5 out of 6	83%
Mr. TUNG Savio Wai-Hok	6 out of 6	100%
Mdm. YANG Linda Tsao	6 out of 6	100%

Note: Mr. Koh Beng Seng was appointed a member of the Audit Committee on 23 March 2006.

Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee currently has six members comprising two non-executive Directors and four independent non-executive Directors. The independent non-executive Directors represent two-thirds of the Committee members. The Committee is chaired by Mr. Sun Changji, Vice-chairman of the Board.

The Committee assists the Board in fulfilling its oversight role over the Bank and its subsidiaries in, among others, the following areas:

- overall human resources and remuneration strategies of the Group;
- selection and nomination of Directors, Board Committee members and certain senior executives as designated by the Board from time to time;
- · structure, size and composition (including skills, experience and knowledge) of Directors and Board Committee members;
- · remuneration of Directors, Board Committee members and senior management; and
- · effectiveness of the Board and Board Committees.

The work performed by the Committee in 2006 included the review and, where applicable, approval of:

- performance appraisal of the executive Director and designated senior executives for year 2005;
- proposal on staff bonus for year 2005 and salary adjustment for year 2006 for the Group, including the designated senior executives:
- · key performance indicators of the Group and the designated senior executives for year 2006;
- · medium-term human resources strategies of the Group and the action plan for implementing these strategies;
- important human resources policies such as the "Succession Policy for the Senior Positions of BOCHK", the "Performance Evaluation Method for the Executives Directly Supervised by the Board", "Staff Code of Conduct", the "Reform of Compensation Structure" and so on;



Nomination and Remuneration Committee (continued)

- reports on self-evaluation of the Board and Board Committees, which were organised and analysed by the Committee. The
 Committee also made recommendations to the Board regarding the results of the self-evaluation, with a view to further
 enhancing the role and effectiveness of the Board and Board Committees; and
- matters relating to the appointment of independent non-executive Directors to the boards of certain major subsidiaries of the Group.

Pursuant to the "Policy on Directors' Remuneration" adopted by the Bank in 2005, in recommending the remuneration of Directors, the Committee makes reference to companies of comparable business type or scale, and the nature and quantity of work at both Board and Board Committee levels (including frequency of meetings and nature of agenda items) in order to compensate Directors reasonably for their time and efforts spent. No individual Director is allowed to participate in the procedures for deciding his/her individual remuneration package. Information relating to the remuneration of each Director for 2006 is set out in Note 19 of the 2006 Annual Report. The present scale of Director's fees, including additional fees for membership of Board Committees, is given below:

Board of Directors:

All Directors HK\$200,000 p.a.

Board Committees:

Chairman HK\$100,000 p.a.

Other Committee members HK\$50,000 p.a.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee also has the delegated responsibility to determine the specific remuneration packages of the executive Director and designated senior executives, including benefits in kind, pension rights, etc. Currently the principal components of the Bank's remuneration packages for the executive Director and designated senior executives include basic salary, discretionary bonus and other benefits in kind. A significant portion of the executive Director's or designated senior executives' discretionary bonus is based on the Group's and the individual's performance during the year. The Committee reviews and recommends to the Board the annual performance targets for the executive Director and designated senior executives by reference to the corporate goals and objectives approved by the Board from time to time. The Committee also reviews the performance of the executive Director and designated senior executives against the targets set on an ongoing basis, and reviews and approves their specific performance-based remuneration.

Based on the "Procedures for the Nomination and Appointment of Independent Non-executive Directors of the Bank" adopted by the Committee in 2005, the Committee reviewed and approved the "Procedures for the Nomination and Appointment of Independent Non-executive Directors for major subsidiaries in the Group", thus further formalising the procedures for the nomination and appointment of independent non-executive directors of the major subsidiaries and enhancing the transparency of the same. Pursuant to such procedures, appropriate candidates were identified and appointed as independent non-executive directors to the boards of Nanyang and Chiyu respectively in 2006.

Five Nomination and Remuneration Committee meetings were held during the year with an average attendance rate of 93%. Individual attendance records of the relevant Directors are set out as follows:

Director	Number of committee meetings attended	Attendance rate
Mr. SUN Changji (Chairman)	5 out of 5	100%
Mr. LI Zaohang	5 out of 5	100%
Dr. FUNG Victor Kwok King	3 out of 5	60%
Mr. SHAN Weijian	5 out of 5	100%
Mr. TUNG Chee Chen	5 out of 5	100%
Mdm. YANG Linda Tsao	5 out of 5	100%



Risk Committee

The Risk Committee currently has four members, of whom two are non-executive Directors and two are independent non-executive Directors. To be in line with the best corporate governance practices, in March 2006, the Board appointed Mr. Koh Beng Seng, the then newly appointed independent non-executive Director, as the Chairman of the Risk Committee.

The Committee assists the Board in fulfilling its oversight role over the Bank and its subsidiaries in, among others, the following areas:

- · formulation of the risk appetite and risk management strategy of the Group, and determination of the Group's risk profile;
- · identification, assessment and management of material risks faced by the various business units of the Group;
- · review and assessment of the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management process, system and internal control;
- review and monitoring of the Group's compliance with the risk management policies, process, system and internal control, including the Group's compliance with requirements of prudence and laws and regulations in business development;
- · review and approval of high-level risk-related policies of the Group; and
- · review of significant or high risk exposures and transactions.

The work performed by the Committee in 2006 included the following:

- · review of risk management limits;
- review of Risk Management Policy Statement, and a range of risk management policies covering credit risk, market risk, operational risk and stress testing;
- review and recommendation to the Board of the proposed approach to calculate minimum capital charge for credit and operational risks under Basel II, and the approval of the policies relating thereto;
- · recommendations to the Board for further enhancing the Group's risk management framework and structure;
- review of significant or high risk exposures and transactions; and
- review of periodic risk management reports.

Six Risk Committee meetings were held during the year with an average attendance rate of 90%. Individual attendance records of the relevant Directors are set out as follows:

Director	Number of committee meetings attended	Attendance rate
Mr. XIAO Gang (former Chairman) (Note)	2 out of 2	100%
Mr. KOH Beng Seng (Chairman) (Note)	4 out of 4	100%
Mr. HUA Qingshan	4 out of 6	67%
Mdm. ZHANG Yanling	5 out of 6	83%
Mr. TUNG Savio Wai-Hok	6 out of 6	100%

Note: Mr. Koh Beng Seng was appointed as the Chairman of the Risk Committee in the place of Mr. Xiao Gang with effect from 23 March 2006.

Strategy and Budget Committee

The Strategy and Budget Committee currently comprises five members, of whom two are non-executive Directors, two are independent non-executive Directors, and one is the Chief Executive and executive Director. The Committee is chaired by Mdm. Linda Tsao Yang, an independent non-executive Director.



Strategy and Budget Committee (continued)

The Committee assists the Board in fulfilling its oversight role over the Bank and its subsidiaries in, among others, the following areas:

- review and monitoring of the Group's long term strategy;
- review of the process for formulating the Group's long term strategy to ensure that it is sufficiently robust to take into account the appropriate range of alternatives;
- monitoring of the implementation of the Group's long term strategy through agreed metrics and offering of strategic guidance to the Management;
- making of recommendations to the Board on the major investments, capital expenditure and strategic commitments of the Group
 and monitoring of the implementation of the same; and
- · review and monitoring of the Group's regular/periodic (including annual) business plan and financial budget.

During the year, the Strategy and Budget Committee guided and monitored the Management's implementation of the Group's 2006-2011 Strategic Plan as approved by the Board in 2005. The Committee also played a prominent role in driving the formulation of the Group's key business strategies, including those for the development of China business, SME business, wealth management business, global market business and treasury business. The Committee monitored the implementation of the Group's budget and business plan for 2006. In planning for 2007, the Committee reviewed and endorsed the Group's 2007 financial budget and business plan, and recommended the same to the Board for approval.

Five Strategy and Budget Committee meetings were held during the year with an average attendance rate of 92%. Individual attendance records of the relevant Directors are set out as follows:

Director	Number of committee meetings attended	Attendance rate
Mdm. YANG Linda Tsao (Chairlady)	5 out of 5	100%
Mr. HE Guangbei	5 out of 5	100%
Mr. HUA Qingshan	4 out of 5	80%
Mr. ZHOU Zaiqun	4 out of 5	80%
Mr. TUNG Savio Wai-Hok	5 out of 5	100%

Ad Hoc Committee

The Board established an ad hoc IT Committee during the year to conduct a high level review of specified aspects of the Group's IT strategies to ensure that the Group's business and the implementation of its business strategy is/will be supported by appropriate IT. The Committee is chaired by Mr. Tung Chee Chen and members of the Committee comprise of Mr. Li Zaohang, Mr. Koh Beng Seng and Mr. Tung Savio Wai-hok. A reputable international consultant has been engaged to assist the Committee in its review. The Committee expects to conclude its review and submit a final report to the Board in the first half of 2007.

Directors' Securities Transactions

The Bank has adopted the "Code for Securities Transactions by Directors" to govern securities transactions by Directors. The Bank had made specific enquiry of all Directors, who confirmed that they had complied with the standards set out in the said Code throughout year 2006.



External Auditors

Pursuant to the "Policy on External Auditors" approved by the Board in 2005, the **Audit Committee** reviewed and monitored and **was satisfied with the independence and objectivity of PricewaterhouseCoopers**, the Group's external auditors, **and the effectiveness of their audit procedures**, based on the principles and standards set out in the policy that were in line with international best practices. Upon the recommendation of the Audit Committee, the Board will propose that PricewaterhouseCoopers be re-appointed as auditors of the Group at the Bank's 2007 annual general meeting. Subject to authorisation by the shareholders, the Board will authorise the Audit Committee to determine the remuneration of PricewaterhouseCoopers.

For 2006, the fee charged by PricewaterhouseCoopers was HK\$36 million, of which HK\$28 million was for audit services and HK\$8 million was related to other services. For 2005, the fee charged by PricewaterhouseCoopers was HK\$35 million, of which HK\$27 million was for audit services and HK\$8 million related to other services.

The Audit Committee was satisfied that the non-audit services did not affect the independence of PricewaterhouseCoopers. The non-audit service fees paid to PricewaterhouseCoopers in 2006 comprised mainly the tax-related services fee of HK\$2.4 million and the due diligence fee of HK\$4.9 million.

Internal Control

The Board has the responsibility to ensure that the Group maintains sound and effective internal controls to safeguard the Group's assets.

The internal control system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss; to manage rather than completely eliminate the risk of system failure; and to assist in the achievement of the Group's objectives. In addition to safeguarding the Group's assets, it also ensures the maintenance of proper accounting records and compliance with relevant laws and regulations.

Starting from 2005, the Group conducts an annual review of the effectiveness of its internal control systems covering all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls as well as risk management. The review is conducted by making reference to the guidelines and definitions given by the regulatory and professional bodies for the purpose of assessing five different internal control elements, namely, the control environment, risk assessment, control activities, information and communication, and monitoring. The assessment covers all the major internal controls and measures, including financial, operational and compliance controls as well as risk management functions. The annual review is coordinated by the Group's Internal Audit, which, after the Management and various business departments have performed their self-assessment, will carry out an independent examination and other post-assessment work on the review process and results. The results of the 2006 review have been reported to the Audit Committee and the Board.

The Audit Committee and the Board considered that the key areas of the Group's internal control systems were reasonably implemented to prevent material misstatement or loss, safeguard the Group's assets, maintain appropriate accounting records and ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations.



Internal Control (continued)

The key procedures that the Group has essentially established and implemented to provide internal controls are summarised as follows:

- With a management that functions under a rational organisational structure and whose authority and responsibility are clearly
 delineated, the Group has formulated policies and procedures to ensure reasonable checks and balances for all the operating
 units, reasonable safeguard for the Group's assets, the implementation of internal controls and adherence to relevant laws and
 regulations and risk management in its operations.
- The Management draws up and continuously monitors the implementation of the Group's strategies, business plans and financial budgets. The accounting and management systems that are in place provide the basis for evaluating financial and operational performance.
- The Group has various risk management and human resources policies. There are specific units and personnel that are responsible for identifying, assessing and managing all the major risks. These include reputation, strategic, legal, compliance, credit, market, operational, liquidity and interest rate risks. (The Group's risk management governance structure is given on page 212 to page 219 in this Annual Report.)
- The Group has established an information technology governance structure that produces a range of reports on information systems and management, including information on the monitoring of various business units, financial information and operating performance. Such information facilitates the Management, business units and the regulatory bodies in assessing and monitoring the Group's operation and performance. Proper communication channels and reporting mechanisms are in place at various business units and levels to facilitate exchange of information.
- Pursuant to a risk-based approach and in accordance with the internal audit plan approved by the Audit Committee, the Group's
 Internal Audit conducts independent reviews on such aspects as financial activities, various business units, various kinds of risks,
 operations and activities. Audit reports are submitted directly to the Audit Committee. Internal Audit will closely follow up on the
 items that require attention and put forward recommendations for improvement.
- The Audit Committee reviews the reports submitted by external auditors to the Group's Management in connection with the
 annual audit as well as the recommendations made by regulatory bodies on internal control. Internal Audit will follow up on the
 same to ensure timely implementation of the recommendations, and will also periodically report the status of the implementation
 to the Management and the Audit Committee.

Directors' Responsibility Statement in relation to Financial Statements

The following statement should be read in conjunction with the auditors' statement of their responsibilities as set out in the auditors' report contained in this Annual Report. The statement is made with a view to distinguishing for shareholders the respective responsibilities of the Directors and of the auditors in relation to the financial statements.

The Directors are required by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance to prepare financial statements, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Bank. The financial statements should be prepared on a going concern basis unless it is not appropriate to do so. The Directors have responsibility for ensuring that the Bank keeps accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Bank and which enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. The Directors also have general responsibilities for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors consider that in preparing the financial statements contained in this Annual Report, the Bank has adopted appropriate accounting policies which have been consistently applied with the support of reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates, and that all accounting standards which they consider to be applicable have been followed.



独立审计师报告 致中国银行(香港)有限公司股东

(于香港注册成立的有限公司)

本审计师(以下简称「我们」)已审核列载于第 29 至 202 页中国银行(香港)有限公司的综合财务报表,此综合财务报表包括于二零零六年十二月三十一日贵银行及贵集团的资产负债表与截至该日止年度的综合收益表、贵银行及贵集团的权益变动表和综合现金流量表,以及重大会计政策摘要及其他附注解释。

董事就财务报表须承担的责任

董事须负责根据香港会计师公会颁布的香港财务报告准则及香港《公司条例》编制及真实而公平地列报该等财务报表。这责任包括设计、实施及维护与编制及真实而公平地列报财务报表相关的内部控制,以使财务报表不存在由于欺诈或错误而导致的重大错误陈述;选择和应用适当的会计政策;及按情况下作出合理的会计估计。

审计师的责任

我们的责任是根据我们的审核对该等财务报表作出意见并按照香港《公司条例》第 141 条仅向整体股东报告,除此之外本报告别无其他目的。我们不会就本报告的内容向任何其他人士负上或承担任何责任。

我们已根据香港会计师公会颁布的香港审计准则进行审核。这些准则要求我们遵守道德规范,并规划及执行审核,以合理确定此等财务报表是否不存有任何重大错误陈述。

审核涉及执行程序以获取有关财务报表所载金额及披露资料的审核凭证。所选定的程序取决于审计师的判断,包括评估由于欺诈或错误而导致财务报表存有重大错误陈述的风险。在评估该等风险时,审计师考虑与该公司编制及真实而公平地列报财务报表相关的内部控制,以设计适当的审核程序,但并非为对公司的内部控制的效能发表意见。审核亦包括评价董事所采用的会计政策的合适性及所作出的会计估计的合理性,以及评价财务报表的整体列报方式。

我们相信,我们所获得的审核凭证是充足和适当地为我们的审核意见提供基础。

意见

我们认为,该等综合财务报表已根据香港财务报告准则真实而公平地反映贵银行及贵集团于二零零六年十二月三十一日的事务状况及贵集团截至该日止年度的利润及现金流量,并已按照香港《公司条例》妥为编制。

罗兵咸永道会计师事务所

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执业会计师

香港, 2007年3月22日



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF BANK OF CHINA (HONG KONG) LIMITED

(incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited (the "Bank") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 29 to 202, which comprise the consolidated and Bank balance sheets as at 31 December 2006, and the consolidated income statement, statements of changes in equity of the Bank and the Group and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Directors' responsibility for the financial statements

The directors of the Bank are responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and the true and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 141 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and true and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Bank and the Group's affairs as at 31 December 2006 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Certified Public Accountants

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Hong Kong, 22 March 2007



综合收益账

Consolidated Income Statement

截至 12 月 31 日止年度

For the year ended 31 December

		附注		
		Notes	2006	2005
			港币百万元	港币百万元
			HK\$'m	HK\$'m
利息收入	Interest income		39,856	25,875
利息支出	Interest expense		(24,571)	(13,106)
净利息收入	Net interest income	5	15,285	12,769
服务费及佣金收入	Fees and commission income		5,186	4,110
服务费及佣金支出	Fees and commission expenses		(1,259)	(1,055)
净服务费及佣金收入	Net fees and commission income	6	3,927	3,055
净交易性收入	Net trading income	7	1,467	1,755
证券投资之净亏损	Net loss on investments in securities	8	(5)	(96)
其他经营收入	Other operating income	9	326	485
提取贷款减值准备前之总经营	Total operating income before loan			
收入	impairment allowances		21,000	17,968
贷款减值准备拨回	Reversal of loan impairment allowances	10	1,790	2,645
净经营收入	Net operating income		22,790	20,613
经营支出	Operating expenses	11	(6,495)	(5,730)
经营溢利	Operating profit		16,295	14,883
出售/重估物业、厂房及设备之	Net (loss)/gain from disposal/revaluation of			
净(亏损)/收益	properties, plant and equipment	12	(12)	84
出售 / 公平值调整投资物业之	Net gain from disposal of/fair value adjustmen			
净收益	on investment properties	13	605	1,396
应占联营公司之溢利扣减亏损	Share of profits less losses of associates		5	4
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation		16,893	16,367
税项	Taxation	14	(2,858)	(2,711)
年度溢利	Profit for the year	_	14,035	13,656
应占溢利:	Attributable to:			
本银行股东权益	Equity holders of the Bank	15	13,844	13,492
少数股东权益	Minority interests		191	164
			14,035	13,656
股息	Dividends	16	9,298	8,264
AK IEI	Dividends		3,230	0,204

第 37 页至第 202 页之附注属本财务报表之组 The notes on pages 37 to 202 are an integral part of these financial statements. 成部分。



綜合資產負債表

Consolidated Balance Sheet

于12月31日

As at 31 December

1 12/101 日	A3 at 31 December			
		附注		
		Notes	2006	2005
			港币百万元	港币百万元
			HK\$'m	HK\$'m
资产	ASSETS			
库存现金及在银行及其他金融机	Cash and balances with banks and other financial			
构的结余	institutions	20	30,973	30,703
银行及其他金融机构存款	Placements with banks and other financial institutions	21	130,636	125,662
交易性证券及公平值变化计入损	Trading securities and other financial instruments at			
益的其他金融资产	fair value through profit or loss	23	13,194	12,009
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	24	7,393	5,184
香港特别行政区政府负债证明书	Hong Kong SAR Government certificates of			
	indebtedness		34,750	32,630
贷款及其他账项	Advances and other accounts	25	352,844	338,394
证券投资	Investment in securities			
- 可供出售证券	- Available-for-sale securities	27	100,389	52,243
- 持有至到期日证券	- Held-to-maturity securities	28	165,588	178,521
- 贷款及应收款	- Loans and receivables	29	36,114	13,080
联营公司权益	Interests in associates	31	60	61
物业、厂房及设备	Properties, plant and equipment	32	19,735	18,316
投资物业	Investment properties	33	7,481	7,539
递延税项资产	Deferred tax assets	39	2	4
其他资产	Other assets	34	14,630	7,755
资产总额	Total assets	-	913,789	822,101
页) 心 t吹	Total assets	=	313,703	022,101
负债	LIABILITIES			
香港特别行政区流通纸币	Hong Kong SAR currency notes in circulation	35	34,750	32,630
银行及其他金融机构之存款及结	Deposits and balances of banks and other financial			
余	institutions		49,034	40,655
交易性负债及公平值变化计入损	Trading liabilities and other financial instruments at fair			
益的其他金融工具	value through profit or loss	36	12,629	7,924
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	24	4,052	4,193
客户存款	Deposits from customers	37	695,616	633,100
发行之存款证	Certificates of deposit issued			
- 按公平值变化计入损益	- at fair value through profit or loss		2,498	3,829
- 按摊销成本	- at amortised cost		-	136
本年税项负债	Current tax liabilities		1,128	889
递延税项负债	Deferred tax liabilities	39	3,391	3,055
其他账项及准备	Other accounts and provisions	40	30,271	20,865
负债总额	Total liabilities	<u>.</u>	833,369	747,276



综合资产负债表(续) Consolidated Balance Sheet (continued)

于 12 月 31 日 As at 31 December

		附注		
		Notes	2006	2005
			港币百万元	港币百万元
			HK\$'m	HK\$'m
资本	EQUITY			
股本	Share capital	41	43,043	43,043
储备	Reserves	42	35,958	30,484
本银行股东应占股本和储备	Capital and reserves attributable to the equity holders			
	of the Bank		79,001	73,527
少数股东权益	Minority interests		1,419	1,298
资本总额	Total equity		80,420	74,825
负债及资本总额	Total liabilities and equity	:	913,789	822,101

第 37 页至第 202 页之附注属本财务报表之组 The notes on pages 37 to 202 are an integral part of these financial statements. 成部分。

经董事会于 2007 年 3 月 22 日通 Approved by the Board of Directors on 22 March 2007 and signed on behalf of the Board by: 过核准并由以下人士代表签署:

孙昌基

SUN Changji

A WH

肖钢 XIAO Gang

董事 Director 董事 Director

加速上

和广北 HE Guangbei 李永鸿 LEE Wing Hung

董事 Director 财务总监 Chief Financial Officer



资产负债表

Balance Sheet

于12月31日

As at 31 December

		附注		
		Notes	2006	2005
			港币百万元	港币百万元
			HK\$'m	HK\$'m
资产	ASSETS			
库存现金及在银行及其他金融机	Cash and balances with banks and other financial	20	20.250	20,400
构的结余	institutions	20	29,356	29,406
银行及其他金融机构存款	Placements with banks and other financial institutions	21	93,876	89,478
交易性证券及公平值变化计入损	Trading securities and other financial instruments at	22	40 540	0.240
益的其他金融资产	fair value through profit or loss	23 24	10,548	9,349
衍生金融工具 香港特別(全球反政府名集工服業)	Derivative financial instruments	24	7,092	4,818
香港特别行政区政府负债证明书	Hong Kong SAR Government certificates of indebtedness		34,750	32,630
贷款及其他账项	Advances and other accounts	25	293,296	281,842
证券投资	Investment in securities	23	293,290	201,042
- 可供出售证券	- Available-for-sale securities	27	97,514	50,119
- 持有至到期日证券		28	•	158,571
- 衍有主到朔口证分 - 贷款及应收款	 Held-to-maturity securities Loans and receivables 	29	146,473 30,750	8,414
	Interests in subsidiaries	30	•	•
附属公司权益 联营公司权益	Interests in associates	31	12,857 26	12,904 28
物业、厂房及设备	Properties, plant and equipment	32	15,258	13,900
投资物业	Investment properties	33	6,992	6,920
其他资产	Other assets	34	14,095	8,457
资产总额	Total assets	-	792,883	706,836
负债	LIABILITIES			
香港特别行政区流通纸币	Hong Kong SAR currency notes in circulation	35	34,750	32,630
银行及其他金融机构之存款及结	Deposits and balances of banks and other financial			
余	institutions		47,970	40,054
交易性负债及公平值变化计入损	Trading liabilities and other financial instruments at fair			
益的其他金融工具	value through profit or loss	36	9,111	4,343
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	24	3,854	3,899
客户存款	Deposits from customers	37	593,850	535,256
发行之存款证	Certificates of deposit issued			
- 按公平值变化计入损益	- at fair value through profit or loss		2,062	2,975
本年税项负债	Current tax liabilities		921	710
递延税项负债	Deferred tax liabilities	39	2,850	2,517
其他账项及准备	Other accounts and provisions	40	24,995	16,261
负债总额	Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	720,363	638,645



资产负债表(续) Balance Sheet (continued)

于 12 月 31 日 As at 31 December

		附注		
		Notes	2006	2005
			港币百万元	港币百万元
			HK\$'m	HK\$'m
资本	EQUITY			
股本	Share capital	41	43,043	43,043
储备	Reserves	42	29,477	25,148
本银行股东应占股本和储备	Capital and reserves attributable to the equity holders			
	of the Bank		72,520	68,191
负债及资本总额	Total liabilities and equity		792,883	706,836

第 37 页至第 202 页之附注属本财务报表之组 The notes on pages 37 to 202 are an integral part of these financial statements. 成部分。

经董事会于 2007 年 3 月 22 日通过 Approved by the Board of Directors on 22 March 2007 and signed on behalf of the Board by: 核准并由以下人士代表签署:

孙昌基

李永鸿

SUN Changji

LEE Wing Hung

Director

A THAT

肖钢 XIAO Gang

董事 Director 董事

1 1 2

和广北 HE Guangbei

董事 Director 财务总监 Chief Financial Officer



综合权益变动结算表 Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

归属于本银行股东

		Attributable to equity holders of the Bank								
		股本 Share capital	房产 重估储备 Premises revaluation reserve	可供出售 证券公平值 变动储备 Reserve for fair value changes of available-for -sale securities	法定储备* Regulatory reserve*	换算储备 Translation reserve	留存盈利 Retained earnings	总计 Total	少数股东 权益 Minority interests	资本总额 Total equity
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
于2005年1月1日	At 1 January 2005	43,043	2,653	-	3,410	(5)	16,728	65,829	1,276	67,105
年度之净溢利	Net profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	13,492	13,492	164	13,656
货币换算差额	Currency translation difference	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1
2004 年中期股息	2004 interim dividend	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(55)	(55)
2005年中期股息	2005 interim dividend	-	-	-	-	-	(8,264)	(8,264)	(111)	(8,375)
房产重估 因房产出售之转拨	Revaluation of premises Release upon disposal of	-	3,287	-	-	-	-	3,287	29	3,316
可供出售证券之公平值变化	premises Change in fair value of	-	(269)	-	-	-	269	-	-	-
计入股东权益 由可供出售证券转至持有至 到期日证券产生之摊销	available-for-sale securities taken to equity Amortisation with respect to available-for-sale securities transferred to held-to-maturity	-	-	(293)	-	-	-	(293)	-	(293)
因撤销确认可供出售证券之 储备转拨	securities Release of reserve upon derecognition of	-	-	5	-	-	(33)	(28)	-	(28)
由股东权益(计入)/ 贷记	available-for-sale securities Release (to)/from deferred tax	-	-	-	-	-	(34)	(34)	-	(34)
递延税项负债 留存盈利转拨	liabilities Transfer from retained earnings	-	(506)	43	-	-	-	(463)	(5)	(468)
田北州小村村以	Transier nom retained earnings				116		(116)			
于 2005 年 12 月 31 日	At 31 December 2005	43,043	5,165	(245)	3,526	(4)	22,042	73,527	1,298	74,825
本银行及附属公司	Bank and subsidiaries	43,043	5,165	(245)	3,526	(4)	22,071	73,556		
联营公司	Associates						(29)	(29)		
		43,043	5,165	(245)	3,526	(4)	22,042	73,527		
工 2006 年 4 日 4 日	414.1								4 000	- 4.00-
于 2006 年 1 月 1 日 年度之浄溢利	At 1 January 2006	43,043	5,165	(245)	3,526	(4)	22,042	73,527	1,298	74,825
华及之伊温州 货币换算差额	Net profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	13,844	13,844	191	14,035
2006年中期股息	Currency translation difference	-	-	-	-	4	(0.208)	(0.200)	(70)	(0.269)
房产重估	2006 interim dividend Revaluation of premises	-	1,209	-	-		(9,298)	(9,298) 1,209	(70)	(9,368) 1,209
因房产出售之转拨	Release upon disposal of premises	_	(55)	-	_	_	55	1,203		1,203
可供出售证券之公平值变化 计入股东权益	Change in fair value of available-for-sale securities		(00)				00			
由可供出售证券转至持有至 到期日证券产生之摊销	taken to equity Amortisation with respect to available-for-sale securities transferred to held-to-maturity	-	-	99	-	-	-	99	-	99
因撤销确认可供出售证券之 储备转拨	securities Release of reserve upon derecognition of	-	-	50	-	-	(247)	(197)	-	(197)
由股东权益计入递延税项负	available-for-sale securities Release to deferred tax liabilities	-	-	(1)	-	-	(3)	(4)	-	(4)
债 网友及到结果	Transfer from estate at a	-	(165)	(18)	-	-	-	(183)	-	(183)
留存盈利转拨	Transfer from retained earnings				95	 -	(95)			
于 2006 年 12 月 31 日	At 31 December 2006	43,043	6,154	(115)	3,621		26,298	79,001	1,419	80,420
本银行及附属公司	Bank and subsidiaries	43,043	6,154	(115)	3,621	-	26,282	78,985		
联营公司	Associates	<u> </u>					16	16		
		43,043	6,154	(115)	3,621		26,298	79,001		

^{*} 除按香港会计准则第39号对贷款提取减值准备 外,按金管局要求拨转部分留存盈利至法定储备 用作银行一般风险之用(包括未来损失或其他不 可预期风险)。

第 37 页至第 202 页之附注属本财务报表之组成 The notes on pages 37 to 202 are an integral part of these financial statements. 部分

^{*} 除孩香港会计准则第 39 号对贷款提取减值准备 * In accordance with the requirements of the HKMA, the amounts are set aside for general banking risks, including future losses or other 外,按金管局要求拨转部分留存盈利至法定储备 unforeseeable risks, in addition to the loan impairment allowances recognised under HKAS 39.



权益变动结算表

Statement of Changes in Equity

归属于本银行股东

	<u>-</u>	Attributable to equity holders of the Bank					
				可供出售			
				证券公平值			
				变动储备			
				Reserve for			
			房产	fair value			
			重估储备	changes of			
		股本	Premises	available-for	法定储备*	留存盈利	资本总额
		Share	revaluation	-sale	Regulatory	Retained	Total
		capital	reserve	securities	reserve*	earnings	equity
	-	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
于 2005 年 1 月 1 日	At 1 January 2005	43,043	1,762	-	2,851	14,210	61,866
年度之净溢利	Net profit for the year	-	-	-	-	12,778	12,778
2005 年中期股息	2005 interim dividend	-	-	-	-	(8,264)	(8,264)
房产重估	Revaluation of premises	-	2,519	-	-	-	2,519
因房产出售之转拨	Release upon disposal of premises	-	(41)	-	-	41	-
可供出售证券之公平值变化计入	Change in fair value of available-for-sale						
股东权益	securities taken to equity	-	-	(265)	-	-	(265)
由可供出售证券转至持有至到期	Amortisation with respect to						
日证券产生之摊销	available-for-sale securities transferred to						
	held-to-maturity securities	-	-	5	-	(31)	(26)
因撤销确认可供出售证券之储备	Release of reserve upon derecognition of						
转拨	available-for-sale securities	-	-	-	-	(33)	(33)
由股东权益(计入)/ 贷记递延	Release (to)/from deferred tax liabilities						
税项负债		-	(422)	38	-	-	(384)
留存盈利转拨	Transfer from retained earnings				130	(130)	-
于 2005 年 12 月 31 日	At 31 December 2005	43,043	3,818	(222)	2,981	18,571	68,191
于 2006 年 1 月 1 日	At 1 January 2006	43,043	3,818	(222)	2,981	18,571	68,191
年度之净溢利	Net profit for the year	-	-	-	-	12,839	12,839
2006 年中期股息	2006 interim dividend	-	-	-	-	(9,298)	(9,298)
房产重估	Revaluation of premises	-	1,081	-	-	-	1,081
因房产出售之转拨	Release upon disposal of premises	-	(53)	-	-	53	-
可供出售证券之公平值变化计入	Change in fair value of available-for-sale						
股东权益	securities taken to equity	-	-	86	-	-	86
由可供出售证券转至持有至到期	Amortisation with respect to						
日证券产生之摊销	available-for-sale securities transferred to						
	held-to-maturity securities	-	-	40	-	(222)	(182)
由股东权益计入递延税项负债	Release to deferred tax liabilities	-	(183)	(14)	-	-	(197)
留存盈利转拨	Transfer from retained earnings	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		77	(77)	<u> </u>
于 2006 年 12 月 31 日	At 31 December 2006	43,043	4,663	(110)	3,058	21,866	72,520

值准备外,按金管局要求拨转部分留存盈 利至法定储备用作银行一般风险之用(包 括未来损失或其他不可预期风险)。

第 37 页至第 202 页之附注属本财务报表之组 The notes on pages 37 to 202 are an integral part of these financial statements. 成部分。

^{*} 除按香港会计准则第 39 号对贷款提取减 * In accordance with the requirements of the HKMA, the amounts are set aside for general banking risks, including future losses or other unforeseeable risks, in addition to the loan impairment allowances recognised under HKAS



综合现金流量表 Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

截至 12 月 31 日止年度 For the year ended 31 December

献王 · 7 0 · 日正十尺	Tor the year chaca of December			
		附注		
	<u>-</u>	Notes	2006	2005
			港币百万元	港币百万元
			HK\$'m	HK\$'m
经营业务之现金流量	Cash flows from operating activities			
除税前经营现金之流入	Operating cash inflow before taxation	43(a)	7,682	28,626
支付香港利得税	Hong Kong profits tax paid	()	(2,409)	(2,342)
支付海外利得税	Overseas profits tax paid		(55)	(32)
经营业务之现金流入净额	Net cash inflow from operating activities		5,218	26,252
		_		
投资业务之现金流量	Cash flows from investing activities			
购入物业、厂房及设备	Purchase of properties, plant and			
	equipment		(736)	(569)
出售物业、厂房及设备所得款项	Proceeds from disposal of properties, plant			
II. At LII Verila, II. PT AI the T	and equipment		34	505
出售投资物业所得款项	Proceeds from disposal of investment properties		473	270
出售附属公司所得款项	Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries		-	61
联营公司出售 / 清盘所得款项	Proceeds from disposal/dissolution of			
	associates		2	6
收取联营公司股息	Dividends received from an associate		4	3
投资业务之现金(流出) / 流入净额	Net cash (outflow)/inflow from investing			
CATTO CATTO CALLE CALLED A MILE CALL	activities		(223)	276
		_		
融资业务之现金流量	Cash flows from financing activities			
支付本银行股东股息	Dividends paid to equity holders of the Bank		(4,563)	(6,456)
支付少数股东股息	Dividends paid to minority shareholders	_	(70)	(166)
融资业务之现金流出净额	Net cash outflow from financing activities		(4,633)	(6,622)
现金及等同现金项目增加	Increase in cash and cash equivalents		362	19,906
于1月1日之现金及等同现金项目	Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		82,814	62,908
· /4 · Pro-New Allandar, VII				52,000
于 12 月 31 日之现金及等同现金项目	Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	43(b)	83,176	82,814

第 37 页至第 202 页之附注属本财务报表之组 The notes on pages 37 to 202 are an integral part of these financial statements. 成部分。



财务报表附注

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. 主要业务

1. Principal activities

本集团主要于香港从事提供银 行及相关之金融服务。 The Group is principally engaged in the provision of banking and related financial services in Hong Kong.

本银行是一家于香港成立的有限债务公司。公司注册地址是香港花园道 1 号中银大厦 14 楼。

The Bank is a limited liability company incorporated in Hong Kong. The address of its registered office is 14/F, Bank of China Tower, 1 Garden Road, Hong Kong.

2. 重大会计政策摘要

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

用于编制本综合财务报表之主 要会计政策详列如下。除特别注 明外,该等会计政策均被一致地 应用于所有列示之财务年度中。 The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 编制基准

2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (HKFRSs is a collective term which includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, HKASs and Interpretations) issued by the HKICPA, accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the requirements set out in the guideline on "Financial Disclosure by Locally Incorporated Authorized Institutions" under the Supervisory Policy Manual issued by the HKMA and the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange.

本综合财务报表乃按历史 成本法编制,惟就重估可供 出售证券、以公平值变化计 入损益的金融资产及金融 负债(包括衍生财务工具)、 以公开市场价值列账之之价 或重估值扣减累计折旧及 累计减值损失后列账之房 产作出调整。 The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of available-for-sale securities, financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative financial instruments) at fair value through profit or loss, investment properties which are carried at open market value and premises which are carried at open market value or revalued amount less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

按照香港财务报告准则编制财务报表时,需采用若干重大之会计估算。管理层亦需于采用本集团之会计政策时作出有关判断。当中涉及高度判断、复杂之范畴、或对综合财务报表而言属重大影响之假设及估算,已载于附注 3。

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 3.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.1 编制基准(续)

2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

新采纳之香港财务报告准 ^则

于2006年,本集团采纳了以 下与业务相关之经修订之 香港财务报告准则。

- 香港会计准则第39号 (经修订)财务担保合约
- 香港会计准则第39号 (经修订)公平价值法之 选择

采用以上经修订之准则并 无导致本集团之会计政策 出现重大变动,亦未对本集 团之业绩及财务状况构成 重大影响,因涉及金额并不 重大,故并未重新列示比较 数字。现概述如下:

财务担保合约

在往年,财务担保合约是根据香港会计准则第37号「准备、或然负债及或然资产」被分类为或然负债,并作为资产负债表外项目披露。

由2006年1月1日起根据以上的修订,签发的财务担保合约被确认为金融负债并列在「其他账项及准备」项下。财务担保合约以公平值作初始确认,其后按以下两者之较高者计量:(i)根据香港会计准则第37号确认之金额;及(ii)初始确认之金额减按直线法于担保有效期内确认之累计摊销(如适用)。

于2006年12月31日及2005年12月31日,在「其他账项 及准备」项下列账之财务担 保相关之财务负债,其涉及 金额并不重大。

Newly adopted HKFRSs

In 2006, the Group adopted the revised HKFRSs as set out below, which are relevant to its operations.

- HKAS 39 (Amendment) Financial Guarantee Contracts
- HKAS 39 (Amendment) The Fair Value Option

The adoption of the above revised standards did not result in substantial changes to the Group's accounting policies and have no significant impact on its results of operations and financial position. No restatement of comparative figures was made as the amounts were immaterial. In summary:

Financial Guarantee Contracts

In prior years, financial guarantee contracts were accounted for under HKAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets" as contingent liabilities and were disclosed as off-balance sheet items.

With effect from 1 January 2006 and in accordance with the above amendment, financial guarantee contracts issued are recognised as financial liabilities and reported under "Other accounts and provisions". Financial guarantees are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at the higher of (i) the amount recognised under HKAS 37, and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised over the life of the guarantee on a straight-line basis.

Financial liabilities related to financial guarantee contracts recorded under "Other accounts and provisions" at 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005 were immaterial.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.1 编制基准 (续)

2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

新采纳之香港财务报告准 则(续)

Newly adopted HKFRSs (continued)

公平价值法之选择

公平价值法之选择重新厘 订将金融工具分类为公平 值变化计入损益金融资产 或金融负债之条件, 使之能 够配合内部风险管理及投 资策略而对金融资产及金 融负债进行共同管理,或消 除会计上之错配。该修订亦 规范可将附有嵌藏衍生工 具之混合式合约整个界定 为公平值变化计入损益的 条件。该处理方法与往年比 较并无差异。

The Fair Value Option

The fair value option refines the condition for which financial instruments can be classified as financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss provided that financial assets and liabilities are managed together for internal risk management and investment strategy purposes or accounting mismatches can be eliminated. It also stipulates the condition for which a hybrid contract embedded with derivatives can be entirely designated as at fair value through profit or loss. There is no difference in the Group's practice when compared with the prior year.

本集团提早采纳现行准则 之诠释

- HK(IFRIC) - INT 9「对 嵌藏衍生工具重新进行评 估」(于2006年6月1日或以 后的会计年度起生效)。 HK(IFRIC) - INT 9要求企 业在开始订立合约时评估是 否需要将嵌藏衍生工具与其 主合约分开, 并以衍生工具 列账。除非因合约内容更改 而显著改变了原合约下的现 金流, 否则不能重新再对嵌 藏衍生工具进行评估。该诠 释不会对本集团的财务报表 构成任何影响;

Interpretations to existing standards early adopted by the Group

- HK(IFRIC) - INT 9 "Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 June 2006). HK(IFRIC) - INT 9 requires an entity to assess whether an embedded derivative is required to be separated from the host contract and accounted for as a derivative when the entity first becomes a party to the contract. Subsequent reassessment is prohibited unless there is a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modifies the cash flows that otherwise would be required under the contract, in which case reassessment is required. This interpretation does not have any impact on the Group's financial statements; and



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.1 编制基准 (续)

2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

本集团提早采纳现行准则 之诠释(续)

一 HK(IFRIC) - INT 10 「中期财务报告及减值」(于 2006年11月1日或以后的会计年度起生效)。HK(IFRIC) - INT 10列明如果有关商誉、股权投资及以成本列账之金融资产的减值经已于中期报告内确认,该等减值将不能于往后的结算日回拨。该诠释不会对本集团的财务报表构成任何影响。

Interpretations to existing standards early adopted by the Group (continued)

— HK(IFRIC) – INT 10, "Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 November 2006). HK(IFRIC) – INT 10 prohibits the impairment losses recognised in an interim period on goodwill, investments in equity instruments and investments in financial assets carried at cost to be reversed at a subsequent balance sheet date. This interpretation does not have any impact on the Group's financial statements.

2006 年生效但与本集团运 作并不相关之准则、修订准 则及诠释

以下准则、修订准则及诠释于 2006年1月1日起开始的会计年度经已生效,但与本集团之运作并不相关:

- 香港会计准则第 19 号 (修订)精算损益,集 团计划及披露
- 香港会计准则第 21 号 (修订)海外运作之净 投资
- 香港会计准则第 39 号 (修订)已预计之集团 内交易之现金流对冲会 计
- 香港财务报告准则第 1 号 (修订)首次采纳香港 财务报告准则
- 香港财务报告准则第 6 号 开采及评估矿产资源
- HK(IFRIC) INT 4 确定 一项安排是否已包含租 赁
- HK(IFRIC) INT 5 对已 存在的拆卸、复原及环 境复原基金所产生的权 益的权利
- HK(IFRIC) INT 6 参 与特殊市场-电机及电 子仪器废料产生的负 债。

Standards, amendments and interpretations effective in 2006 but not relevant to the Group's operations

The following standards, amendments and interpretations are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2006 but are not relevant to the Group's operations:

operations:		
- HKAS 19 (Amendment)	Actuarial Gains and Losses, Group Plans and	

Disclosures

- HKAS 21 (Amendment) Net investment in a Foreign Operation
- HKAS 39 (Amendment) Cash Flow Hedge Accounting of Forecast Intragroup
 Transactions
- HKFRS 1 (Amendment) First-time adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards;
- HKFRS 6 Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources
 - HKFRS INT 4 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease
 - HKFRS INT 5 Rights to Interests arising from Decommissioning,
 Restoration and Environmental Rehabilitation Funds
 - HK(IFRIC) INT 6 Liabilities arising from Participating in a Specific Market Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.1 编制基准 (续)

2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

未被本集团提早采纳而且 并未生效之准则

A standard that is not yet effective and has not been early adopted by the Group

本集团没有提前采纳以下经已颁布但于2006年1月1日起开始的会计年度尚未生效的准则:

The Group has chosen not to early adopt the following standard that was issued but not yet effective for accounting periods beginning on 1 January 2006:

香港财务报告准则第7 号「金融工具一披露」及香 港会计准则第1号(经修订) 「财务报表的呈报一资本披 露」于2007年1月1日或以后 的会计年度起生效。香港财 务报告准则第7号包含大部 分现有之香港会计准则第 32号之披露要求,并会引入 若干新披露要求。香港财务 报告准则第7号将会取代香 港会计准则第30号「银行及 类似金融机构之财务报表之 披露」,以及香港会计准则第 32号「金融工具-披露与列 示」。本集团已经评估香港财 务报告准则第7号及香港会 计准则第1号(经修订)所带 来的影响,结论是该等准则 的主要影响基本上是关于在 公平值计量及风险管理方面 需进行更详尽的定量及定性 的披露。因此, 采纳该等准 则将不会对本集团的营运业 绩及财务状况构成任何影 响。本集团将于2007年1月1 日起的会计年度应用香港财 务报告准则第7号及香港会 计准则第1号(经修订)。

HKFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures" and the Amendment to HKAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements – Capital Disclosures", are effective for annual accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2007. HKFRS 7 introduces certain new disclosures relating to financial instruments while incorporating many of the requirements presently in HKAS 32. HKFRS 7 will supersede HKAS 30 "Disclosures in the Financial Statements of Banks and Similar Financial Institutions", and the disclosure requirements of HKAS 32 "Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation". The Group has assessed the impact of HKFRS 7 and the amendment to HKAS 1 and concluded that the key impact will be more qualitative and quantitative disclosures primarily related to fair value measurement and risk management. Accordingly the adoption of this standard will have no effect on the Group's results of operations or financial position. The Group will apply HKFRS 7 and the amendment to HKAS 1 from annual periods beginning 1 January 2007.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.1 编制基准 (续)

2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

经评估与本集团运作不相关 之现行准则之未生效诠释

HK(IFRIC) - INT 7 「 采用香港会计准则第29 号 - 恶性通货膨胀经济中 的财务报告的重述方法」 (由2006年3月1日或之后开 始的年度起生效)。 HK(IFRIC) - INT 7提供在 一个报告期间,企业发现在 其经济体系使用的功能货币 出现了恶性通货膨胀的时 候,而之前年度并无该等恶 性通货膨胀, 需如何应用香 港会计准则第29号的要求。 由于集团内企业并无以存在 恶性通货膨胀经济的货币作 为功能货币, HK(IFRIC) -INT 7 对本集团之运作并不 相关;

Interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and has been assessed to be not relevant to the Group's operations

— HK(IFRIC) - INT 7 "Applying the Restatement Approach under HKAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 March 2006). HK(IFRIC) - INT 7 provides guidance on how to apply requirements of HKAS 29 in a reporting period in which an entity identifies the existence of hyperinflation in the economy of its functional currency, when the economy was not hyperinflationary in the prior period. As none of the group entities have a currency of a hyperinflationary economy as its functional currency, HK(IFRIC) – INT 7 is not relevant to the Group's operations;

HK(IFRIC) - INT 8 「香港财务报告准则第2号 的适用范围」(由2006年5月 1日或之后开始的年度起生 效)。HK(IFRIC) - INT 8 要 求考虑涉及发行股权工具的 交易时, 如所收到的可识别 报酬小于所发行股权工具之 公平值,则需确定其是否纳 入香港财务报告准则第2号 的适用范围。除香港财务报 告准则第2号所豁免外,由 于本集团并无发行股权工具 用作支付, HK(IFRIC) – INT 8 对本集团之运作并不相 关;

— HK(IFRIC) - INT 8 "Scope of HKFRS 2" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 May 2006). HK(IFRIC) - INT 8 requires consideration of transactions involving the issuance of equity instruments - where the identifiable consideration received is less than the fair value of the equity instruments issued - to establish whether or not they fall within the scope of HKFRS 2. As the Group has not issued equity instruments for payment except those exempted under HKFRS 2, HK(IFRIC) – INT 8 is not relevant to the Group's operations;



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.1 编制基准(续)

经评估与本集团运作不相关 之现行准则之未生效诠释 (续)

一 HK(IFRIC) - INT 11 「香港财务报告准则第2号有关集团及库存股票之交易」(由2007年3月1日或之后开始的年度起生效)。HK(IFRIC) - INT 11 提出如附属公司以股票为基础支付所接受之雇员服务时,如何作出安排。除香港财务报告准则第2号所豁免外,由于本集团并无发行股权工具用作支付,HK(IFRIC) - INT 11 对本集团之运作并不相关。

2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

Interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and has been assessed to be not relevant to the Group's operations (continued)

— HK(IFRIC) - INT 11 "HKFRS 2 Group and Treasury Share Transactions" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 March 2007). HK(IFRIC) - INT 11 addresses how the share-based payment arrangement should be accounted for in the financial statements for the subsidiary that receives services from the employees. As the Group has not issued equity instruments for payment except those exempted under HKFRS 2, HK(IFRIC) – INT 11 is not relevant to the Group's operations.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.2 综合财务报表

2.2 Consolidation

(1) 附属公司

附属公司是指由本集团 有权支配其财务和经营 政策的所有实体(包括 特殊目的实体),通常体 现为对该实体董事会组 成的控制,对该实体拥 有半数以上的表决权或 持有其过半数的已发行 股权。在判断是否对某 个实体存在控制权时, 本集团亦会考虑目前可 行使或可转换的潜在表 决权的存在及其影响。 附属公司于控制权转入 本集团之日起完全纳入 合并,并于本集团的控 制权终止当日不再纳入 合并。

本集团在收购附属公司 时,采用购入法进行会 计处理。收购成本为于 交易日付出的资产、发 行的权益性工具及发生 或承担的负债的公平 值,加上收购的直接成 本。因企业合并而取得 的可识别资产以及承担 的负债和或然负债,均 按收购日的公平值初始 计量,不需在此扣除少 数股东所占权益; 收购 成本高于本集团应占被 收购附属公司可识别净 资产公平值的部分,将 被确认为商誉。如果收 购成本低于本集团应占 被收购附属公司的可识 别净资产公平值,差额 则直接在收益账中反 映。

(1) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries, are all entities (including special purpose entities) over which the Group controls the composition of the Board of Directors, controls more than half of the voting power or holds more than half of the issued capital that entitle the Group to govern the financial and operating policies of the entities. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group. The cost of an acquisition of a company is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed as of the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values as of the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.2 综合财务报表(续)

2.2 Consolidation (continued)

(1) 附属公司(续)

(1) Subsidiaries (continued)

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated; unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment of the assets transferred. Where necessary, accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

于本银行的资产负债表 内,附属公司投资是以 成本扣除减值损失准备 列账。本银行按照已收 及应收股息基准确认附 属公司之业绩。 In the Bank's balance sheet the investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less allowance for impairment losses. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Bank on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

出售附属公司之收益或 亏损指下列之差额: a) 出售权益之所得,及 b) 本集团应占该公司之资 产净值,包括扣减累计 减值损失后之收购时商 誉及任何有关之累计外 币换算差额。 The gain or loss on the disposal of a subsidiary represents the difference between: a) the proceeds of the sale and, b) the Group's share of its net assets including goodwill on acquisition net of any accumulated impairment loss and any related accumulated foreign currency translation difference.

少数股东权益指外界股东在附属公司之经营业绩及资产净值中拥有之权益。

Minority interest represent the interests of outside shareholders in the operating results and net assets of subsidiaries.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.2 综合财务报表(续)

2.2 Consolidation (continued)

(2) 联营公司

联营公司是指本集团对加其虽无控制但能够施加重大影响的实体,通知有其 20% 至 50%的表决的。本集团拥有其 20% 至 50%的表决可的股权。本投团对联想一个,并采用权益法联营量,并采用权对对联盟对和减强的投资包含和减强发行公计减值损失后之商普及等计外币换算差额。

(2) Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting and are initially recognised at cost. The Group's investment in associates includes goodwill, net of accumulated impairment loss and any related accumulated foreign currency translation difference.

The Group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of associates is recognised in the income statement, and its share of post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognised in reserves. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the cost of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, the Group does not recognise further losses unless the Group has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associates.

本集团与联营公司间交易的未实现收益按本集团在联营公司的投资比例进行抵销;除非交易提供了转让资产已发生减值的证据,否则未实现损失也将被抵销。

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates; unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment of the asset transferred.

在本银行的资产负债表 内,对联营公司的投资 以成本扣除减值损失准 备列账。本银行对联营 公司的投资收益按已收 及应收股息确认。 In the Bank's balance sheet the investments in associates are stated at cost less allowance for impairment losses. The results of associates are accounted for by the Bank on the basis of dividends received and receivable.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.3 分类报告

业务分类是指一组提供产品 或服务的资产和经营活动组 合,在与其他业务分类组合 相比,其面对的风险及收益 并不相同。地区分类是指一 组在特定的经济环境下提供 产品或服务的资产和经营活 动组合,在与其他特定经济 环境下经营的分类相比,其 面对的风险及收益并不相 同。

2.3 Segmental reporting

A business segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products and services and that is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments. A geographical segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products and services within a particular economic environment and that is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of segments operating in other economic environments.

2.4 外币换算

本集团各实体的财务报表所 载项目均按各实体于主要经 济环境营运的货币计量(「功 能货币」)。本综合财务报表 以港币列示,即本银行之功 能及呈列货币。

外币交易结算引致的汇兑损 益均直接于收益账确认。以 外币为本位的货币性资产及 负债均按结算日的汇率换 算。按历史成本计量的非货 币性资产及负债均按首次交 易日期的汇率换算。按公平 值计量的非货币性资产及负 债均按厘定公平值当日的汇 率换算。以外币为本位的收 入及支出均按平均汇率或交 易当日之汇率换算。换算引 致的差额均于收益账中确 认,惟被分类为可供出售金 融资产之非货币性项目除 外,其所产生之换算差额则 记入权益项下之公平值变动 储备。

2.4 Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Bank's functional and presentation currency.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of foreign currency transactions are recognised directly in the income statement. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange at the balance sheet date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost are translated using the rate of exchange at the date of the initial transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities measured at fair value are translated using the rate of exchange at the date the fair value was determined. Income and expenses denominated in foreign currencies are translated at average exchange rates or the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. The differences arising from translation are recognised in the income statement except for translation differences on non-monetary items classified as available-for-sale financial assets which are included in the fair value change reserve in equity.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.4 外币换算(续)

2.4 Foreign currency translation (continued)

所有本集团内非以港币为 功能货币的实体,其业绩及 财务状况按以下方式换算 为港币: The results and financial position of all group entities that have a functional currency different from Hong Kong dollars are translated into Hong Kong dollars as follows:

- 一 资产及负债按结算日之 收市汇率换算;
- assets and liabilities are translated at the closing rate at the balance sheet date;
- 收入及支出按平均汇率 换算;
- income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates; and
- 所有产生之换算差额于 权益项目下之货币换算 储备内确认。
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised in the currency translation reserve in equity.

于合并财务报表时,换算对 外国实体之净投资、借款及 其他被界定为对冲此投资 的货币工具所产生之换算 差额需列入股东权益。当出 售该外国实体投资时,此外 币兑换差额需列作为出售 盈亏的一部分,并确认于收 益账内。 On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign entities, and of borrowings and other currency instruments designated as hedges of such investments are taken to shareholders' equity. When a foreign entity is sold, such exchange differences are recognised in the income statement, as part of the gain or loss on sale.

2.5 衍生金融工具及对冲会 计

2.5 Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

衍生金融工具以衍生交易合同签订当日的公平值进行初始确认,并以公平值进行后续计量。公平值从活跃市场上的公开市场报价中取得,包括最近的市场交易,通过使用估值方法,包括贴现现金流量分析模型、期权定价模型(如适用)。当公平值为正值时,衍生金融工具将被列为资产;当公平值为负值时,则被列为负债。

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date the derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. Fair values are obtained from quoted market prices in active markets, including recent market transactions, and through the use of valuation techniques, including discounted cash flow models and options pricing models, as appropriate. All derivatives are carried as assets when fair value is positive and as liabilities when fair value is negative.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.5 衍生金融工具及对冲会 计(续)

2.5 Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting (continued)

除非衍生工具已被界定为用 作对冲,并且是属于有效之 对冲工具,则需按对冲会计 之要求计量,否则,将被分 类为以公平值变化计入收益 下用作交易之类别。 Derivatives are categorised as held for trading under fair value through profit or loss unless they are designated as hedges and are effective hedging instruments, then they are subject to measurement under the hedge accounting requirements.

除非对可观察到之当前市场 交易中的相同金融工具(未 经调整或重新包装)进行比 较,或运用变量均来自可观 察市场的估值方法以证明金 融工具的公平值,否则,初 始确认衍生金融工具公平值 的最佳证据,就是其交易价 格(如付出或收到代价的公 平值)。当存在这样的证据 时,本集团可于交易当日确 认利润。 The best evidence of the fair value of a derivative at initial recognition is the transaction price (i.e., the fair value of the consideration given or received) unless the fair value of that instrument is evidenced by comparison with other observable current market transactions in the same instrument (i.e., without modification or repackaging) or based on a valuation technique whose variables include only data from observable markets. When such evidence exists, the Group may recognise profits on the date of transaction.

若干衍生金融工具会嵌藏在 其他的金融工具中,如可转 换债券持有人拥有的可转换 期权。当其经济特征和风险 与主合同没有紧密关联,而 主合同并非以公平值变化计 入损益时,这些嵌藏式衍生 金融工具需要单独以公平值 计量,并且其公平值变动计 入收益账。 Certain derivatives embedded in other financial instruments, such as the conversion option in a convertible bond, are treated as separate derivatives when their economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to those of the host contract and the host contract is not carried at fair value through profit or loss. These embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the income statement.

本集团界定若干衍生工具以 对冲已确认之资产、负债或 为确切承担之公平值作对冲 (公平值对冲)。被界定为此 类对冲之衍生工具,会采用 对冲会计入账。 The Group designates certain derivatives as hedges of the fair value of recognised assets or liabilities or firm commitments (fair value hedge). Hedge accounting is used for derivatives designated in this way.

本集团于交易发生时会记录 对冲工具与相关被对冲项目 之关系、风险管理目的和进 行各类对冲交易时所采取之 策略。本集团并于对冲活动 发生时及期间,评估有关衍 生工具能否高度有效地抵销 相关被对冲项目之公平值变 动,并作出记录。此等乃符 合采用对冲会计方法处理之 先决条件。 The Group documents at inception the relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as its risk management objective and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. The Group also documents its assessment, both at the hedge inception and on an ongoing basis, of whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions are highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values of hedged items. These criteria should be met before a hedge can be qualified to be accounted for under hedge accounting.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.5 衍生金融工具及对冲会 计(续)

2.5 Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting (continued)

被界定为有效之公平值对 冲,其衍生工具之公平值变 动,连同被对冲风险之资产 或负债相关之公平值变动, 一并于收益账内确认。 Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualified as effective fair value hedges are recorded in the income statement, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

若对冲不再符合对冲会计之 要求,于被对冲项目按实际 利息法计算之账面值上所作 之调整,将于直至到期日之 期间内摊销至收益账。而被 对冲之股权证券之账面值调 整,则需保留于留存盈利内, 直至该股权证券出售为止。 If the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, the adjustment to the carrying amount of a hedged item for which the effective interest method is used is amortised to profit or loss over the period to maturity. The adjustment to the carrying amount of a hedged equity security remains in retained earnings until the disposal of the equity security.

持作交易用途,以及不符合 对冲会计要求之衍生工具, 其公平值变动即时于收益账 内确认。 For derivative instruments held for trading and those that do not qualify for hedge accounting, changes in their fair value are recognised immediately in the income statement.

2.6 金融工具之对销

2.6 Offsetting financial instruments

若存在法律上可行使的权利,可对已确认入账之项目进行抵销,且有意以净额方式结算,或将资产变现并同时清偿债务,则金融资产及负债可予抵销,并把净额于资产负债表内列账。

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.7 利息收入及支出、服务费 及佣金收入及支出

以摊余成本计量的金融工 具,其利息收入和支出按实

际利息法在收益账中确认。

实际利息法是一种计算金融 资产或金融负债的摊余成本 以及在相关期间分摊利息收 入或利息支出的方法。实际 利率是在金融工具预计到期 日或较短期间(如适用)内, 将其未来现金流贴现为金融 工具或金融资产账面净额所 使用的利率。在计算实际利 率时,本集团在估计未来现 金流时,会考虑金融工具的 所有合同条款(如提前还款 权),但不会考虑未来的信用 损失。计算范围包括订约各 方所支付或所收取的费用、 溢价或折让和点子, 以及贷 款贷出时产生而属于整体有 效利息一部分之相关费用及 成本,并于金融工具之预计 期限内摊销为利息收入或支 出。

当一项金融资产或一组类似的金融资产确认减值损失后,会按照计量减值损失时对未来现金流进行贴现时使用的利率,按折减后之价值确认利息收入。而日后释出之贴现准备亦将确认为利息收入。

不属于整体有效利息一部分的服务费及佣金收入,通常在提供相关服务时,以应计基准按比例地于服务期间内确认。与贷款承诺相关的再 续费及佣金收入通常按照入 当银团贷款安排已完成且本集团未保留任何贷款或按其他银团成员相同的实际利率保留部分贷款时,银团贷款服务费确认为收入。

2.7 Interest income and expense and fees and commission income and expense

Interest income and expense are recognised in the income statement for all instruments measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or a financial liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Group estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument (e.g. prepayment options) but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes fees, premiums or discounts and basis points paid or received between parties to the contract, and directly attributable origination fees and costs which represent an integral part of the effective yield are amortised as interest income or expense over the expected life of the financial instrument.

Once a financial asset or a group of similar financial assets has been written down as a result of an impairment loss, interest income is recognised on the written down value using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Subsequent unwinding of the discount allowance is recognised as interest income.

Fees and commissions that are not an integral part of the effective yield are recognised on an accrual basis ratably over the period when the related service has been provided. Fees and commission income related to credit commitments are amortised on a straight-line basis over the commitment period. Loan syndication fees are recognised as revenue when the related syndication arrangement has been completed and the Group has retained no part of the loan package for itself or has retained a part at the same effective interest rate as that of other participants.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.8 金融资产

本集团将金融资产分为四类:以公平值变化计入损益的金融资产、贷款及应收款、持有至到期日投资和可供出售金融资产。管理层在初始,以时即对金融资产进行分类。金融资产是按持有目的作分类,并以公平值作初始确认。除以公平值变化计入损益的金融资产外,其他金融资产之交易成本均已包含于摊余成本内。

2.8 Financial assets

The Group classifies its financial assets into the following categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss; loans and receivables; held-to-maturity investments and available-for-sale financial assets. Management determines the classification of investments at initial recognition. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were held. All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value. Except for financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss, all transaction costs of financial assets are included in their amortised costs.

(1) 以公平值变化计入损益 的金融资产

这类金融资产包括两个 细项:持作交易用途的 金融资产,以及购入时 即界定为以公平值变化 计入损益的金融资产。

如果取得该金融资产主 要是以短期洁售为制 ,或属于组合一部分 并共同管理的可识别金 融工具,若有证据表明 其短期获利行为,则途 分类为持作交易用途。 除被界定为有效对冲工 具外,所有衍生工具均 被分类为持作交易用 被分类为持作交易用

(1) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

This category has two sub-categories: financial assets held for trading, and those designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception.

A financial asset which has been acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling in the short term or is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking is classified as held-for-trading. Derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedges.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.8 金融资产 (续)

2.8 Financial assets (continued)

(1) 以公平值变化计入损益 的金融资产(续)

除持作交易用途的金融 资产外,如能满足以下 条件,金融资产可以被 管理层界定为以公平值 变化计入损益的金融资 (1) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (continued)

A financial asset, other than one held for trading, will be designated as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss, if it meets the criteria set out below, and is so designated by management:

- 一 可以消除或明显减少因按不同基准计量金融资产或金融负债之价值,或确认其盈利或亏损,而出现不一致之计量或确认情况(一般被称为「会计错配」);或
- eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency (sometimes referred to as 'an accounting mismatch') that would otherwise arise from measuring the financial assets or financial liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases; or
- 一 应用于一组金融资产、金融负债、其债债、基础负债、其有的组合,其管理是依据事先书面确立的风险资策略来运作,及资策略来运作。其表现是按公平值为基础来衡量,并向主要管理层作出内部报告;或
- applies to a group of financial assets, financial liabilities or both that is managed and
 its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented
 risk management or investment strategy, and information about that group of financial
 instruments is provided internally on that basis to the key management; or

- 一 与包含一个或多个 嵌藏式衍生工具的 金融工具相关,且这 些嵌藏式衍生工具 对该等金融工具的 现金流产生重大影
- relates to financial instruments containing one or more embedded derivative that significantly modifies the cash flow resulting from those financial instruments.

这些资产以公平值进行 初始确认,并以公平值 进行后续计量。交易费 用直接计入综合收益 账。 These assets are recognised initially at fair value, with transaction costs taken directly to the consolidated income statement, and are subsequently re-measured at fair value.

该等资产的公平值变化 所产生的损益(不包括 利息部分)计入净交易 性收入。而利息部分则 计入作为利息收入之一 部分。 Gains and losses from changes in the fair value of such assets (excluding the interest component) are reported in net trading income. The interest component is reported as part of interest income.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.8 金融资产 (续)

(2) 贷款及应收款

贷款及应收款是指具有 固定或可确定支付金额 且不在活跃市场报价的 非衍生金融资产,主要 包括银行及其他金融机 构存款、没有活跃市场 的债券投资和客户贷款 及应收款。当本集团直 接向债务人提供资金、 货品或服务, 而没有出 售应收款的意图时,本 集团将其确认为贷款及 应收款。贷款及应收款 以公平值加上直接相关 的交易费用进行初始入 账,并以使用实际利息 法计算的摊余成本扣除 减值损失准备进行后续 计量。

(3) 持有至到期日投资

分类为持有至到期日投 资类别是指能于活跃市 场中买卖,并拥有固定 或可确定之还款额及还 款期,以及本集团管理 层有意向及能力持有至 到期日之金融资产。如 本集团出售持有至到期 日资产中多于不重大部 分,则整个资产类别将 受到影响,需要重新分 类至可供出售金融资 产。持有至到期日投资 以公平值加上直接相关 的交易费用进行初始入 账, 并以实际利息法计 算的摊余成本扣除减值 损失准备进行后续计 量。

(2) Loans and receivables

2.8 Financial assets (continued)

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market, including placements with banks and other financial institutions, investment debt securities without an active market and loans and advances to customers. They arise when the Group provides money, goods or services directly to a debtor with no intention of trading the receivable. They are initially recorded at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less allowances for impairment losses.

(3) Held-to-maturity

Financial assets classified as held-to-maturity are those traded in active markets, with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the Group's management has both the positive intention and the ability to hold to maturity. Were the Group to sell other than an insignificant amount of held-to-maturity assets, the entire category would be tainted and reclassified as available-for-sale. They are initially recorded at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less allowances for impairment losses.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.8 金融资产 (续)

(4) 可供出售金融资产

可供出售金融资产包括 界定为此类的金融资产 以及不属于以上分类的 金融资产。此等金融资 产的持有期限不确定, 有可能依据流动资金需 求或利率、汇率及权益 价格的变动而被出售。

可供出售金融资产以公 平值加上直接相关的交 易费用进行初始入账, 并以公平值进行后续计 量。因该等投资之公平 值变化而产生之未实现 盈亏直接确认在股东权 益中; 当该类金融资产 被撤销或减值时,之前 确认于权益储备中的累 计收益或损失将转入综 合收益账内。惟包括折 溢价摊销的利息收入将 按照实际利息法计算确 认在综合收益账中。分 类为可供出售之股权工 具, 其股息于收取股息 之权利确定时于收益账 内确认。

2.8 Financial assets (continued)

(4) Available-for-sale

Financial assets classified as available-for-sale are those that are either designated as such or are not classified in any of the other categories. They are intended to be held for an indefinite period of time, which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or changes in interest rates, exchange rates or equity prices.

Available-for-sale financial assets are initially recorded at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at fair value. Unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of investments are recognised directly in equity, until the financial asset is derecognised or impaired at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in equity should be transferred to the consolidated income statement. However, interest which includes the amortisation of premium and discount is calculated using the effective interest method and is recognised in the consolidated income statement. Dividends on equity instruments classified as available-for-sale are recognised in the consolidated income statement when the Group's right to receive payment is established.

2.9 金融负债

本集团按以下类别分类金融负债:交易性负债、界定为以公平值变化计入损益的金融负债、存款、已发行债务证券及其他负债。所有金融负债于交易发生时界定其分类并以公平值进行初始确认。

(1) 交易性负债

2.9 Financial liabilities

The Group classifies its financial liabilities under the following categories: trading liabilities, financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss, deposits, debt securities in issue and other liabilities. All financial liabilities are classified at inception and recognised initially at fair value.

(1) Trading liabilities

A financial liability is classified as held for trading if it is incurred principally for the purpose of repurchasing in the short term. Derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedges. It is measured at fair value and any gains and losses from changes in fair value are recognised in the income statement.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.9 金融负债 (续)

2.9 Financial liabilities (continued)

(2) 界定为以公平值变化计 入损益的金融负债

金融负债于交易时被界入 定为以公平值变化计入 提益之金融负债。被界 定为此类别之金融负债 包括若干已发行之存款 证及若干嵌藏衍生工具 之客户存款。符合以下 条件之金融负债一般会 被界定为此类别: (2) Financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss

A financial liability can be designated as at fair value through profit or loss if it is so designated at inception. Financial liabilities so designated include certain certificates of deposit issued and certain deposits received from customers that are embedded with derivatives. A financial liability is typically so designated if it meets the following criteria:

- 一 可以消除或明显减少因按不同基准计量金融资产或金融负债之价值,或确认其盈利或亏损,而出现不一致之计量或确认情况(一般被称为「会计错配」);或
- eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency (sometimes referred to as 'an accounting mismatch') that would otherwise arise from measuring the financial assets or financial liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases; or
- 一 应用于一组金融资产、金融负债、或两管理是依据事先书面确立的风险管理是依据事先书面确立的风险管理。 一 放资策略来运作,表现是按公平值为基础来衡量,并向主要管理层作出内部报告;或
- applies to a group of financial assets, financial liabilities or both that is managed and
 its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented
 risk management or investment strategy, and information about that group of financial
 instruments is provided internally on that basis to the key management; or

- 与包含一个或多个 嵌藏式衍生工具的 金融工具相关,且这 些嵌藏式衍生工具 对该等金融工具的 现金流产生重大影响。
- relates to financial instruments containing one or more embedded derivative that significantly modifies the cash flow resulting from those financial instruments.

被界定为以公平值变化 计入损益的金融负债以 公平值列账,因公平值 变化而产生之盈利或亏 损确认于收益账内。 Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value and any gains and losses from changes in fair value are recognised in the income statement.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.9 金融负债 (续)

2.9 Financial liabilities (continued)

(3) 存款、已发行债务证券 及其他负债

除被分类为交易性负债 或以公平值变化计入员 益的金融负债外,其他 存款、已发行债务证券 及其他负债均以摊余成 本列账。扣除交易财份 后之净收款和赎回利的 后之海收款明实际和申 的差额,按照实际中确

(3) Deposits, debt securities in issue and other liabilities

Deposits and debt securities in issue other than those classified as trading liabilities or designated as at fair value through profit or loss, together with other liabilities are carried at amortised cost. Any difference between proceeds net of transaction costs and the redemption value is recognised in the income statement over the period using the effective interest method.

2.10 金融工具的确认和撤 销

以公平值变化计入损益、 可供出售及持有至到期日 之金融资产,其买卖会于 交易当日(即本集团购入 或售出资产当日)确认。 贷款及应收款(投资证券 除外)于付出现金予借款 除外)于付出现金等金融资 产取得现金流之权利完结 或本集团已转让所有风险 及回报时,则撤销对该等

金融资产之确认。

净交易性收入。

2.10 Recognition and de-recognition of financial instruments

Purchases and sales of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, available-for-sale and held-to-maturity are recognised on the trade date, the date on which the Group purchases or sells the assets. Loans and receivables (except investment securities without an active market) are recognised when cash is advanced to the borrowers. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or where the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Trading liabilities, financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss and debt securities in issue are recognised on the trade date. Deposits other than trading liabilities are recognised when money is received from customers, other liabilities are recognised when such obligations arise. Financial liabilities are de-recognised from the balance sheet when and only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. If the Group purchases its own debt, it is removed from the balance sheet, and the difference between the carrying amount of a liability and the consideration paid is included in net trading income.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.10 金融工具的确认和撤 销(续)

2.10 Recognition and de-recognition of financial instruments (continued)

售出予交易对手之证券及 票据,如根据回购协议, 附有按预定价格并于将来 指定时间回购之责任称为 「回购」。而向交易对手购 入之证券及票据,如根据 回售协议,附有按预定价 格于将来指定时间再出售 予交易对手之责任则称为 「反向回购」。 Securities and bills sold to a counter-party with an obligation to repurchase at a pre-determined price on a specified future date under a repurchase agreement are referred to as Repos. Securities and bills purchased from a counter-party with an obligation to re-sell to the counter-party at a pre-determined price on a specified future date under a resale agreement are referred to as Reverse repos.

「回购」于初始时按已向 交易对手所取得之实际现 金额,列账于应付银行款 项或银行及其他金融机构 之存款及结余(如适用)。 用作抵押回购协议之金融 资产应列为投资证券或以 公平值变化计入损益的金 融资产。「反向回购」则于 初始时按已付予交易对手 之实际现金额,于资产负 债表内列为库存现金及应 收银行款项或银行及其他 金融机构存款(如适用)。 于反向回购协议下所收到 用作抵押之金融资产将不 会列于资产负债表上。出 售价与回购价之差额则以 实际利息法于协议年期内 分期确认为利息收入或利 息支出。

Repos are initially recorded as due to banks, placements from banks and other financial institutions, as appropriate, at the actual amount of cash received from the counter-party. The financial assets used to collateralise repurchase agreements are recorded as investment securities or financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Reverse repos are initially recorded in the balance sheet as cash and due from banks or placements with banks and other financial institutions, as appropriate, at the actual amount of cash paid to the counter-party. The financial assets received as collateral under reverse repurchase agreements are not recorded on the balance sheet. The difference between sale and repurchase price is recognised as interest income or interest expense over the life of the agreements using the effective interest method.

2.11 厘定金融工具之公平 值

2.11 Determination of fair value of financial instruments

于活跃市场内具报价之金融资产及金融负债,其公 融资产及金融负债,其公 平值乃分别按当时之实盘价厘定。 若金融资产所处之市场重定。 若金融资产所处之市场重定, 有工活跃(包括非上市市 集团会以估值方法, 是定其公平市场交易、 是定其公平市场交易、 现现金流量分析、定价模 型及其他市场参与者通用 之估值方法。 The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities that are quoted in active markets are based on current bid prices and current ask prices respectively. If the market for financial assets and financial liabilities is not active (such as unlisted securities), the Group establishes fair value by using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length transactions, discounted cash flow analysis, option pricing models and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.12 贵金属

2.12 Precious metals

贵金属包括黄金、银及其 他贵金属。贵金属以其公 平值初始确认,其后再按 结算日之市价重新计量。 贵金属于进行市场划价后 所产生之盈利或亏损,将 包括于净交易性收入内。

Precious metals comprise gold, silver and other precious metals. Precious metals are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently re-measured at their respective market prices as of the balance sheet date. Mark-to-market gains or losses on precious metals are included in net trading income.

2.13 金融资产减值

2.13 Impairment of financial assets

(1) 以摊余成本计量的资产

(1) Assets carried at amortised cost

本集团于每个结算日 对个别或一组金融资 产是否存在减值的客 观证据进行评估。当 有客观减值证据表明 金融资产在初始确认 后因发生一项或多项 事件(「损失事件」), 且该损失事件对可靠 估计该项金融资产或 该组金融资产的预计 未来现金流产生影响 时,则该项或该组金 融资产被认定为已发 生减值并出现减值损 失。显示个别或一组 金融资产减值之客观 证据包括本集团已注 意到相关可供观察资 料之以下损失事件:

The Group assesses as of each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a "loss event") and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Objective evidence that a financial asset or group of assets is impaired includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about the following loss events:

- (i) 发行人或欠债人 遇到严重财政困 难;
- (i) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or obligor;
- (ii) 违约,例如逾期或 拖欠利息或本金 还款;
- (ii) a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- (iii) 因应与借款人之 财政困难相关之 经济或法律原因, 本集团给予借款 人在一般情况下 放款人不予考虑 之优惠条件;
- (iii) the Group granting to the borrower, for economic or legal reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, a concession that the lender would not otherwise consider;



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.13 金融资产减值(续)

2.13 Impairment of financial assets (continued)

(1) 以摊余成本计量的资 产(续)

- (iv) 借款人有可能破 产或进行其他财 务重组;
- (v) 因财政困难至使 该金融资产之活 跃市场消失; 或
- (vi) 可察觉的资料显示某一金融资产。 组合所产生之流计现金流行,现金所并现金, 将较最初确下降, 虽然明确之下降, 虽然明确为别金融 资产。资料包括:
- 该组合之供款人 之还款状况有不 利转变;或
- 与该组合资产之 逾期还款相关之 全国性或本地经 济状况。

本集团首先对单项金 额重大的金融资产是 否存在减值的客观证 据进行个别评估。如 果本集团没有发现客 观证据表明进行个别 评估的金融资产存在 减值情况,本集团将 其连同其他单项金额 不重大的金融资产或 尚未识别减值的金融 资产包括在具有类似 信用风险特征的金融 资产组别中,进行组 合减值评估。经个别 进行减值评估并且已 确认或继续确认减值 损失的资产, 不再纳 入组合减值评估的范 围。

- (1) Assets carried at amortised cost (continued)
 - (iv) it becoming probable that the borrower will enter into bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
 - (v) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties; or
 - (vi) observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a group of financial assets since the initial recognition of those assets, although the decrease cannot yet be identified with the individual financial assets in the group, including:

- adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers in the group; or
- national or local economic conditions that correlate with defaults on the assets in the group.

The Group first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment together with all other financial assets that are not individually significant or for which impairment has not yet been identified. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is or continues to be recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.13 金融资产减值(续)

2.13 Impairment of financial assets (continued)

(1) 以摊余成本计量的资 产(续)

如果有客观证据表明 贷款及应收款或持有 至到期日债券已发生 减值损失,则其减值 损失将按照该资产的 账面金额与该金融资 产按原来实际利率贴 现后的预计未来现金 流(不包括尚未发生 的未来信用损失)的 现值之间的差额进行 计量。减值损失通过 使用准备金来减少该 资产的账面金额,并 确认于收益账内。如 果贷款或持有至到期 日投资为浮动利率, 用于计量减值损失的 贴现率为按合约确定 的当前实际利率。实 务上,本集团亦可以 采用观察到的市场价 值确定某项金融工具 的公平值, 并以此作 为基准计算减值。

附有抵押品的金融资 产之预计未来现金流 的现值包含按照止赎 抵押品的价值扣除获 取和出售该抵押品之 成本后的现金流。

本集团在进行组合减 值评估时,将根据相似 用风险特征的相影性对金融等位 进行分组。此等组。此资 与预计该等金流相关 与元未来反映债。资相接 有 统 的条款偿还所 金额的能力。

(1) Assets carried at amortised cost (continued)

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on loans and receivables or held-to-maturity investments has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognised in the income statement. If a loan or held-to-maturity investment has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract. As a practical expedient, the Group may measure impairment on the basis of an instrument's fair value using an observable market price.

The calculation of the present value of the estimated future cash flows of a collateralised financial asset reflects the cash flows that may result from foreclosure less costs for obtaining and selling the collateral.

For the purposes of a collective assessment of impairment, financial assets are grouped on the basis of similar and relevant credit risk characteristics. Those characteristics are relevant to the estimation of future cash flows for groups of such assets by being indicative of the debtors' ability to pay all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the assets being evaluated.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.13 金融资产减值(续)

2.13 Impairment of financial assets (continued)

(1) 以摊余成本计量的资 产(续)

对一组金融资产进行 组合减值评估测算 时, 其预计未来现金 流乃按该组资产的合 约现金流以及于本集 团内与该组金融资产 具有类似信用风险特 征的资产的历史损失 经验为基准。以上历 史损失经验将根据当 期可观察数据进行调 整,以反映并不会影 响该段历史损失期间 的当前情况,及从历 史损失经验数据中移 除那些当期已不存在 的影响事项。

(1) Assets carried at amortised cost (continued)

Future cash flows in a group of financial assets that are collectively evaluated for impairment are estimated on the basis of the contractual cash flows of the assets in the group and historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to those in the group. Historical loss experience is adjusted on the basis of current observable data to reflect the effects of current conditions that did not affect the period on which the historical loss experience is based and to remove the effects of conditions in the historical period that do not exist currently.

当贷款无法收回时, 在完成所有必要程序 及确定损失金额后, 本集团对该等贷款进 行核销,冲减值准备。 核销后收回的贷款减值准备。 额冲减在收益账中 支的贷款减值损失。 When a loan is uncollectible, it is written off against the related allowance for impairment losses. Such loans are written off after all the necessary procedures have been completed and the amount of the loss has been determined. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off decrease the amount of impairment losses in the income statement.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of allowance for impairment losses decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed by adjusting the allowance account. The amount of the reversal is recognised in the income statement.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.13 金融资产减值(续)

2.13 Impairment of financial assets (continued)

(2) 以公平值计量的资产

本集团于每个结算日 对个别或一组金融资 产是否存在减值的客 观证据进行评估。在 评估分类为可供出售 金融资产的股权投资 是否出现减值时,将 考虑该等投资的公平 值是否明显或持续地 低于其成本。如可供 出售金融资产存在此 类减值证据时, 其累 计亏损 - 即其购入 成本或摊余成本与现 时公平值之差额,扣 减该金融资产之前已 记入收益账内之累计 减值损失 - 需从权 益储备拨转至收益账 内。如日后被分类为 可供出售金融资产之 债务工具之公平值增 加, 并与收益账确认 减值后发生之事项有 客观关联,有关之减 值损失将于收益账内 回拨。至于股权工具 方面,该回拨会透过 权益项中之可供出售 投资储备进行回拨。

(2) Assets carried at fair value

The Group assesses as of each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. In the case of equity investments classified as available-for-sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered in determining whether the assets are impaired. If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative losses, measured as the difference between the acquisition cost or amortised cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in the consolidated income statement, is removed from equity and recognised in the income statement. If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of a debt instrument classified as available-for-sale increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised in the income statement, the impairment loss is reversed through the income statement. With respect to equity instruments, such reversals are made through the reserve for fair value change of available-for-sale securities within equity.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.14 财务担保合约

2.14 Financial guarantee contracts

财务担保合约是指签发人 需要在指定的债务人未能 根据持有人与债务人之间 的债务合约条款履行还款 责任时,需向持有人偿付 因此产生的指定损失金

Financial guarantee contracts are contracts that require the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due, in accordance with the terms of a contract between the holder and the debtor.

Financial guarantees are initially recognised as financial liabilities and reported under "Other accounts and provisions" in the financial statements at fair value on the date that the guarantee was given. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group's liabilities under such guarantees are measured at the higher of (i) the amount determined in accordance with HKAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets" and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised over the life of the guarantee on a straight-line basis. Any changes in the liability relating to financial guarantees are taken to the income statement.

2.15 对附属公司及联营公司之投资及非金融资产之减值

2.15 Impairment of investment in subsidiaries and associates and non-financial assets

使用寿命无限或尚未投入 使用之资产并不会被摊 销,但会每年进行减值测 试。对于已进行摊销之资 产,如因发生事件或情况 已改变,并显示该等资产 之账面值或将无法被收 回,则会进行减值重检。 资产的账面值超逾其可收 回金额的部分会被确认为 减值损失。可收回金额是 指资产的公平值扣除出售 成本后与其使用价值的较 高者。为作出减值评估, 资产乃按其最小的可分开 识别现金流 (现金产出单 元)层次分类。于每一财 务报告日,会对已发生减 值的资产进行重检以确定 需否回拨。

Assets that have an indefinite useful life or are not yet available for use are not subject to amortisation, but are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash generating units). Assets that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.16 固定资产

2.16 Fixed assets

(1) 房产、设备、固定设 施及装置

房产主要包括分行及 办公楼。房产需定期 但最少每隔三年以取 自外间独立估价师之 公开市值扣减随后发 生之折旧额列示。重 估当日之累计折旧额 需先冲销资产之账面 毛值,冲减后之净额 则重新调整至该资产 之重估值。相隔年间 由董事参考相近物业 之公开市值以检讨房 产之账面值, 如董事 认为该房产价值有重 大变动则会作出相应 调整。所有设备、固 定设施及装置均以扣 减累计折旧及减值后 之成本列账。成本包 括因取得及安装该项 目而直接产生之费 用。

(1) Premises, equipment, fixtures and fittings

Premises comprise primarily branches and offices. Premises are shown at open market value based on periodic, but at least triennial, valuations by external independent valuers less subsequent depreciation. Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset. In the intervening years, the directors review the carrying value of premises, by reference to the open market value of similar properties, and adjustments are made when there has been a material change. All equipment, fixtures and fittings are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Historical cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition and installation of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in an asset's carrying amount or are recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.16 固定资产(续)

2.16 Fixed assets (continued)

(1) 房产、设备、固定设 施及装置(续)

房产重估后之账面增 值拨入股东权益之房 产重估储备中。与同 一个别资产早前之增 值作对销之减值部 分,直接于权益项中 之房产重估储备中扣 减;余下之减值额则 确认于收益账内。其 后任何增值将拨入收 益账(以早前扣减之 金额为限), 然后拨至 房产重估储备内。出 售房产时,房产重估 储备中与先前估值有 关之已实现部分,将 从房产重估储备拨转 至留存盈利。

(1) Premises, equipment, fixtures and fittings (continued)

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of premises are credited to the premises revaluation reserve in shareholders' equity. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same individual asset are charged against premises revaluation reserve directly in equity; all other decreases are expensed in the income statement. Any subsequent increases are credited to the income statement up to the amount previously debited, and then to the premises revaluation reserve. Upon disposal of premises, the relevant portion of the premises revaluation reserve realised in respect of previous valuations is released and transferred from the premises revaluation reserve to retained earnings.

折旧以直线法,将资产之成本值或重估值于其如下估计可用年限内摊销:

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line method to write down the cost or revalued amount of such assets over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Over the remaining period of lease

- 房产 按租约余期

- Premises

- Equipment, fixtures and fittings

一 设备、固定设施及 装置 3至15年之间

The useful lives of assets are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, as of each balance sheet date.

3-15 years

本集团在每个结算日 重检资产的可用年 限,并已按适当情况 作出调整。



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.16 固定资产(续)

2.16 Fixed assets (continued)

(1) 房产、设备、固定设 施及装置(续)

在每个结算日,源自 内部及外界之资料均 会被用作评定房产、 设备、固定设施及装 置是否出现减值之迹 象。如该迹象存在, 则估算资产之可收回 价值,及在合适情况 下将减值损失确认以 将资产减至其可收回 价值。该等减值损失 在收益账内确认,但 假若某资产乃按估值 列账,而减值损失又 不超过同一资产之重 估盈余, 此等损失则 当作重估减值。可收 回价值指该资产之公 平值扣除出售成本后 之金额,与其使用价 值之较高者。减值损 失会按情况于重估储 备或收益账内回拨。

出售之盈利及亏损是 按出售净额与有关资 产账面值之差额而厘 定,并于收益账内确 认。

(1) Premises, equipment, fixtures and fittings (continued)

At each balance sheet date, both internal and external sources of information are considered to determine whether there is any indication that premises, equipment, fixtures and fittings are impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated and where relevant, an impairment loss is recognised to reduce the asset to its recoverable amount. Such impairment loss is recognised in the income statement except where the asset is carried at valuation and the impairment loss does not exceed the revaluation surplus for that same asset, in which case it is treated as a revaluation decrease. The recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Impairment loss is reversed through the premises revaluation reserve or income statement as appropriate.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount, relevant taxes and expenses. These are included in the income statement.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.16 固定资产(续)

2.16 Fixed assets (continued)

(2) 发展中物业

(2) Property under development

Property under development represents assets under construction or being installed and is stated at cost less impairment losses. Cost includes equipment cost, cost of development, construction, installation, interest and other direct costs attributable to the development. Items classified as property under development are transferred to premises or investment properties when such assets are ready for their intended use, and the depreciation charge commences from the month such assets are transferred to premises.

Impairment losses are recognised for idle projects with respect to which management has determined that resumption in the foreseeable future is not probable. The impairment loss is equal to the extent to which the estimated recoverable amount of a specific project is less than its carrying amount. The recoverable amount is the asset's fair value less costs to sell. Impairment losses or reversals are charged to the income statement.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.17 投资物业

2.17 Investment properties

持作赚取长期租金收益或 资本增值或两者兼备者, 且并非集团旗下各公司作投资 物业。出租予本集团内司之物业, 司之物业,于个别公司之的 对务报表中分类为投资和 业,及于综合财务报表中 分类为房产。若经营投资 中之土地部分符合投资物业。 经营租赁的 为投资物业。经营租赁 为融资租赁处理。 Properties that are held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that are not occupied by the companies in the Group, are classified as investment properties. Properties leased out within group companies are classified as investment properties in individual companies' financial statements and as premises in consolidated financial statements. Land held under operating lease is classified and accounted for as investment property when the rest of the definition of investment property is met. The operating lease is accounted for as if it is a finance lease.

投资物业最初以成本值 (包括相关交易成本)计量。经初始确认后,投资 物业按专业估价师之公开 市值为基础之公平值入 配 Investment properties are recognised initially at cost, including related transaction costs. After initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value assessed by professional valuers on the basis of open market value.

只有在与项目相关的未来 经济利益有可能流入本集 团,并能够可靠地计量项 目成本的情况下,本集团 才会将其后之成本计入为 资产账面值之一部分。所 有其他维护及保养费用均 需于产生时确认于当期收 益账内。 Subsequent expenditure is charged to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed in the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

任何公平值之变动会直接 于收益账内反映。根据香 港会计准则第12号「所得 税项」有关之诠译第21号 「所得税项 — 收回经重 新估值之非折旧资产」,投 资物业重估增值需计算递 延所得税项。 Any changes in fair value are reported directly in the income statement. Deferred income tax is provided on revaluation surpluses of investment properties in accordance with HKAS-Int 21 "Income Taxes – Recovery of Revalued Non-Depreciable Assets" on HKAS 12 "Income Taxes".



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.17 投资物业 (续)

倘投资物业改为自用,则 重新分类为房产, 而就会 计用途而言, 其于重新分 类日期之公平值成为其成 本值。倘房产项目因其用 途改变而成为投资物业, 则根据香港会计准则第16 号「物业、厂房及设备」 将此项目于转让日之账面 值与公平值间任何差额于 权益项中确认为房产重 估。惟若公平值增值抵销 以往之重估损失或减值损 失, 该增值则于收益账内 确认,并以过往已确认的 损失金额为限。

2.17 Investment properties (continued)

If an investment property becomes owner-occupied, it is reclassified as premises, and its fair value at the date of reclassification becomes its cost for accounting purposes. If an item of premises becomes an investment property because its use has changed, any difference resulting between the carrying amount and the fair value of this item at the date of transfer is recognised in equity as a revaluation of premises under HKAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment". However, if a fair value gain reverses a previous revaluation loss or impairment loss, the gain is recognised in the income statement up to the amount previously debited.

2.18 租赁

(1) 经营租赁

若经营租赁于租约到 期前已结束,任何需 缴付予出租人之罚款 将于结束发生当月于 收益账内确认为支 出。

若本集团为出租方, 经营租赁资产列为投 资物业。经营租赁之 租金收入在租约期内 以直线法确认。

2.18 Leases

(1) Operating leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. The total payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) which include land use rights with payments that are separately identifiable at inception of the lease are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

When an operating lease is terminated before the lease period has expired, any payment required to be made to the lessor by way of penalty is recognised as an expense in the period in which termination takes place.

Where the Group is a lessor, the assets subject to the operating lease are accounted for as investment properties. Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.18 租赁 (续)

2.18 Leases (continued)

(2) 物业之融资租赁

以租约业权型式拥有 之自用物业, 若租约 开始当日能可靠地分 摊其土地及房产之价 值,而且该土地的经 济年限并无限期,则 土地租约业权及其使 用权确认为「经营租 赁」。购置租约业权土 地及其使用权之预付 费用或有关其他成 本,将按租赁期限以 直线法摊销记入收益 账。如以上之预付费 用出现减值,该减值 需即时于收益账内确 认。若租约开始当日 未能可靠地划分其土 地及房产之价值,则 土地与房产部分均继 续被视为融资租赁, 并以公平值列账。

若本集团拥有之土地 及房产部分均被分类 为投资物业犹如其为 融资租赁,并以公平 值列账,则其土地及 房产部分并不需分开 估量。

(2) Finance leases on properties

Where the land and buildings elements of leasehold properties held for own use can be split reliably at inception of the lease, leasehold land and land use rights are recognised as operating leases if they have indefinite economic lives. The up-front prepayments made or other costs incurred for acquiring the leasehold land and land use rights are expensed in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. Where there is impairment of the up-front prepayments, the impairment is expensed in the income statement immediately. Where the land and buildings cannot be split reliably at inception of the lease, the land and buildings elements will continue to be treated as finance leases and measured at fair value.

Separate measurement of the land and buildings elements is not required when the Group's interest in both land and buildings is classified as investment properties as if it is finance lease and is measured at fair value.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.18 租赁 (续)

2.18 Leases (continued)

(2) 物业之融资租赁(续)

根据中国银行(香港) 有限公司(合并)条 例(「合并条例」) 2001,被指定分行及 附属公司之所有资产 及负债, 以及在香港 之中银集团所遗留下 之若干实体之股权, 均被有效地转移到中 银香港, 而中银香港 乃由之后新成立之中 银香港(控股)有限 公司直接拥有(下称 「合并」)。此乃本集 团之重大事件,本集 团因此采用了合并时 之估值,作为以租约 业权型式拥有物业之 设定成本, 以反映合 并当时之情况。

(2) Finance leases on properties (continued)

Pursuant to the Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited (Merger) Ordinance ("Merger Ordinance") 2001, all assets and liabilities of the designated branches and subsidiaries, and the shares of certain entities of the legacy Bank of China Group in Hong Kong were effectively transferred to BOCHK, which was immediately owned by the then newly formed BOC Hong Kong (Holdings) Limited ("the Merger"). This was a significant event and the Group has therefore adopted the valuation at the date of the Merger as the deemed cost for its leasehold properties to reflect the circumstances at the time of the Merger.

于合并时采纳设定成 本后,本集团参考独 立专业估价师为合并 而于2001年8月31日 所进行之估值, 当时 并没有对以租约业权 型式拥有之物业按土 地与房产部分所占之 价值进行划分。任何 其后对合并时之租约 业权型式拥有之物业 所作之土地与房产部 分之划分,均属于假 设性,并不能反映具 可靠性之资料。因此, 本集团之租约业权型 式拥有之物业, 因不 能可靠地划分土地及 房产之价值, 而整体 被视为融资租赁。本 集团亦根据香港会计 准则第16号「物业、 厂房及设备」,采用了 重估模型,对此等被 列为融资租赁之自用 资产,均以扣除累计 折旧及减值损失后之 公平值列账。

On adoption of the deemed cost at the date of Merger, the Group made reference to the independent property valuation conducted as at 31 August 2001 for the purpose of the Merger, which did not split the values of the leasehold properties between the land and buildings elements. Any means of subsequent allocation of the valuation of the leasehold properties at the date of Merger between the land and buildings elements would be notional and therefore would not represent reliable information. It is determined that the values of the land and buildings elements of the Group's leasehold properties cannot be reliably split and the leasehold properties are treated as finance leases. The Group has also adopted the revaluation model under HKAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment" by which assets held for own use arising under these finance leases are measured at fair value less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.19 现金及等同现金项目

就综合现金流量表而言, 现金及等同现金项目指按 原来到期日,于购入日期 起计三个月内到期之结 余,包括现金、银行及其

2.20 准备

当本集团因为已发生之事 件而须承担法律性或推定 性之现有责任,而解除该 责任时有可能消耗有经济 利益之资源,需在责任金 额能够可靠地作出估算之 情况下,为确认有关责任 而拨备。

他金融机构之结余、短期 票据及被分类为投资证券 及存款证之票据。

2.21 雇员福利

(1) 退休福利成本

本集团根据认可职业 退休计划或强积金计 划之定额供款退休计 划作出供款,集团雇 员均可参与。在职业 退休计划下,集团与 雇员之供款按雇员基 本薪金之百分比计 算,在强积金计划下 该等供款则按强积金 规例计算。退休福利 计划成本代表本集团 应向此等计划支付之 供款,会于产生时在 收益账支取。雇员于 全数享有其应得之集 团供款部分前退出此 职业退休计划, 因而 被没收之本集团供 款,会被本集团用作 扣减其目前供款负担 或根据职业退休计划 信托契据条款冲减其 开支。

2.19 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the consolidated cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise balances with original maturity less than three months from the date of acquisition, including cash, balances with banks and other financial institutions, short-term bills and notes classified as investment securities and certificates of deposit.

2.20 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

2.21 Employee benefits

(1) Retirement benefit costs

The Group contributes to defined contribution retirement schemes under either recognised ORSO schemes or MPF schemes that are available to the Group's employees. Contributions to the schemes by the Group and employees are calculated as a percentage of employees' basic salaries for the ORSO schemes and in accordance with the MPF rules for MPF schemes. The retirement benefit scheme costs are charged to the income statement as incurred and represent contributions payable by the Group to the schemes. Contributions made by the Group that are forfeited by those employees who leave the ORSO scheme prior to the full vesting of their entitlement to the contributions are used by the Group to reduce the existing level of contributions or to meet its expenses under the trust deed of the ORSO schemes.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.21 雇员福利 (续)

2.21 Employee benefits (continued)

(1) 退休福利成本 (续)

退休计划之资产与本 集团之资产分开持 有,并由独立管理基 金保管。

(2) 有偿缺勤

雇员获享之年度休假 及病假在累积时确 认,本集团会对雇员 服务至结算日所累 积,但尚未使用之年 度休假及预计所需支 付之病假作出估算及 拨备。

(3) 獎金计划

(1) Retirement benefit costs (continued)

The assets of the schemes are held in independently-administered funds separate from those of the Group.

(2) Leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and sick leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for unused annual leave and the amount of sick leave expected to be paid as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date.

Compensated absences other than annual leave and sick leave are non-accumulating; they lapse if the current period's entitlement is not used in full and do not entitle employees to a cash payment for unused entitlement on leaving the Group. Such compensated absences are recognised when the absences occur.

(3) Bonus plans

The expected cost of bonus payments are recognised as a liability when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of services rendered by employees and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made. Liabilities for bonus plans are expected to be settled within twelve months and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when they are settled.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.22 递延所得税项

2.22 Deferred income taxes

所有因综合财务报表内资 产及负债之税务基础与其 账面值之暂时性差异而产 生之递延所得税项均以资 产负债表负债法提拨。 延所得税项是按结算日之 规行或实际会执行之递延 所得税资产实现时或延延 所得负债需清付时所适用 之税率计算。 Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

主要之暂时性差异源于资 产减值准备、物业及设备 之折旧、若干资产之重估, 包括可供出售证券及物 业、以及结转之税务亏损。 除企业合并外,若资产或 负债在交易初始确认时, 并未有对会计损益或应课 税损益构成影响,则无需 确认递延所得税项。 The principal temporary differences arise from asset impairment provisions, depreciation of property and equipment, revaluation of certain assets including available-for-sale securities and properties, and tax losses carried forward. However, the deferred income tax is not recognised if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss.

所有因应课税暂时性差异 而产生之递延所得税项负 债均会被确认,而当未来 之应课税利润预计可被用 作抵扣暂时性差异时,因 该暂时性差异而产生之递 延所得税资产将被确认。 Deferred income tax liabilities are provided in full on all taxable temporary differences and deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

基于利润而需支付之所得税,是根据营业所在地区 之适当税率计算,并确认 为当期支出。 Income tax payable on profits, based on the applicable tax law in each jurisdiction, is recognised as an expense in the period in which profits arise.

递延所得税项乃记于收益 账内。但因可供出售证券 的公平值重新计量及对物 业之重估直接计入权益 内,故由此产生的递延税 项也直接计入权益内,并 于以后随着相关递延收益 和损失的确认而一同确认 在收益账中。 Deferred income tax is charged or credited in the income statement except for deferred income tax relates to fair value re-measurement of available-for-sale investments and revaluation of premises which are charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred income tax is also credited or charged directly to equity and is subsequently recognised in the income statement together with the realisation of the deferred gain and loss.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.23 收回资产

收回资产按其收回日之公 平值或有关贷款之摊余成 本之较低者列账。有关贷 款及应收款及有关已提准 备于资产负债表中予以注 销。其后,收回资产取其 成本或可变现净值中之较 低者计量,并于「其他资 产」项下之「待售非流动 资产」列账。

2.23 Repossessed assets

Repossessed assets are initially recognised at the lower of their fair value or the amortised cost of the related outstanding loans on the date of repossession. The related loans and advances together with the related impairment allowances are then derecognised from the balance sheet. Subsequently, repossessed assets are measured at the lower of their cost or net realisable value and are reported as 'Non-current assets held for sale' under 'Other assets'.

2.24 信托业务

本集团一般以信托人或其 他授托人身分,代表个人、 信托及其他机构持有或管 理资产。由于该等资产并 不属于本集团资产,据此 而产生之资产及任何收入 或亏损,将不计入本财务 报表内。

2.24 Fiduciary activities

The Group commonly acts as a trustee, or in other fiduciary capacities, that result in its holding or managing assets on behalf of individuals, trusts and other institutions. These assets and any income or losses arising thereon are excluded from these financial statements, as they are not assets of the Group.



2. 重大会计政策摘要(续) 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.25 或然负债及或然资产

2.25 Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

或然负债是指由过去已发生的事件引起的可能需要履行的责任,其存在将由一宗或多宗本集团所不能完全控制的未来不确定事件出现与否来确认。或是由于过去自负债也可能是由于过去自负任,但由于估计不会导致任,但由于估计不会导致任,但由于估计不会导致任,但由于估计不会导致。

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably.

或然负债不会被确认为准备,但会在财务报表附注中加以披露。如情况发生变化,使经济利益的流出变得很有可能时,则会将其确认为准备。

A contingent liability is not recognised as a provision but is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that outflow is probable, it will then be recognised as a provision.

或然资产指因为已发生之 事件而可能产生之资产, 此等资产只能就本集团不 能完全控制之一宗或多宗 未来不确定事件之出现与 否才能确认。 A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain events not wholly within the control of the Group.

或然资产不会被确认,但 如有可能收到经济利益 时,会在财务报表附注中 披露。若将会收到之经济 利益可被实质确定时,将 确认为资产。 Contingent assets are not recognised but are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements when an inflow of economic benefits is probable. When the inflow is virtually certain, it will be recognised as an asset.

2.26 有关连人士

2.26 Related parties

就此等财务报表而言,倘本集团有能力直接或间间接控制另一方,或可对另一方之财务及经营决策发挥重大影响力,或相反,或相反,或相反,或相反,或相反,或相反,或相反,以为有关的人士受到,则该等人士被视为有关连人士。有关连人士可为个人或实体。

For the purposes of these financial statements, a party is considered to be related to the Group if the Group has the ability, directly and indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Group and the party are subject to common control. Related parties may be individuals or entities.



Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

3. 应用会计政策时之重大 会计估计及判断

本集团作出的会计估计和假设通常会影响下一会计年度的资产和负债的账面价值。该等估计及判断是根据过往历史经验及于有关情况下被认为合理之其他因素,包括对未来事件的预期而作出,并会持续接受评估。对因必要其他分类的情况,而会影响其来的估计及判断转变,而会影响其,将列示如下。如何厘定,重要假设或其他估量所存在之不明朗因素及其转变所带来之影响将于以下,则出。而未来有可能根据实际情况的变化对这些会计估计做出重大调整。

3. Critical accounting estimates and judgements in applying accounting policies

The Group makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Areas susceptible to changes in essential estimates and judgements, which affect the carrying value of assets and liabilities, are set out below. The effect of changes to either the key assumptions or other estimation uncertainties will be presented below if it is practicable to determine. It is possible that actual results may require material adjustments to the estimates referred to below.

3.1 贷款及应收款减值准备

本集团至少每季对贷款组合 的减值损失情况进行一次评 估。于决定是否确认减值损 失于综合收益账时, 本集团 于识别某一贷款组合内个别 贷款之减值损失前,会首先 判断是否有可观察数据显示 该贷款组合所产生之未来预 计现金流量将出现有可量度 之下降。该证据包括显示该 组合内借款人之还款状况有 不利转变(如拖欠或逾期还 款)或与组合内贷款资产违 约有关的经济状况。管理层 于估计未来现金流量时,将 根据具有与该组合类似之信 贷风险特征及客观减值证据 之资产之过往损失经验作为 估计基准。用作估计未来现 金流量金额及时间之方法及 假设会被定期检讨,籍以减 少估计损失与实际损失经验 间之差异。

3.1 Impairment allowances on loans and advances

The Group reviews its loan portfolios to assess impairment at least on a quarterly basis. In determining whether an impairment loss should be recorded in the income statement, the Group makes judgements as to whether there is any observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a portfolio of loans and advances before the decrease can be identified with an individual loan in that portfolio. This evidence may include observable data indicating that there has been an adverse change in the payment status of borrowers in a group (e.g. payment delinquency or default), or economic conditions that correlate with defaults on assets in the group. Management uses estimates based on historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics and objective evidence of impairment similar to those in the portfolio when estimating expected future cash flows. The methodology and assumptions used for estimating both the amount and timing of future cash flows are reviewed regularly to reduce any differences between loss estimates and actual loss experience.



Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

3. 应用会计政策时之重大 会计估计及判断 (续)

3. Critical accounting estimates and judgements in applying accounting policies (continued)

3.2 金融工具的公平值

3.2 Fair values of financial instruments

没有活跃市场报价之金融工 具, 其公平值会根据估值方 法厘定。所采用之估值方法 包括贴现现金流量分析,以 及从外间购入,并被业内广 泛采用之财务分析或风险管 理系统之内置模型。若实际 操作上可行, 定价模型将只 采用可观察数据。惟当未能 获得有关之数据,本集团将 采用插值法或外推法估计所 需之数据。若有关以上估量 之假设有所改变,将影响财 务报表上所列示之金融工具 之公平值。

The fair values of financial instruments that are not quoted in active markets are determined by using valuation techniques. Valuation techniques used include discounted cash flows analysis and models with built-in functions available in externally acquired financial analysis or risk management systems widely used by the industry. To the extent practical, models use only observable data. However, in case of missing data, the Group uses interpolation or extrapolation methods to estimate the data required. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect reported fair value of financial instruments.

3.3 持有至到期日投资

3.3 Held-to-maturity investments

本集团跟循香港会计准则第 39号之指引,将具有固定或 确定付款额及还款期的若干 非衍生工具金融资产分类为 持有至到期日投资。此分类 需运用重大判断。于使用该 判断时,本集团会考虑其持 有之意向及能持有该资产至 到期日之能力。除特定情况 下, 例如出售金额不重大之 接近到期日投资, 若本集团 未能持有该等投资至到期 日,则整个类别需被重新分 类为可供出售投资,而该投 资将以公平值计量, 而不能 以摊余成本计量。截至2006 年12月31日,整个持有至到 期日投资组合之公平值约等 于其摊销成本。

The Group follows the guidance of HKAS 39 in classifying certain non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity as held-to-maturity. This classification requires significant judgement. In making this judgement, the Group evaluates its intention and ability to hold such investments to maturity. If the Group fails to hold these investments to maturity other than for specific circumstances defined in HKAS 39, such as selling an insignificant amount close to maturity, it will be required to reclassify the entire portfolio of assets as available-for-sale. The investments would then be measured at fair value and not amortised cost. As at 31 December 2006, the fair value of the entire portfolio of held-to-maturity investments is approximately equal to its amortised cost.



Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

4. 金融风险管理

4. Financial risk management

此附注概述本集团及本银行 对信贷风险、市场风险、利率 风险及流动资金风险之控制, 并列示了使用金融工具的风 险暴露之财务资料。 This note summarises the Group's and the Bank's control of credit risk, market risk, interest rate risk and liquidity risk, and presents financial information about the exposure to the use of financial instruments.

信贷风险管理

信贷风险指因客户或交易对手 未能或不愿意履行合约责任的 风险。风险总监领导的风险的 要的责本集团信贷风风险的客户 中化管理。本集团对不货申请及 监控程序。企业授信申审核及 医管理单位进行信申审核及 医管理单位进行信令 定转揭取信贷款、证明的信贷, 定转揭取信贷款、证明的信用; 须由副总裁级或以上人由集团货 信和其他业务专家组成的险评 审委员会进行独立风险评 审。

Credit Risk Management

Credit risk is the risk that a customer or counterparty will be unable to or unwilling to meet a commitment it has entered into with the Group. The Risk Management Department (RMD), under the supervision of the CRO, provides centralised management of credit risk within the Group. Different credit approval and control procedures are adopted according to the level of risk associated with the customer or transaction. Corporate credit applications are independently reviewed and objectively assessed by risk management units. A credit scoring system is used to process retail credit transactions, including residential mortgage loans, personal loans and credit cards. The Credit Risk Assessment Committee comprising experts from credit and other functions of the Group is responsible for making an independent assessment of all credit facilities which require the approval of Deputy Chief Executives or above.

集团按金管局的贷款分类制度,实施八级信贷评级系统。 风险管理部定期提供信贷风险 管理报告,并按管理委员会、 风险委员会、稽核委员会及董 事会的特别要求,提供专题报 告。 The Group adopts an eight-grade facility grading structure according to HKMA's loan classification requirement. RMD provides regular credit management information reports and ad hoc reports to the Management Committee, RC, AC and Board of Directors.

市场风险管理

市场风险是指因为市场利率或价格波动导致出现亏损的风险。集团的市场风险包括来自客户业务及自营持仓。自营持仓每日均会按市值计价。市场风险根据风险委员会批核的风险限额进行管理。整体风险限额参照不同的风险因素,例如利率、汇率、商品及股票价格,再细分为不同限额。

Market Risk Management

Market risk is the risk of loss that results from movements in market rates and prices. The Group's market risk arises from customer-related business and proprietary trading. Trading positions are subject to daily marked-to-market valuation. Market risk is managed within the risk limits approved by RC. The overall risk limits are divided into sub-limits by reference to different risk factors, including interest rate, foreign exchange rate, commodity price and equity price.



Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

4. 金融风险管理(续)

4. Financial risk management (continued)

市场风险管理(续)

风险管理部负责集团市场风险 管理,确保整体和个别的市场 风险均控制在集团可接受的风 险水平之内: 另每天对风险暴 露进行监控,以确保控制在既 定的风险限额内。

Market Risk Management (continued)

RMD is responsible for the oversight of the Group's market risk to ensure that overall and individual market risks are within the Group's risk tolerance. Risk exposures are monitored on a day-to-day basis to ensure that they are within established risk limits.

利率风险管理

集团的利率风险主要是结构性 风险。结构性持仓的主要利率 风险类别为:

利率重订风险 - 由于资产及 负债到期日或重订价格期限可 能出现错配

利率基准风险 - 不同交易的不同定价基准,令资产的收益率和负债的成本可能会在同一重订价格期间以不同的幅度变化

集团的资产负债管理委员会主责利率风险管理;委员会制订的利率风险管理政策须由风险委员会审批。集团每日识别及衡量利率风险。司库部根据既定政策对利率风险进行管理,财务部密切监察有关风险,并定期向风险委员会及资产负债管理委员会汇报。

缺口分析是集团用来量度利率 重订风险的工具之一。这项分 析提供资产负债状况的到期情 况及重订价格特点的静态资 料。集团采用利率衍生工具来 对冲利率风险,在一般情况下 会利用简单的利率互换合约对 冲有关风险。

Interest Rate Risk Management

The Group's interest rate risk exposures are mainly structural. The major types of interest rate risk from structural positions are:

repricing risk – mismatches in the maturity or repricing periods of assets and liabilities

basis risk – different pricing basis for different transactions so that yield on assets and cost of liabilities may change by different amounts within the same repricing period

The Group's Asset and Liability Management Committee ("ALCO") maintains oversight of interest rate risk and RC sanctions the interest rate risk management policies formulated by ALCO. The interest rate risk is identified and measured on a daily basis. The Treasury Department manages the interest rate risk according to the established policies. The Finance Department closely monitors the related risks and the results are reported to RC and ALCO regularly.

Gap analysis is one of the tools used to measure the Group's exposure to repricing risk. This provides the Group with a static view of the maturity and repricing characteristics of its balance sheet positions. The Group uses interest rate derivatives to hedge its interest rate exposures and in most cases, plain vanilla interest rate swaps are used.



Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

4. 金融风险管理(续)

4. Financial risk management (continued)

利率风险管理(续)

盈利及经济价值对利率变化的 敏感度(涉险盈利及涉险经济 价值)通过模拟孳息曲线平衡 移动 200 个基点的利率震荡来 计算。涉险盈利及涉险经济价值分别控制在经风险委员会核 定的占当年预算净利息收入及 最新资本基础的一个特定百分 比之内。有关结果定期向资产 负债管理委员会及风险委员会 报告。

Interest Rate Risk Management (continued)

Sensitivities of earnings and economic value to interest rate changes (Earnings at Risk and Economic Value at Risk) are assessed through a hypothetical interest rate shock of 200 basis points across the yield curve on both sides. Earnings at Risk and Economic Value at Risk are controlled respectively within an approved percentage of the projected net interest income for the year and the latest capital base as sanctioned by RC. The results are reported to ALCO and RC on a regular basis.

集团透过情景分析, 监察利率 基准风险因收益率及成本率不 同步变化对净利息收入所预计 产生的影响, 及设定相同订息 基准的资产负债比例以作监 控。 The impact of basis risk is gauged by the projected change in net interest income under scenarios of imperfect correlation in the adjustment of the rates earned and paid on different instruments. Ratios of assets to liabilities with similar pricing basis are established to monitor such risk.

流动资金风险管理

流动资金管理的目标是令集团即使在恶劣市况下,仍能按时应付所有到期债务,以及为其资产增长和策略机会提供所需资金,避免要在紧急情况下被迫出售资产套现。

集团业务所需的资金主要来自 零售及企业客户的存款。此外, 集团亦可发行存款证以获取长 期资金,或透过调整集团资产 组合内的投资组合获取资金。 集团将资金大部分用于贷款、

投资债务证券或拆放同业。

集团透过现金流分析和检视存 款稳定性、风险集中性、错配 比率、贷存比率及投资组合的 流动资金状况, 来监察流动资 金风险。集团资产负债管理策 略的主要目标,是要在有效的 风险管理机制内保持足够的流 动性和资本金水平,同时争取 最佳回报。资产负债管理委员 会负责制订政策方针(包括流 动风险应变计划),风险委员 会负责审批流动资金管理政 策。司库部根据既定政策对流 动资金风险进行管理。财务部 负责监察集团的流动资金风 险,定期向管理层及资产负债 管理委员会汇报。

Liquidity Risk Management

The aim of liquidity management is to enable the Group to meet, even under adverse market conditions, all its maturing repayment obligations on time, and to fund all its asset growth and strategic opportunities without forced liquidation of its assets at short notice.

The Group funds its operations principally by accepting deposits from retail and corporate depositors. In addition, the Group may issue certificates of deposit to secure long-term funds. Funding may also be secured through adjusting the asset mix in the Group's investment portfolio. The Group uses the majority of funds raised to extend loans, to purchase debt securities or to conduct interbank placements.

The Group monitors the liquidity risks using cash flow analysis and by examining deposit stability, concentration risk, mismatch ratios, loan-to-deposit ratio and liquidity profile of the investment portfolio. The primary objective of the Group's asset and liability management strategy is to achieve optimal returns while ensuring adequate levels of liquidity and capital within an effective risk control framework and ALCO is responsible for establishing these policy directives (including the liquidity contingency plan), and RC sanctions the liquidity management policies. The Treasury Department manages the liquidity risk according to the established policies. The Finance Department monitors the Group's liquidity risks and reports to the management and ALCO regularly.



4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)

A) 资产、负债及资产负债 表外项目的地区分布

A) Geographical concentrations of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items

以下之附注结合了香港会 计准则第32号所要求之风 险披露及香港会计准则第 30号之地区风险分布。地 区风险分布是根据记录相 关项目的附属公司、联营 公司或分行之所在地划 分。 The following note incorporates the requirements on risk disclosures of HKAS 32 and geographical concentrations of risk of HKAS 30, based on the location of the subsidiary, associate or branch in which the related item is recorded.

资本性开支的地区分布以 物业及设备的所在地划 分。 Capital expenditure is shown by the geographical area in which the buildings and equipment are located.

本集团 The Group

			The Group		
			2006		
				提取贷款	
				减值准备前	
				之总经营收入	
				Total	
			或然负债及承担	operating	
			Contingent	income	
	资产总额	负债总额	liabilities	before	资本性开支
	Total	Total	and	loan impairment	Capital
	assets	liabilities	commitments	allowances	expenditure
	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
long Kong	897,535	824,536	172,409	20,370	725
lainland China	15,525	8,122	15,189	609	9
thers	729	711	188	21	1
	913,789	833,369	187,786	21,000	735
1	long Kong fainland China bthers	Total assets 港币百万元 HK\$'m long Kong 897,535 fainland China 15,525 others 729	Total assets Habilities Habilities	或然负债及承担 Contingent 资产总额 负债总额 liabilities Total Total and assets liabilities commitments 港市百万元 港市百万元 HK\$'m HK\$'m HK\$'m HK\$'m Iong Kong 897,535 824,536 172,409 Iainland China 15,525 8,122 15,189 Others 729 711 188	提取贷款 減值准备前 之总经营收入 Total 或然负债及承担 Contingent income income income liabilities before loan impairment allowances 港市百万元 推币百万元 推币百万元 推币百万元 HK\$'m HK\$'m HK\$'m HK\$'m HK\$'m



- 4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)
 - A) 资产、负债及资产负债 表外项目的地区分布 (续)
- A) Geographical concentrations of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items (continued)

		本集团 The Group		
		或然负债及承担 Contingent	提取贷款 减值准备前 之总经营收入 Total operating income	
		liabilities	before	资本性开支
			·	Capital expenditure
港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
799,713 21,838 550	742,400 4,508 368	146,077 15,498 112	17,444 500 24	562 7
822,101	747,276	161,687	17,968	569
		本银行 The Bank		
资产总额 Total assets 港币百万元 HK\$'m	负债总额 Total liabilities 港币百万元 HK\$'m	或然负债及承担 Contingent liabilities and commitments 港币百万元 HK\$'m	提取贷款 減值准备前 之总经营收入 Total operating income before loan impairment allowances 推币百万元 HK\$'m	资本性开支 Capital expenditure 港币百万元 HK\$'m
788,453 4,430	716,093 4,270	115,153 3,314	17,554 247	671 _
792,883	720,363		17,801	671
	Yes a HK\$'m 799,713 21,838 550 822,101 822,101 Total assets 港币百万元 HK\$'m 788,453 4,430	Total assets liabilities 港币百万元 HK\$'m 799,713 742,400 21,838 4,508 550 368 822,101 747,276 第币百万元 HK\$'m Total assets 港币百万元 HK\$'m 788,453 4,430 4,270	The Group 2005 2	The Group 2005 提取贷款 減値准备前 之总经营收入 Total operating income before loan impairment allowances The Bank Total 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 2



- 4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)
 - A) 资产、负债及资产负债 表外项目的地区分布 (续)

香港

中国内地

A) Geographical concentrations of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items (continued)

			本银行 The Bank		
-			2005		
				提取贷款	_
				减值准备前	
				之总经营收入	
				Total	
			或然负债及承担	operating	
			Contingent	income	
	资产总额	负债总额	liabilities	before	资本性开支
	Total	Total	and	loan impairment	Capital
<u>-</u>	assets	liabilities	commitments	allowances	expenditure
	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
Hong Kong	693,658	637,296	97,216	15,499	482
Mainland China	13,178	1,349	3,626	170	
-	706,836	638,645	100,842	15,669	482



4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financia

4. Financial risk management (continued)

B) 汇率风险

B) Currency risk

下表概述了本集团及本银行于12月31日之外币汇率风险暴露。表内以折合港元账面值列示本集团及本银行之资产及负债,并按原币分类。

Tables below summarise the Group's and the Bank's exposure to foreign currency exchange rate risk as at 31 December. Included in the tables are the Group's and the Bank's assets and liabilities at carrying amounts in HK\$ equivalent, categorised by the original currency.

本集团 The Group

	<u>-</u>				The G	Group			
					200	06			
	_		美元	港元		日圆	英镑	44.41	
		人民币 Renminbi	US Dollars	HK Dollars	欧罗 EURO	Japanese Yen	Pound Sterling	其他 Others	总计 Total
	-	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币
		百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
资产	Assets								
库存现金及在银行及其他金融机构	Cash and balances with banks and								
的结余	other financial institutions	24,474	3,365	2,676	126	183	56	93	30,973
银行及其他金融机构存款	Placements with banks and other								
	financial institutions	707	35,142	89,781	947	497	768	2,794	130,636
交易性证券及公平值变化计入损益	Trading securities and other								
的其他金融资产	financial instruments at fair								
	value through profit or loss	-	4,959	6,183	1,041	-	-	1,011	13,194
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	203	7,190	-	_	_	-	7,393
香港特别行政区政府负债证明书	Hong Kong SAR Government								
	certificates of indebtedness	-	-	34,750	-	-	-	-	34,750
贷款及其他账项	Advances and other accounts	4,559	54,737	285,782	2,505	1,678	1,001	2,582	352,844
可供出售证券	Available-for-sale securities	-	58,627	29,012	4,200	-	2,118	6,432	100,389
持有至到期日证券	Held-to-maturity securities	-	98,960	45,780	3,815	-	1,790	15,243	165,588
贷款及应收款	Loans and receivables	-	2,556	32,909		-	302	347	36,114
联营公司权益	Interests in associates	-		60	-	_	-	-	60
物业、厂房及设备	Properties, plant and equipment	69	1	19,665	-	-	_	-	19,735
投资物业	Investment properties	_	_	7,481	_	_	_	_	7,481
其他资产(包括递延税项资产)	Other assets (including deferred			, -					, -
	tax assets)	59	294	13,773	99	122	85	200	14,632
Note that Mr. about									
资产总额	Total assets	29,868	258,844	575,042	12,733	2,480	6,120	28,702	913,789



4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)

B) 汇率风险(续) B) Currency risk (continued)

本集团 The Group

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	- -	人民币 Renminbi	美元 US Dollars	港元 HK Dollars	欧罗 EURO	日圆 Japanese Yen	英镑 Pound Sterling	其他 Others	总计 Total	
	-	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币	
		百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	
负债	Liabilities									
香港特别行政区流通纸币	Hong Kong SAR currency notes in									
	circulation	-	-	34,750	-	-	-	-	34,750	
银行及其他金融机构之存款及结余	Deposits and balances of banks									
	and other financial institutions	17,198	16,587	12,590	1,112	415	97	1,035	49,034	
交易性负债及公平值变化计入损益	Trading liabilities and other									
的其他金融工具	financial instruments at fair									
	value through profit or loss	-	3,342	9,287	-	-	-	-	12,629	
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	450	3,602	-	-	-	-	4,052	
客户存款	Deposits from customers	10,994	143,913	485,991	5,893	3,609	11,968	33,248	695,616	
发行之存款证	Certificates of deposit issued	-	987	1,511	-	-	-	-	2,498	
其他账项及准备(包括本年及递延	Other accounts and provisions									
税项负债)	(including current and deferred									
	tax liabilities)	451	8,369	24,867	274	131	92	606	34,790	
负债总额	Total liabilities	28,643	173,648	572,598	7,279	4,155	12,157	34,889	833,369	
资产负债表头寸净值	Not an halance cheet resition									
页厂贝顶农关\/ 伊恒	Net on-balance sheet position	1,225	85,196	2,444	5,454	(1,675)	(6,037)	(6,187)	80,420	
表外资产负债头寸净值*	Off-balance sheet net notional position*	54	(83,503)	77,982	(5,501)	1,817	6,012	6,433	3,294	
	-	J-1	(30,000)	11,002	(0,001)	1,011	0,012	0,700	0,204	
或然负债及承担	Contingent liabilities and									
-74007 1040444-	commitments	2,666	42,196	137,880	2,643	527	117	1,757	187,786	
	-	•	•	•				•		

^{*}表外资产负债头寸净值指外汇 衍生金融工具的名义合约数额 净值。外汇衍生金融工具主要用 来减低本集团之汇率变动风险。

^{*} Off-balance sheet net notional position represents the net notional amounts of foreign currency derivative financial instruments, which are principally used to reduce the Group's exposure to currency movements.



资产总额

Total assets

财务报表附注(续) Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)

B) 汇率风险(续) B) Currency risk (continued)

所定 Assets 库存現金及在银行及其他金融机构 Cash and balances with banks and 的结余 other financial institutions placements with banks and other financial institutions 22,730 4,752 2,696 153 154 103 115 で			本集团									
大民市 Renminbi Pulsar 美元 VERD Pulsar 港市 BUS Pulsar WB Pulsar BURD Pulsar 支持的 Pulsar BURD Pulsar		-										
大尺市 Reminible 人民市 Dollars 港市 山大 港市 港市 百万元 山大 港市 百万元 山大 百万元 地市 百万元 地下 百万元 田K\$'m HK\$'m		-		· ·	\!!. -	200						
西方元 西方				US	HK		Japanese	Pound		总计 Total		
廣产 Assets 库存现金及在银行及其他金融机构 Cash and balances with banks and 的结余 other financial institutions 目前ancial institutions 目前ancial institutions 目前ancial institutions 目前ancial institutions 目前ancial institutions 目前ancial institutions 目标 目标 日本		-								港币		
										百万元		
库存现金及在银行及其他金融机构 Cash and balances with banks and 的结余			HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m		
的结余 other financial institutions 22,730 4,752 2,696 153 154 103 115 银行及其他金融机构存款 Placements with banks and other financial institutions 262 35,832 82,190 371 - 3,064 3,943 1 交易性证券及公平值变化计入损益 Trading securities and other 的其他金融资产 financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss - 5,422 3,870 1,209 1,508 行生金融工具 Derivative financial instruments - 874 4,310	资产	Assets										
限行及其他金融机构存款 Placements with banks and other financial institutions 262 35,832 82,190 371 - 3,064 3,943 1 交易性证券及公平值变化计入损益 Trading securities and other 的其他金融资产 financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss - 5,422 3,870 1,209 1,508 7生金融工具 Derivative financial instruments - 874 4,310	库存现金及在银行及其他金融机构	Cash and balances with banks and										
financial institutions 262 35,832 82,190 371 - 3,064 3,943 1 交易性证券及公平值变化计入损益 Trading securities and other 的其他金融资产 financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss - 5,422 3,870 1,209 1,508 行生金融工具 Derivative financial instruments - 874 4,310 1,508 千 港特别行政区政府负债证明书 Hong Kong SAR Government certificates of indebtedness 32,630	的结余	other financial institutions	22,730	4,752	2,696	153	154	103	115	30,703		
交易性证券及公平值变化计入损益 的其他金融资产 Trading securities and other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss - 5,422 3,870 1,209 1,508 衍生金融工具 Derivative financial instruments - 874 4,310	银行及其他金融机构存款	Placements with banks and other										
的其他金融资产 financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss - 5,422 3,870 1,209 1,508 行生金融工具 Derivative financial instruments - 874 4,310		financial institutions	262	35,832	82,190	371	-	3,064	3,943	125,662		
value through profit or loss - 5,422 3,870 1,209 - - 1,508 衍生金融工具 Derivative financial instruments - 874 4,310 - - - - - 香港特別行政区政府负债证明书 Hong Kong SAR Government certificates of indebtedness - - 32,630 -<	交易性证券及公平值变化计入损益	Trading securities and other										
	的其他金融资产	financial instruments at fair										
香港特別行政区政府负债证明书 Hong Kong SAR Government certificates of indebtedness - - 32,630 - <th< td=""><td></td><td>value through profit or loss</td><td>-</td><td>5,422</td><td>3,870</td><td>1,209</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>1,508</td><td>12,009</td></th<>		value through profit or loss	-	5,422	3,870	1,209	-	-	1,508	12,009		
certificates of indebtedness - - 32,630 -	衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	874	4,310	-	-	-	-	5,184		
贷款及其他账项 Advances and other accounts 1,961 47,896 279,033 3,738 2,423 831 2,512 3 可供出售证券 Available-for-sale securities - 26,033 19,283 2,414 - 1,011 3,502 持有至到期日证券 Held-to-maturity securities - 101,694 57,640 4,003 243 1,288 13,653 1 贷款及应收款 Loans and receivables - 1,704 9,778 1,598 联营公司权益 Interests in associates - 61 - 61 1,598	香港特别行政区政府负债证明书	Hong Kong SAR Government										
可供出售证券 Available-for-sale securities - 26,033 19,283 2,414 - 1,011 3,502 持有至到期日证券 Held-to-maturity securities - 101,694 57,640 4,003 243 1,288 13,653 1 贷款及应收款 Loans and receivables - 1,704 9,778 1,598 联营公司权益 Interests in associates 61		certificates of indebtedness	-	-	32,630	-	-	-	-	32,630		
持有至到期日证券 Held-to-maturity securities - 101,694 57,640 4,003 243 1,288 13,653 1 贷款及应收款 Loans and receivables - 1,704 9,778 1,598 联营公司权益 Interests in associates 61	贷款及其他账项	Advances and other accounts	1,961	47,896	279,033	3,738	2,423	831	2,512	338,394		
贷款及应收款 Loans and receivables - 1,704 9,778 1,598 联营公司权益 Interests in associates 61	可供出售证券	Available-for-sale securities	-	26,033	19,283	2,414	_	1,011	3,502	52,243		
联营公司权益 Interests in associates 61	持有至到期日证券	Held-to-maturity securities	-	101,694	57,640	4,003	243	1,288	13,653	178,521		
物业、厂房及设备 Properties, plant and equipment 61 - 18,255	贷款及应收款	Loans and receivables	-	1,704	9,778	_	_	-	1,598	13,080		
10,200	联营公司权益	Interests in associates	-	-	61	_	-	-	-	61		
The Mark III	物业、厂房及设备	Properties, plant and equipment	61	-	18,255	_	-	-	_	18,316		
投资物业 Investment properties 7,539	投资物业	Investment properties	_	_	7,539	_	-	-	_	7,539		
其他资产(包括递延税项资产) Other assets (including deferred	其他资产(包括递延税项资产)	Other assets (including deferred			,					,		
tax assets) 19 744 6,952 9 35		tax assets)	19	744	6,952	-	_	9	35	7,759		

25,033 224,951 524,237

11,888

2,820

6,306

26,866 822,101



4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)

B) 汇率风险(续) B) Currency risk (continued)

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	-	人民币 Renminbi	美元 US Dollars	港元 HK Dollars	欧罗 EURO	日圆 Japanese Yen	英镑 Pound Sterling	其他 Others	总计 Total
	- -	港币 百万元	港币 百万元	港币 百万元	港币 百万元	港币 百万元	港币 百万元	港币 百万元	港币 百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
负债	Liabilities								
香港特别行政区流通纸币	Hong Kong SAR currency notes in								
	circulation	-	-	32,630	-	-	-	-	32,630
银行及其他金融机构之存款及结余	Deposits and balances of banks								
	and other financial institutions	14,150	9,245	12,507	247	3,389	63	1,054	40,655
交易性负债及公平值变化计入损益	Trading liabilities and other								
的其他金融工具	financial instruments at fair								
	value through profit or loss	-	2,746	5,178	-	-	-	-	7,924
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	840	3,353	-	-	-	-	4,193
客户存款	Deposits from customers	9,210	132,214	427,493	6,787	2,693	13,199	41,504	633,100
发行之存款证	Certificates of deposit issued	_	1,325	2,640	-	-	_	-	3,965
其他账项及准备(包括本年及递延	Other accounts and provisions								
税项负债)	(including current and deferred								
	tax liabilities)	629	5,879	16,766	222	131	196	986	24,809
负债总额	Total liabilities	23,989	152,249	500,567	7,256	6,213	13,458	43,544	747,276
	-			-		•	•	-	
资产负债表头寸净值	Net on-balance sheet position	1,044	72,702	23,670	4,632	(3,393)	(7,152)	(16,678)	74,825
表外资产负债头寸净值	Off-balance sheet net notional								
WIA/ ABATOE	position	(5)	(68,875)	48,257	(4,575)	3,392	7,146	16,811	2,151
或然负债及承担	Contingent liabilities and								
-20m2 (1202/4)	commitments	1,558	34,600	121,428	1,945	812	50	1,294	161,687



4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)

B) 汇率风险(续) B) Currency risk (continued)

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	-	人民币 Renminbi	美元 US Dollars	港元 HK Dollars	欧罗 EURO	日圆 Japanese Yen	英镑 Pound Sterling	其他 Others	总计 Total		
	-	港币 百万元	港币 百万元	港币 百万元	港币 百万元	港币 百万元	港币 百万元	港币 百万元	港币 百万元		
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m		
资产	Assets										
库存现金及在银行及其他金融机构	Cash and balances with banks and										
的结余	other financial institutions	23,914	3,055	2,121	109	30	51	76	29,356		
银行及其他金融机构存款	Placements with banks and other										
	financial institutions	451	27,487	63,103	461	26	679	1,669	93,876		
交易性证券及公平值变化计入损益	Trading securities and other										
的其他金融资产	financial instruments at fair										
	value through profit or loss	-	2,916	5,580	1,041	-	-	1,011	10,548		
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	200	6,892	-	-	-	-	7,092		
香港特别行政区政府负债证明书	Hong Kong SAR Government										
	certificates of indebtedness	-	-	34,750	-	-	-	-	34,750		
贷款及其他账项	Advances and other accounts	2,910	44,979	238,840	2,198	1,542	991	1,836	293,296		
可供出售证券	Available-for-sale securities	-	57,986	26,856	4,200	-	2,118	6,354	97,514		
持有至到期日证券	Held-to-maturity securities	-	93,338	35,033	3,791	-	1,790	12,521	146,473		
贷款及应收款	Loans and receivables	-	379	30,371	-	-	-	-	30,750		
附属公司权益	Interests in subsidiaries	-	-	12,857	-	-	-	-	12,857		
联营公司权益	Interests in associates	-	-	26	_	_	_	_	26		
物业、厂房及设备	Properties, plant and equipment	_	_	15,258	_	_	_	_	15,258		
投资物业	Investment properties	_	_	6,992	_	_	-	_	6,992		
其他资产	Other assets	15	237	13,686	12	1	43	101	14,095		
资产总额	Total assets	27,290	230,577	492,365	11,812	1,599	5,672	23,568	792,883		



4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)

B) 汇率风险(续) B) Currency risk (continued)

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-	人民币 Renminbi	美元 US Dollars	港元 HK Dollars	欧罗 EURO	日圆 Japanese Yen	英镑 Pound Sterling	其他 Others	总计 Total	
-	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币	
	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	
	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	
Liabilities									
Hong Kong SAR currency notes in									
circulation	-	-	34,750	-	-	-	-	34,750	
Deposits and balances of banks									
and other financial institutions	17,064	16,319	12,433	1,114	236	46	758	47,970	
Trading liabilities and other									
financial instruments at fair									
value through profit or loss	-	1,370	7,741	-	-	-	-	9,111	
Derivative financial instruments	-	438	3,416	-	-	-	-	3,854	
Deposits from customers	9,429	122,507	413,982	5,012	3,089	11,408	28,423	593,850	
Certificates of deposit issued	-	769	1,293	-	-	-	-	2,062	
Other accounts and provisions									
(including current and deferred									
tax liabilities)	368	5,373	22,255	118	123	14	515	28,766	
Total liabilities	26,861	146,776	495,870	6,244	3,448	11,468	29,696	720,363	
Net on-balance sheet position	429	83,801	(3,505)	5,568	(1,849)	(5,796)	(6,128)	72,520	
Off-balance sheet net notional									
position	46	(82,217)	77,393	(5,720)	1,853	5,721	5,997	3,073	
Contingent liabilities and									
commitments	1,426	31,179	83,502	1,452	431	16	461	118,467	
	circulation Deposits and balances of banks and other financial institutions Trading liabilities and other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss Derivative financial instruments Deposits from customers Certificates of deposit issued Other accounts and provisions (including current and deferred tax liabilities) Total liabilities Net on-balance sheet position Off-balance sheet net notional position Contingent liabilities and	Heminbi 港市 百万元 HK\$'m Liabilities Hong Kong SAR currency notes in circulation Deposits and balances of banks and other financial institutions Trading liabilities and other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss Derivative financial instruments Deposits from customers Certificates of deposit issued Other accounts and provisions (including current and deferred tax liabilities) Total liabilities Total liabilities 26,861 Net on-balance sheet position Off-balance sheet net notional position 46 Contingent liabilities and	機市 海市 百万元 百万元 旧K\$'m HK\$'m HK\$'m HK\$'m にごにいしまいった。 コース	人民市 Renminbi Dollars Dollars	A	Name of the contingent liabilities and contingent liabilities 1487	大民市 大民市 大民市 大田市 大田	大民市	



4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)

B) Currency risk (continued) B) 汇率风险(续)

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		人民币 Renminbi	美元 US Dollars	港元 HK Dollars	欧罗 EURO	日圆 Japanese Yen	英镑 Pound Sterling	其他 Others	总计 Total
	-	港币 百万元	港币 百万元	港币 百万元	港币 百万元	港币 百万元	港币 百万元	港币 百万元	港币 百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
资产	Assets								
库存现金及在银行及其他金融机构	Cash and balances with banks and								
的结余	other financial institutions	22,326	4,468	2,214	135	80	100	83	29,406
银行及其他金融机构存款	Placements with banks and other								
	financial institutions	87	27,494	59,072	2	-	1,819	1,004	89,478
交易性证券及公平值变化计入损益	Trading securities and other								
的其他金融资产	financial instruments at fair								
	value through profit or loss	-	3,322	3,452	1,067	-	-	1,508	9,349
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	870	3,948	-	-	-	-	4,818
香港特别行政区政府负债证明书	Hong Kong SAR Government								
	certificates of indebtedness	-	-	32,630	-	-	-	-	32,630
贷款及其他账项	Advances and other accounts	885	38,763	234,405	2,774	2,104	825	2,086	281,842
可供出售证券	Available-for-sale securities	-	25,471	17,800	2,414	-	1,011	3,423	50,119
持有至到期日证券	Held-to-maturity securities	-	96,710	44,505	3,819	243	1,140	12,154	158,571
贷款及应收款	Loans and receivables	_	698	7,716	-	_	-	-	8,414
附属公司权益	Interests in subsidiaries	_	_	12,904	-	_	-	-	12,904
联营公司权益	Interests in associates	_	_	28	_	_	_	-	28
物业、厂房及设备	Properties, plant and equipment	1	-	13,899	-	-	-	-	13,900
投资物业	Investment properties	_	_	6,920	_	_	-	-	6,920
其他资产	Other assets	11	711	7,693	-	-	9	33	8,457
资产总额	Total assets	23.310	198.507	447.186	10.211	2.427	4.904	20.291	706.836



4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)

B) 汇率风险(续) B) Currency risk (continued)

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	-	人民币 Renminbi	美元 US Dollars	港元 HK Dollars	欧罗 EURO	日圆 Japanese Yen	英镑 Pound Sterling	其他 Others	总计 Total
	-	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币
		百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
负债	Liabilities								
香港特别行政区流通纸币	Hong Kong SAR currency notes in								
	circulation	-	-	32,630	-	-	-	-	32,630
银行及其他金融机构之存款及结余	Deposits and balances of banks								
	and other financial institutions	14,485	8,983	12,241	259	2,907	69	1,110	40,054
交易性负债及公平值变化计入损益	Trading liabilities and other								
的其他金融工具	financial instruments at fair								
	value through profit or loss	-	795	3,548	-	-	-	-	4,343
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	834	3,065	-	-	-	-	3,899
客户存款	Deposits from customers	7,907	109,288	362,112	5,571	2,387	12,421	35,570	535,256
发行之存款证	Certificates of deposit issued	-	996	1,979	-	-	-	-	2,975
其他账项及准备(包括本年及递延	Other accounts and provisions								
税项负债)	(including current and deferred								
	tax liabilities)	510	2,863	14,933	115	109	176	782	19,488
负债总额	Total liabilities	22,902	123,759	430,508	5,945	5,403	12,666	37,462	638,645
资产负债表头寸净值	Net on-balance sheet position	408	74,748	16,678	4,266	(2,976)	(7,762)	(17,171)	68,191
表外资产负债头寸净值	Off-balance sheet net notional								
	position	(6)	(69,091)	47,414	(4,243)	2,975	7,757	17,108	1,914
或然负债及承担	Contingent liabilities and								
	commitments	622	23,851	74,480	859	702	46	282	100,842



4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)

C) 利率风险

下表概述了本集团及本 银行于 12 月 31 日的利 率风险暴露。表内以账面 值列示本集团及本银行 之资产及负债,并按重定 息率日期或到期日(以较 早者为准)分类。主要用 作减低本集团及本银行 暴露于利率变动之风险 的衍生金融工具之账面 值已纳入「不计息」项目 中。

C) Interest rate risk

Tables below summarise the Group's and the Bank's exposure to interest rate risk as at 31 December. Included in the tables are the Group's and the Bank's assets and liabilities at carrying amounts, categorised by the earlier of contractual repricing or maturity dates. The carrying amounts of derivative financial instruments which are principally used to reduce the Group's and the Bank's exposure to interest rate movements are under the column captioned 'Non-interest bearing'.

本集团 The Group

	-							
	_				2006			
			一至	三至			不计息	
		一个月内	三个月	十二个月	一至五年	五年以上	Non-	
		Up to 1 month	1-3 months	3-12 months	1-5	Over 5	interest	总计 Total
	-	港币百万元			years 港币百万元	years ₩≠≠==	bearing 港币百万元	港币百万元
			港币百万元	港币百万元				
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
资产	Assets							
库存现金及在银行及其他金融机构	Cash and balances with banks and							
的结余	other financial institutions	24,894	-	-	-	-	6,079	30,973
银行及其他金融机构存款	Placements with banks and other							
	financial institutions	74,263	47,717	8,656	-	-	-	130,636
交易性证券及公平值变化计入损益	•							
的其他金融资产	financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	4 600	4 700	4 570	4 024	289	62	13,194
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	4,623	4,729	1,570	1,921	209		7,393
香港特别行政区政府负债证明书		-	-	-	-	-	7,393	7,393
省伦特加行以区以府贝 恢证明节	Hong Kong SAR Government certificates of indebtedness						04.750	34,750
贷款及其他账项	Advances and other accounts	-	-	-	-	-	34,750	•
		303,259	32,873	11,096	2,487	420	2,709	352,844
可供出售证券	Available-for-sale securities	5,578	14,102	5,402	27,529	47,728	50	100,389
持有至到期日证券	Held-to-maturity securities	25,050	38,721	32,265	41,105	28,447	-	165,588
贷款及应收款	Loans and receivables	2,429	12,753	20,932	-	-	-	36,114
联营公司权益	Interests in associates	-	-	-	-	-	60	60
物业、厂房及设备	Properties, plant and equipment	-	-	-	-	-	19,735	19,735
投资物业	Investment properties	-	-	-	-	-	7,481	7,481
其他资产(包括递延税项资产)	Other assets (including deferred							
	tax assets)						14,632	14,632
资产总额	Total assets	440,096	150,895	79,921	73,042	76,884	92,951	913,789



- 4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)
 - C) 利率风险(续) C) Interest rate risk (continued)

				-	本集团 The Group			
	-				2006			_
	-		一至	三至			不计息	
		一个月内	三个月	十二个月	一至五年	五年以上	Non-	
		Up to 1	1-3	3-12	1-5	Over 5	interest	总计
	_	month	months	months	years	years	bearing	Total
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
负债	Liabilities							
香港特别行政区流通纸币	Hong Kong SAR currency notes in							
	circulation	-	-	-	-	-	34,750	34,750
银行及其他金融机构之存款及结余	Deposits and balances of banks							
	and other financial institutions	44,271	955	2,692	-	-	1,116	49,034
交易性负债及公平值变化计入损益	Trading liabilities and other							
的其他金融工具	financial instruments at fair							
	value through profit or loss	6,025	3,603	2,946	55	-	-	12,629
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	4,052	4,052
客户存款	Deposits from customers	566,616	77,894	21,891	996	18	28,201	695,616
发行之存款证	Certificates of deposit issued	-	-	514	1,984	-	-	2,498
其他账项及准备(包括本年及递延	Other accounts and provisions							
税项负债)	(including current and deferred							
	tax liabilities)	6,298	99	-	-	-	28,393	34,790
负债总额	Total liabilities	623,210	82,551	28,043	3,035	18	96,512	833,369
	_							
利率敏感度缺口	Interest sensitivity gap	(183,114)	68,344	51,878	70,007	76,866	(3,561)	80,420



4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)

C) 利率风险(续) C) Interest rate risk (continued)

					本集团			
	-				The Group			
	-				2005			
		A 17 1	一至	三至			不计息	
		一个月内 Up to 1	三个月 1-3	十二个月 3-12	一至五年 1-5	五年以上 Over 5	Non- interest	总计
		month	months	months	years	years	bearing	あり Total
	=	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元		港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
资产	Assets							
库存现金及在银行及其他金融机构	Cash and balances with banks and							
的结余	other financial institutions	26,846	-	-	-	-	3,857	30,703
银行及其他金融机构存款	Placements with banks and other							
**************************************	financial institutions	78,040	40,141	7,479	-	-	2	125,662
交易性证券及公平值变化计入损益 的其他金融资产	financial instruments at fair							
17共厄並賦贝)	value through profit or loss	3,243	3,795	1,690	2,532	731	18	12.009
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	-,	-	_,	_	5,184	5,184
香港特别行政区政府负债证明书	Hong Kong SAR Government						-,	-,
A. C. (A. (A. (A. (A. (A. (A. (A. (A. (A. (A	certificates of indebtedness	-	-	-	-	-	32,630	32,630
贷款及其他账项	Advances and other accounts	276,399	40,833	12,770	4,715	474	3,203	338,394
可供出售证券	Available-for-sale securities	4,976	7,574	1,930	20,547	17,160	56	52,243
持有至到期日证券	Held-to-maturity securities	27,990	46,049	34,953	53,587	15,942	-	178,521
贷款及应收款	Loans and receivables	3,466	3,351	6,263	-	-	-	13,080
联营公司权益	Interests in associates	-	_	-	-	-	61	61
物业、厂房及设备	Properties, plant and equipment	-	-	-	-	-	18,316	18,316
投资物业	Investment properties	-	-	-	-	-	7,539	7,539
其他资产(包括递延税项资产)	Other assets (including deferred							
	tax assets)	-	-	-	-	-	7,759	7,759
₩ → ¼ ₩	Total access							
资产总额	Total assets	420,960	141,743	65,085	81,381	34,307	78,625	822,101



- 4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)
 - C) 利率风险(续) C) Interest rate risk (continued)

本集团
The Group

	_				rne Group			
					2005			
	- -		一至	三至			不计息	
		一个月内	三个月	十二个月	一至五年	五年以上	Non-	
		Up to 1	1-3	3-12	1-5	Over 5	interest	总计
	_	month	months	months	years	years	bearing	Total
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
负债	Liabilities							
香港特别行政区流通纸币	Hong Kong SAR currency notes in							
	circulation	-	-	-	-	-	32,630	32,630
银行及其他金融机构之存款及结余	Deposits and balances of banks							
	and other financial institutions	34,444	1,709	3,015	-	-	1,487	40,655
交易性负债及公平值变化计入损益	Trading liabilities and other							
的其他金融工具	financial instruments at fair							
	value through profit or loss	1,725	2,097	1,310	2,792	-	-	7,924
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	4,193	4,193
客户存款	Deposits from customers	454,790	131,904	22,251	1,478	-	22,677	633,100
发行之存款证	Certificates of deposit issued	-	250	2,378	1,337	-	-	3,965
其他账项及准备(包括本年及递延	Other accounts and provisions							
税项负债)	(including current and deferred							
	tax liabilities)	4,911	-	-	-	-	19,898	24,809
负债总额	Total liabilities	495,870	135,960	28,954	5,607	-	80,885	747,276
	-							
利率敏感度缺口	Interest sensitivity gap	(74,910)	5,783	36,131	75,774	34,307	(2,260)	74,825



4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)

C) 利率风险(续) C) Interest rate risk (continued)

					本银行 The Bank			
	-				2006			
	=		一至	三至	2006		不计息	
		一个月内	三个月	十二个月	一至五年	五年以上	Non-	
		Up to 1	1-3	3-12	1-5	Over 5	interest	总计
	-	month	months	months	years	years	bearing	Total
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
资产	Assets							
	Cash and balances with banks and							
的结余	other financial institutions	24,059	-	-	-	-	5,297	29,356
银行及其他金融机构存款	Placements with banks and other							
六日 胚 工 光 丑 八 亚 佐 亦 小 八) 担 头	financial institutions	55,832	32,475	5,569	-	-	-	93,876
交易性证券及公平值变化计入损益 的其他金融资产	financial instruments at fair							
	value through profit or loss	3,278	4,578	1,325	1,177	171	19	10,548
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	7,092	7,092
香港特别行政区政府负债证明书	Hong Kong SAR Government							
	certificates of indebtedness	-	-	-	-	-	34,750	34,750
贷款及其他账项	Advances and other accounts	258,962	24,115	7,679	2,203	337	-	293,296
可供出售证券	Available-for-sale securities	5,217	12,883	4,896	27,068	47,411	39	97,514
持有至到期日证券	Held-to-maturity securities	21,214	31,191	28,287	37,461	28,320	-	146,473
贷款及应收款	Loans and receivables	1,997	10,732	18,021	-	-	-	30,750
附属公司权益	Interests in subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	12,857	12,857
联营公司权益	Interests in associates	-	-	-	-	-	26	26
物业、厂房及设备	Properties, plant and equipment	-	-	-	-	-	15,258	15,258
投资物业	Investment properties	-	-	-	-	-	6,992	6,992
其他资产	Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	14,095	14,095
资产总额	Total assets	370,559	115,974	65,777	67,909	76,239	96,425	792,883
负债	Liabilities							
香港特别行政区流通纸币	Hong Kong SAR currency notes in							
	circulation	_	-	_	_	_	34,750	34,750
银行及其他金融机构之存款及结余	Deposits and balances of banks							•
	and other financial institutions	44,059	630	2,204	-	-	1,077	47,970
交易性负债及公平值变化计入损益								
的其他金融工具	financial instruments at fair	2.004	0.040	0.000				0.444
衍生金融工具	value through profit or loss	3,984	2,246	2,826	55	-	2 954	9,111 3,854
70 生 五 微 工 共 客 户 存 款	Derivative financial instruments Deposits from customers	- 489,843	62,866	17,792	266	-	3,854 23,083	593,850
发行之存款证	Certificates of deposit issued	409,043	02,000	514	1,548	_	23,003	2,062
其他账项及准备(包括本年及递延	•	-	-	314	1,540	-	-	2,002
税项负债)	(including current and deferred							
24 212 1D12	tax liabilities)	5,369	99	_	_	_	23,298	28,766
负债总额	Total liabilities	543,255	65,841	23,336	1,869	-	86,062	720,363
利率敏感度缺口	Interest sensitivity gap	(172,696)	50,133	42,441	66,040	76,239	10,363	72,520
14 こめんじんがつ		(=,000)	50,100	72,771	30,040	. 0,203	.0,000	. 2,020



4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)

C) 利率风险(续) C) Interest rate risk (continued)

					本银行 The Bank			
	-				2005			
	-		一至	三至			不计息	
		一个月内	三个月	十二个月	一至五年	五年以上	Non-	
		Up to 1	1-3	3-12	1-5	Over 5	interest	总计
	-	month	months	months	years	years	bearing	Total
			港币百万元		港币百万元			
مد معد	A 4 .	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
资产	Assets							
	Cash and balances with banks and	05.070					2 422	20, 400
的结余	other financial institutions	25,973	-	-	-	-	3,433	29,406
银行及其他金融机构存款	Placements with banks and other	FC COF	07.400	F 207				00.470
交易性证券及公平值变化计入损益	financial institutions Trading securities and other	56,685	27,486	5,307	-	-	-	89,478
的其他金融资产	financial instruments at fair							
	value through profit or loss	2,106	3,714	1,362	1,466	686	15	9,349
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	4,818	4,818
香港特别行政区政府负债证明书	Hong Kong SAR Government							
	certificates of indebtedness	-	-	-	-	-	32,630	32,630
贷款及其他账项	Advances and other accounts	231,026	33,878	9,982	3,619	134	3,203	281,842
可供出售证券	Available-for-sale securities	4,725	6,662	1,560	20,374	16,759	39	50,119
持有至到期日证券	Held-to-maturity securities	25,378	39,140	30,276	48,592	15,185	-	158,571
贷款及应收款	Loans and receivables	1,819	2,329	4,266	-	-	-	8,414
附属公司权益	Interests in subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	12,904	12,904
联营公司权益	Interests in associates	-	-	-	-	-	28	28
物业、厂房及设备	Properties, plant and equipment	-	-	-	-	-	13,900	13,900
投资物业	Investment properties	-	-	-	-	-	6,920	6,920
其他资产	Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	8,457	8,457
资产总额	Total assets	347,712	113,209	52,753	74,051	32,764	86,347	706,836
负债	Liabilities							
香港特别行政区流通纸币	Hong Kong SAR currency notes in							
	circulation	_	-	_	-	_	32,630	32,630
银行及其他金融机构之存款及结余	Deposits and balances of banks							
	and other financial institutions	35,224	653	2,754	-	-	1,423	40,054
交易性负债及公平值变化计入损益	=							
的其他金融工具	financial instruments at fair							
AC 4. A 로노구 日	value through profit or loss	641	1,356	496	1,850	-	- 0.000	4,343
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	- 207 570	400.047	45 700	-	-	3,899	3,899
客户存款	Deposits from customers	387,572	108,817	15,792	292	-	22,783	535,256
发行之存款证 其他配面及准久 (包括本年及逆延	Other accounts and provisions	-	-	1,786	1,189	-	-	2,975
其他账项及准备(包括本年及递延 税项负债)	(including current and deferred							
(光學果顶)	tax liabilities)	3,896			_	_	15,592	19,488
	,		-	-				
负债总额	Total liabilities	427,333	110,826	20,828	3,331	-	76,327	638,645
利率敏感度缺口	Interest sensitivity gap	(79,621)	2,383	31,925	70,720	32,764	10,020	68,191



4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)

C) 利率风险(续)

C) Interest rate risk (continued)

下表概述于12月31日存在利率风险之非以公平 值变化计入损益的货币 金融工具中几种主要货币的实际利率: Tables below summarise the effective interest rate by major currencies for monetary financial instruments not carried at fair value through profit or loss subject to interest rate risk as at 31 December:

本集团 The Group

		2006							
	_		美元	港元		日圆	英镑		
		人民币	US	HK	欧罗	Japanese	Pound		
	_	Renminbi	Dollars	Dollars	EURO	Yen	Sterling		
		%	%	%	%	%	%		
资产	Assets								
库存现金及在银行及其他金融机	Cash and balances with banks								
构的结余	and other financial institutions	1.00	3.25	0.96	2.11	0.09	2.04		
银行及其他金融机构存款	Placements with banks and								
	other financial institutions	1.87	5.23	4.06	3.63	0.32	5.34		
客户贷款	Advances to customers	5.86	6.25	5.21	4.92	1.61	5.17		
银行及其他金融机构贷款	Advances to banks and other								
	financial institutions	-	5.57	4.12	3.78	0.72	-		
可供出售证券	Available-for-sale securities	-	5.62	3.99	3.47	-	5.19		
持有至到期日证券	Held-to-maturity securities	-	4.91	4.17	3.57	-	5.50		
贷款及应收款	Loans and receivables	-	5.30	3.90	-	-	4.70		
负债	Liabilities								
银行及其他金融机构之存款及结	Deposits and balances of banks								
余	and other financial institutions	1.25	5.11	3.64	3.60	0.24	5.23		
客户存款	Deposits from customers	0.75	3.78	3.01	2.01	-	3.68		
发行之存款证	Certificates of deposit issued	-	3.39	3.63	-	-			



4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)

C) 利率风险(续) C) Interest rate risk (continued)

	-	本集团 The Group									
	_			2005							
			美元	港元		日圆	英镑				
		人民币	US	HK	欧罗	Japanese	Pound				
	_	Renminbi	Dollars	Dollars	EURO	Yen	Sterling				
		%	%	%	%	%	%				
资产	Assets										
库存现金及在银行及其他金融机	Cash and balances with banks										
构的结余	and other financial institutions	0.99	3.34	0.83	0.82	-	1.35				
银行及其他金融机构存款	Placements with banks and										
	other financial institutions	1.05	4.22	4.10	2.40	-	4.58				
客户贷款	Advances to customers	5.01	5.17	5.32	3.30	1.22	4.74				
银行及其他金融机构贷款	Advances to banks and other										
	financial institutions	-	4.38	4.31	-	0.27	-				
可供出售证券	Available-for-sale securities	-	4.92	3.81	2.91	-	4.61				
持有至到期日证券	Held-to-maturity securities	-	4.12	4.03	2.92	0.23	4.68				
贷款及应收款	Loans and receivables	-	4.15	3.92	-	-	-				
负债	Liabilities										
银行及其他金融机构之存款及结	Deposits and balances of banks										
余	and other financial institutions	0.96	4.03	3.79	2.35	0.05	4.28				
客户存款	Deposits from customers	0.65	3.02	3.04	1.16	-	3.05				
发行之存款证	Certificates of deposit issued	-	3.02	3.05	-	-					



发行之存款证

财务报表附注(续) Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)

C) 利率风险(续) C) Interest rate risk (continued)

	-			本银行 The Ba					
	-	人民币 Renminbi	美元 US Dollars	2006 港元 HK Dollars	欧罗 EURO	日圆 Japanese Yen	英镑 Pound Sterling		
	-	%	%	%	%	%	%		
资产	Assets								
库存现金及在银行及其他金融机	Cash and balances with banks								
构的结余 银行及其他金融机构存款	and other financial institutions Placements with banks and	1.00	3.70	0.40	2.16	0.10	2.04		
	other financial institutions	1.74	5.19	4.07	3.60	0.01	5.36		
客户贷款	Advances to customers	5.76	6.18	5.01	4.81	1.62	5.14		
银行及其他金融机构贷款	Advances to banks and other				0.70				
可供出售证券	financial institutions Available-for-sale securities		5.56 5.62	4.11 3.99	3.78 3.47	0.72	5.19		
持有至到期日证券	Held-to-maturity securities	-	4.86	4.26	3.57	-	5.50		
贷款及应收款	Loans and receivables	-	5.31	3.85	-	-	-		
负债	Liabilities								
银行及其他金融机构之存款及结	Deposits and balances of banks								
余	and other financial institutions	1.13	5.13	3.65	3.60	0.07	5.13		
客户存款	Deposits from customers	0.73	3.80	2.99	2.03	-	3.71		
发行之存款证	Certificates of deposit issued	-	3.50	3.66	-	-			
	_	本银行 The Bank							
				2005					
			美元	港元		日圆	英镑		
		人民币	US	HK	欧罗	Japanese	Pound		
	-	Renminbi	Dollars	Dollars	EURO	Yen	Sterling		
Mr - Au		%	%	%	%	%	%		
资产	Assets								
库存现金及在银行及其他金融机	Cash and balances with banks								
构的结余	and other financial institutions	0.99	3.52	2.84	0.98	-	1.41		
银行及其他金融机构存款	Placements with banks and other financial institutions	0.40	4.04	4.44	0.00		4.50		
客户贷款	Advances to customers	2.10 5.43	4.31 5.24	4.11 5.17	2.38 3.40	1.10	4.56 4.72		
银行及其他金融机构贷款	Advances to banks and other	0.10	0.21	0.17	0.10	1.10			
	financial institutions	-	4.36	4.30	-	0.27	-		
可供出售证券	Available-for-sale securities	-	4.93	3.82	2.91	-	4.61		
持有至到期日证券	Held-to-maturity securities	-	4.12	4.33	2.94	0.23	4.71		
贷款及应收款	Loans and receivables	-	4.48	4.10	-	-	-		
负债	Liabilities								
银行及其他金融机构之存款及结	Deposits and balances of banks								
余	and other financial institutions	0.92	4.09	3.80	2.37	0.02	4.45		
客户存款	Deposits from customers	0.64	3.11	3.09	1.17	-	3.07		
	0		0.40	0.40					

3.12

3.13

Certificates of deposit issued



4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)

D) 流动资金风险

D) Liquidity risk

下表为本集团及本银行 之资产及负债于 12 月 31 日的到期日分析,并 按于结算日时, 资产及 负债相距合约到期日的 剩余期限分类。

Tables below analyse assets and liabilities of the Group and the Bank as at 31 December into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date.

本集团 The Group

	_	The Group							
		2006							
	_			一至	三至				
		即期	一个月内	三个月	十二个月	一至五年	五年以上	无注明	M 31
		On demand	Up to 1 month	1-3 months	3-12 months	1-5 years	Over 5 years	日期 Undated	总 计 Total
	-	港币	港币	港币	港币	years_ 港币	years 港币	港币	港币
		百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
资产	Assets								
库存现金及在银行及其他金融机 构的结余	Cash and balances with banks and other financial institutions	30,973	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,973
银行及其他金融机构存款	Placements with banks and other								
六月州江光五八亚 <u>佐</u> 亦小江) 担	financial institutions	-	74,263	47,717	8,656	-	-	-	130,636
交易性证券及公平值变化计入损 益的其他金融资产	Trading securities and other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss								
- 债务证券	debt securities								
- 持有之存款证	 certificates of deposit held 	-	10	104	227	428	-	-	769
- 其他	- others	-	1,331	2,345	3,511	4,587	590	-	12,364
- 股份证券	equity securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	61	61
衍生金融工具 香港特别行政区政府负债证明书	Derivative financial instruments Hong Kong SAR Government	6,218	537	217	109	274	38	-	7,393
	certificates of indebtedness	34,750	-	-	-	-	-	-	34,750
贷款及其他账项	Advances and other accounts								
- 客户贷款	 advances to customers 	28,483	8,085	15,471	39,287	136,122	116,931	1,594	345,973
- 贸易票据 - 银行及其他金融机构贷款	trade billsadvances to banks and other financial institutions	76 -	1,670 -	1,030 156	350 940	2,647	-	2	3,128 3,743
可供出售证券	Available-for-sale securities								
- 债务证券	debt securities								
- 持有之存款证	 certificates of deposit held 	-	157	-	2,512	5,479	-	-	8,148
- 其他	- others	-	1,735	5,643	4,101	30,893	49,819	-	92,191
- 股份证券	equity securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	50
持有至到期日证券	Held-to-maturity securities								
- 债务证券	 debt securities 								
- 持有之存款证	 certificates of deposit held 	-	1,600	1,205	3,176	3,386	-	-	9,367
- 其他	- others	-	3,759	7,700	35,308	79,067	30,387	-	156,221
贷款及应收款	Loans and receivables	-	2,429	12,753	20,932	-	-	-	36,114
联营公司权益	Interests in associates	_	_	_	_	_	-	60	60
物业、厂房及设备	Properties, plant and equipment	_	_	_	_	_	-	19,735	19,735
投资物业	Investment properties	_	_	_	_	_	-	7,481	7,481
其他资产(包括递延税项资产)	Other assets (including deferred							, , , , ,	, , , .
A CONTRACTOR AND A	tax assets)	4,185	9,773	2	246	63	163	200	14,632
资产总额	Total assets	104,685	105,349	94,343	119,355	262,946	197,928	29,183	913,789



- 4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)
 - D) 流动资金风险(续) D) Liquidity risk (continued)

		华 未四							
	-	The Group							
	<u>-</u>	2006							
				一至	三至				
		即期	一个月内	三个月	十二个月	一至五年	五年以上	无注明	
		On	Up to 1	1-3	3-12	1-5	Over 5	日期	总计
	_	demand	month	months	months	years	years	Undated	Total
		港币	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币
		百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
负债	Liabilities								
香港特别行政区流通纸币	Hong Kong SAR currency notes in								
	circulation	34,750	-	-	-	-	-	-	34,750
银行及其他金融机构之存款及结	Deposits and balances of banks								
余	and other financial institutions	20,982	24,405	955	2,692	-	-	-	49,034
交易性负债及公平值变化计入损	Trading liabilities and other								
益的其他金融工具	financial instruments at fair								
	value through profit or loss	-	1,922	1,810	5,443	3,152	302	-	12,629
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	2,963	231	86	90	590	92	-	4,052
客户存款	Deposits from customers	290,241	304,550	77,585	22,272	950	18	-	695,616
发行之存款证	Certificates of deposit issued	-	-	-	514	1,984	-	-	2,498
其他账项及准备(包括本年及递延	Other accounts and provisions								
税项负债)	(including current and deferred								
	tax liabilities)	13,918	9,615	5,961	1,253	3,963	-	80	34,790
负债总额	Total liabilities	362,854	340,723	86,397	32,264	10,639	412	80	833,369
流动资金缺口	Net liquidity gap	(258,169)	(235,374)	7,946	87,091	252,307	197,516	29,103	80,420

本集团



4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)

D) 流动资金风险(续) D) Liquidity risk (continued)

		本集团 The Group							
		2005							
		即期 On demand	一个月内 Up to 1 month	一至 三个月 1-3 months	三至 十二个月 3-12 months	一至五年 1-5 years	五年以上 Over 5 years	无注明 日期 Undated	总计 Total
		港币	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币
		百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
资产 库存现金及在银行及其他金融机 构的结余 银行及其他金融机构存款	Assets Cash and balances with banks and other financial institutions Placements with banks and other financial institutions	30,703	- 78,051	- 40,145	- 7,466	-	-	-	30,703 125,662
交易性证券及公平值变化计入损 益的其他金融资产	Trading securities and other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss								
- 债务证券	debt securities								
- 持有之存款证	- certificates of deposit held	-	-	114	60	586	47	-	807
- 其他	- others	-	140	1,207	1,676	6,917	1,244	-	11,184
- 股份证券	- equity securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	18
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	4,576	198	227	54	98	31	-	5,184
香港特别行政区政府负债证明书	Hong Kong SAR Government certificates of indebtedness	32,630	-	-	-	-	-	-	32,630
贷款及其他账项	Advances and other accounts								
- 客户贷款	- advances to customers	25,359	6,710	16,133	31,534	132,520	118,015	2,029	332,300
- 贸易票据	trade bills	101	1,125	1,460	353	-	-	-	3,039
- 银行及其他金融机构贷款	 advances to banks and other financial institutions 	102	164	267	376	2,146	-	-	3,055
可供出售证券	Available-for-sale securities								
- 债务证券	debt securities								
- 持有之存款证	 certificates of deposit held 	-	101	200	356	3,521	-	-	4,178
- 其他	- others	-	1,609	2,598	1,673	23,680	18,449	-	48,009
- 股份证券 持有至到期日证券	– equity securitiesHeld-to-maturity securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	56	56
- 债务证券	debt securities								
- 持有之存款证	- certificates of deposit held	-	884	3,846	4,430	5,117	202	-	14,479
- 其他	- others	-	1,005	6,088	27,278	111,417	18,254	-	164,042
贷款及应收款	Loans and receivables	-	3,466	3,351	6,263	-	-	-	13,080
联营公司权益	Interests in associates	-	-	-	-	-	-	61	61
物业、厂房及设备	Properties, plant and equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,316	18,316
投资物业	Investment properties	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,539	7,539
其他资产(包括递延税项资产)	Other assets (including deferred tax assets)	6,014	1,389	-	234	48	-	74	7,759
资产总额	Total assets	99,485	94,842	75,636	81,753	286,050	156,242	28,093	822,101



流动资金缺口

财务报表附注(续) Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

- 4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)
 - D) Liquidity risk (continued) D) 流动资金风险(续)

Net liquidity gap

						本集团					
			The G	roup							
			200)5							
		一至	三至								
	一个月内	三个月	十二个月	一至五年	五年以上	无注明					
即期	Up to 1	1-3	3-12	1-5	Over 5	日期	总计				
On demand	month	months	months	years	years	Undated	Total				
港币	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币				
百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元				
HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m				
rrency notes in											
32,630	-	-	-	-	-	-	32,630				
ces of banks											
al institutions 21,112	15,479	1,049	3,015	-	-	-	40,655				
d other											
ents at fair											
fit or loss -	641	1,411	1,750	3,560	562	-	7,924				
instruments 2,601	427	146	239	616	164	-	4,193				
mers 247,548	229,893	131,900	22,253	1,506	-	-	633,100				
sit issued -	-	-	2,336	1,629	-	-	3,965				
provisions											
and deferred											
17,931	1,602	1,032	1,045	3,131	1	67	24,809				
321,822	248,042	135,538	30,638	10,442	727	67	747,276				
יו ברים ברים ברים	On demand 港币百万元 HK\$'m arrency notes in 32,630 aces of banks al institutions at fair offt or loss instruments offer of loss instruments offer of loss at fair	即期 Up to 1 month 港市 港市 百万元 日万元 HK\$'m HK\$'m HK\$'m arrency notes in as 2,630 - ces of banks al institutions 21,112 15,479 and other ents at fair offit or loss - 641 instruments 2,601 427 247,548 229,893 esit issued a provisions t and deferred 17,931 1,602	世界 田期 Up to 1 1-3 On demand month months 港市 港市 百万元 百万元 百万元 日万元 日万元 日万元 日万元 日万元 日万元 日万元 日万元 日万元 日	中央 中央 中央 中央 中の 中の 中の 中の	中央日内 三个月 十二个月 一至五年 中期 Up to 1 1-3 3-12 1-5 1-5 Mn Mn Mn Mn Mn Mn Mn M	中国	中央 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一				

51,115

275,608 155,515

28,026

74,825

(222,337) (153,200)

(59,902)



- 4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)
 - D) 流动资金风险(续) D) Liquidity risk (continued)

					本银 The Ba				
	_				200				
	_			一至	三至	0			
		即期	一个月内	三个月	十二个月	一至五年	五年以上	无注明	
		On	Up to 1	1-3	3-12	1-5	Over 5	日期	总计
	-	demand 港币	month 港币	months 港币	months 港币	years 港币	years 港币	Undated 港币	Total 港币
		百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
资产	Assets	•	•		•	·	•	-	·
库存现金及在银行及其他金融机 构的结余 银行及其他金融机构存款	Cash and balances with banks and other financial institutions Placements with banks and other	29,356	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,356
	financial institutions	-	55,832	32,475	5,569	-	-	-	93,876
交易性证券及公平值变化计入损 益的其他金融资产	Trading securities and other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss								
- 债务证券	debt securities								
- 持有之存款证	- certificates of deposit held	-	10	104	227	72	-	-	413
- 其他	- others	-	1,120	2,242	3,305	3,279	170	-	10,116
- 股份证券	- equity securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	19
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	5,955	554	211	106	234	32	-	7,092
香港特别行政区政府负债证明书	Hong Kong SAR Government certificates of indebtedness	34,750	-	-	-	-	-	-	34,750
贷款及其他账项	Advances and other accounts								
- 客户贷款	 advances to customers 	19,086	7,324	12,742	32,482	112,670	101,535	1,280	287,119
- 贸易票据 - 银行及其他金融机构贷款	trade bills advances to banks and other financial institutions	71 -	1,423	866 156	326 940	2,395	-		2,686 3,491
可供出售证券	Available-for-sale securities					•			•
- 债务证券	debt securities								
- 持有之存款证	 certificates of deposit held 	-	157	_	2,006	4,978	-	-	7,141
- 其他	- others	-	1,455	5,156	4,101	30,421	49,201	-	90,334
- 股份证券	equity securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	39	39
持有至到期日证券	Held-to-maturity securities								
- 债务证券	debt securities								
- 持有之存款证	- certificates of deposit held	-	236	-	2,043	3,317	-	-	5,596
- 其他	- others	-	3,162	4,853	31,520	71,563	29,779	-	140,877
贷款及应收款	Loans and receivables	-	1,997	10,732	18,021	-	-	-	30,750
附属公司权益	Interests in subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,857	12,857
联营公司权益	Interests in associates	_	-	-	-	-	-	26	26
物业、厂房及设备	Properties, plant and equipment	_	-	-	-	-	-	15,258	15,258
投资物业	Investment properties	_	-	-	-	-	-	6,992	6,992
其他资产	Other assets	2,143	11,426	2	152	57	163	152	14,095
资产总额	Total assets	91,361	84,696	69,539	100,798	228,986	180,880	36,623	792,883



- 4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)
 - D) 流动资金风险(续) D) Liquidity risk (continued)

					1 774	, ,			
	-				The B	ank			
	<u>-</u>				200	6			
				一至	三至				
		即期	一个月内	三个月	十二个月	一至五年	五年以上	无注明	
		On	Up to 1	1-3	3-12	1-5	Over 5	日期	总计
	<u>-</u>	demand	month	months	months	years	years	Undated	Total
		港币	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币
		百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
负债	Liabilities								
香港特别行政区流通纸币	Hong Kong SAR currency notes in								
	circulation	34,750	-	-	-	-	-	-	34,750
银行及其他金融机构之存款及结	Deposits and balances of banks								
余	and other financial institutions	21,410	23,726	630	2,204	-	-	-	47,970
交易性负债及公平值变化计入损	Trading liabilities and other								
益的其他金融工具	financial instruments at fair								
	value through profit or loss	-	1,773	1,217	4,591	1,530	-	-	9,111
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	2,923	218	80	63	486	84	-	3,854
客户存款	Deposits from customers	245,839	267,087	62,866	17,792	266	-	-	593,850
发行之存款证	Certificates of deposit issued	-	-	-	514	1,548	-	-	2,062
其他账项及准备(包括本年及递延	Other accounts and provisions								
税项负债)	(including current and deferred								
	tax liabilities)	7,970	11,628	5,234	1,040	2,894	-	-	28,766
负债总额	Total liabilities	312,892	304,432	70,027	26,204	6,724	84	-	720,363
流动资金缺口	Net liquidity gap	(221,531)	(219,736)	(488)	74,594	222,262	180,796	36,623	72,520

本银行



4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)

D) 流动资金风险(续) D) Liquidity risk (continued)

					本银行 The Ba				
					2005	5			
			一个月内	一至 三个月	三至 十二个月	一至五年	五年以上	无注明	
		即期 On demand	Up to 1 month	1-3 months	3-12 months	1-5	Over 5	日期 Undated	总计 Total
	•	M demand 港币	港币	港币	港币	years 港币	years 港币	港币	港币
		百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
资产	Assets								
库存现金及在银行及其他金融机 构的结余 银行及其他金融机构存款	Cash and balances with banks and other financial institutions Placements with banks and other	29,406	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,406
交易性证券及公平值变化计入损 益的其他金融资产	financial institutions Trading securities and other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	-	56,685	27,499	5,294	-	-	-	89,478
- 债务证券	- debt securities								
- 持有之存款证	- certificates of deposit held	-	-	114	60	289	-	-	463
- 其他	- others	-	54	1,172	1,408	5,551	686	-	8,871
- 股份证券	- equity securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	15
衍生金融工具 香港特别行政区政府负债证明书	Derivative financial instruments Hong Kong SAR Government	4,417	216	48	46	74	17	-	4,818
代法,几世仙即珲	certificates of indebtedness	32,630	-	-	-	-	-	-	32,630
贷款及其他账项 - 客户贷款	Advances and other accounts								
	- advances to customers	17,599	6,146	12,546	26,103	111,487	101,804	1,535	277,220
- 贸易票据 - 银行及其他金融机构贷款	trade billsadvances to banks and other	99	748	651	298	-	-	-	1,796
可供出售证券	financial institutions Available-for-sale securities	102	164	267	376	1,917	-	-	2,826
- 债务证券	debt securities								
- 持有之存款证	- certificates of deposit held	-	-	200	101	3,321	-	-	3,622
- 其他	- others	_	1,458	2,060	1,558	23,333	18,049	_	46,458
- 股份证券	 equity securities 	-	-	-	-	-	-	39	39
持有至到期日证券	Held-to-maturity securities								
- 债务证券	- debt securities								
- 持有之存款证	- certificates of deposit held	-	151	1,866	3,424	4,334	201	-	9,976
- 其他	- others	-	598	4,259	23,813	102,891	17,034	-	148,595
贷款及应收款	Loans and receivables	-	1,819	2,329	4,266	-	-	-	8,414
附属公司权益	Interests in subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,904	12,904
联营公司权益	Interests in associates	-	-	-	-	-	-	28	28
物业、厂房及设备	Properties, plant and equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,900	13,900
投资物业	Investment properties	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,920	6,920
其他资产	Other assets	4,712	3,459	-	225	-	_	61	8,457
资产总额	Total assets	88,965	71,498	53,011	66,972	253,197	137,791	35,402	706,836



- 4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)
 - D) 流动资金风险(续) D) Liquidity risk (continued)

		本银行 The Bank							
					200	5			
				一至	三至				
			一个月内	三个月	十二个月	一至五年	五年以上	无注明	
		即期	Up to 1	1-3	3-12	1-5	Over 5	日期	总计
		On demand	month	months	months	years	years	Undated	Total
		港币	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币	港币
		百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
负债	Liabilities								
香港特别行政区流通纸币	Hong Kong SAR currency notes in								
	circulation	32,630	-	-	-	-	-	-	32,630
银行及其他金融机构之存款及结	Deposits and balances of banks								
余	and other financial institutions	21,438	15,209	653	2,754	-	-	-	40,054
交易性负债及公平值变化计入损	Trading liabilities and other								
益的其他金融工具	financial instruments at fair								
	value through profit or loss	-	641	1,356	496	1,850	-	-	4,343
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	2,609	425	93	163	491	118	-	3,899
客户存款	Deposits from customers	209,684	200,646	108,813	15,794	319	-	-	535,256
发行之存款证	Certificates of deposit issued	-	-	-	1,786	1,189	-	-	2,975
其他账项及准备(包括本年及递延	Other accounts and provisions								
税项负债)	(including current and deferred								
	tax liabilities)	12,164	3,577	376	784	2,587	-	-	19,488
负债总额	Total liabilities	278,525	220,498	111,291	21,777	6,436	118	-	638,645
流动资金缺口	Net liquidity gap	(189,560)	(149,000)	(58,280)	45,195	246,761	137,673	35,402	68,191



4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)

D) 流动资金风险(续)

D) Liquidity risk (continued)

上述到期日分类乃按照 金管局颁布之监管政策 手册规定之《本地注册认 可机构披露财务资料》指 引而编制。根据该指引, 本集团将逾期不超过1个 月之贷款及债务证券申 报为「即期」资产。对于 按不同款额或分期偿还 之资产,只有该资产中实 际逾期之部分被视作逾 期。其他未到期之部分仍 继续根据剩余期限申报, 但假若对该资产之偿还 能力有疑虑,则将该等款 项列为「无注明日期」。 上述列示之资产已扣除 任何相关准备(如有)。

The above maturity classifications have been prepared in accordance with the guideline on "Financial Disclosure by Locally Incorporated Authorized Institutions" under the Supervisory Policy Manual issued by the HKMA. In accordance with the guideline, the Group has reported assets such as advances and debt securities which have been overdue for not more than one month as "Repayable on demand". In the case of an asset that is repayable by different payments or instalments, only that portion of the asset that is actually overdue is reported as overdue. Any part of the asset that is not due is reported according to the residual maturity unless the repayment of the asset is in doubt in which case the amount is reported as "Undated". The above assets are stated after deduction of provisions, if any.

按尚余到期日对债券资产之分析是为符合金管局颁布之监管政策手册规定之《本地注册认可机构披露财务资料》指引而披露的。所作披露不代表此等证券将持有至到期日。

The analysis of debt securities by remaining period to maturity is disclosed in order to comply with the guideline on "Financial Disclosure by Locally Incorporated Authorized Institutions" under the Supervisory Policy Manual issued by the HKMA. The disclosure does not imply that the securities will be held to maturity.



4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)

E) 金融资产和负债的公 平值

E) Fair values of financial assets and liabilities

公平值是以在一特定时 点按相关市场资料及不 同金融工具之资料来评 估。以下之方法及假设已 应用于评估各类金融工 具之公平值。 Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time based on relevant market information and information about various financial instruments. The following methods and assumptions have been used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instrument as far as practicable.

银行及其他金融机构之 结余及贸易票据

此等金融资产及负债均 于一年内到期,其账面值 与公平值相若。

Balances with banks and other financial institutions and Trade bills

The maturities of these financial assets and liabilities are within one year and the carrying value approximates fair value.

客户贷款及银行及其他 金融机构贷款

大部分之客户贷款及银行及其他金融机构贷款 行及其他金融机构贷款 是浮动利率,按市场息率 计算利息,其账面值与公 平值相若。

Advances to customers, banks and other financial institutions

Substantially all the advances to customers, banks and other financial institutions are on floating rate terms, bear interest at prevailing market interest rates and their carrying value approximates fair value.

持有至到期日证券

持有至到期日证券之公 平值是按市场价格或经 纪/交易商之报价为基 础。若没有相关资料提 供,公平值会采用类似如 信贷、到期日及收益等特 征之证券市场报价来估 计,其账面值与公平值相 若。

Held-to-maturity securities

Fair value for held-to-maturity securities is based on market prices or broker/dealer price quotations. Where this information is not available, fair value has been estimated using quoted market prices for securities with similar credit, maturity and yield characteristics. Their carrying value approximates fair value.

贷款及应收款和发行之 <u>存款证</u>

采用以现时收益率曲线 及相关之剩余限期为基础的现金流量贴现模型 计算,其账面值与公平值相若。

Loans and receivables and Certificates of deposit issued

A discounted cash flow model is used based on a current yield curve appropriate for the remaining term to maturity and their carrying value approximates fair value.

客户存款

大部分之客户存款将于 年结日后一年内到期,其 账面值与公平值相若。

Deposits from customers

Substantially all the deposits from customers mature within one year from balance sheet date and their carrying value approximates fair value.



4. 金融风险管理(续) 4. Financial risk management (continued)

F) 受托业务

F) Fiduciary activities

本集团及本银行提供托管、信托及投资管理服务予第三者,涉及本集团及本银行提供结算及簿记服务予受益人,此资产,故不计入财务报表内。于2006年12月31日,本集团和本银行受托业务的账目余额分别约为港币2,240亿元(2005年:港币1,754.12亿元)及港币1,448.25亿元(2005年:港币1,022.33亿元)。

The Group and the Bank provide custody, trustee and investment management services to third parties which involve the Group and the Bank providing both settlement functions and book keeping services to the beneficiaries. Those assets that are held in a fiduciary capacity are not included in these financial statements. As at 31 December 2006, the Group and the Bank had a balance of securities custody accounts amounting to approximately HK\$224,000 million (2005: HK\$175,412 million) and HK\$144,825 million (2005: HK\$102,233 million) respectively.



5. 净利息收入

5. Net interest income

		2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
利息收入	Interest income		
现金及存放于同业和其他金	Cash and due from banks and other financial		
融机构的款项	institutions	6,915	3,963
客户贷款	Advances to customers	18,870	13,176
上市证券投资	Listed investments	2,393	2,007
非上市证券投资	Unlisted investments	11,105	6,090
其他	Others	573	639
		39,856	25,875
利息支出	Interest expense		
同业、客户及其他金融机构存	Due to banks, customers and other financial		
放的款项	institutions	(23,391)	(12,351)
债务证券发行	Debt securities in issue	(112)	(112)
其他	Others	(1,068)	(643)
		(24,571)	(13,106)
净利息收入	Net interest income	15,285	12,769

截至2006年12月31日止年度之利息收入包括港币8.8千万元(2005年:港币1.28亿元)被界定为减值贷款的确认利息。

Included within interest income is HK\$88 million (2005: HK\$128 million) of interest with respect to income recognised on advances classified as impaired for the year ended 31 December 2006.

非以公平值变化计入损益之金融资产与金融负债所产生的利息收入及利息支出分别为港币 391.65 亿元(2005年:港币 258.05亿元)及港币 237.82 亿元(2005年:港币 128.16亿元)。

Included within interest income and interest expense are HK\$39,165 million (2005: HK\$25,805 million) and HK\$23,782 million (2005: HK\$12,816 million) for financial assets and financial liabilities that are not recognised at fair value through profit or loss repectively.



6. 净服务费及佣金收入 6. Net fees and commission income

		2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
服务费及佣金收入	Fees and commission income		
证券经纪	Securities brokerage	1,488	834
信用卡	Credit cards	807	737
汇票佣金	Bills commissions	537	532
贷款佣金	Loan commissions	273	263
缴款服务	Payment services	418	381
保险	Insurance	343	329
资产管理	Asset management	317	183
信托服务	Trust services	118	107
担保	Guarantees	44	43
其他	Others		
- 保管箱	- safe deposit box	181	169
- 买卖货币	- currency exchange	117	102
- 小额存户	 low deposit balance accounts 	42	45
- 中银卡	- BOC cards	29	32
- 不动户口	- dormant accounts	24	25
- 代理业务	- agency services	14	12
- 邮电	 postage and telegrams 	28	27
- 资讯调查	- information search	39	37
- 代理行	 correspondent banking 	31	19
- 人民币业务	- RMB business	77	43
- 其他	- sundries	259	190
		5,186	4,110
服务费及佣金支出	Fees and commission expenses	(1,259)	(1,055)
净服务费及佣金收入	Net fees and commission income	3,927	3,055



7. 净交易性收入

7. Net trading income

		2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
净收益源自:	Net gain from:		
- 外汇交易及外汇交易产品	- foreign exchange and foreign exchange		
	products	1,113	1,414
- 利率工具	- interest rate instruments	204	277
- 股份权益工具	- equity instruments	72	12
- 商品	- commodities	78	52
		1,467	1,755

外汇净交易性收入包括远期 及期货合约、期权、掉期及外 币资产和负债换算而产生的 收益和亏损。 Foreign exchange net trading income includes gains and losses from forward and futures contracts, options, swaps and translation of foreign currency assets and liabilities.

8. 证券投资之净亏损

8. Net loss on investments in securities

	_	2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
提早赎回持有至到期日证券之 净收益 / (亏损)	Net gain/(loss) from early redemption of held-to-maturity securities	2	(4)
出售可供出售证券之净亏损	Net loss from disposal of available-for-sale securities	(7)	(104)
持有至到期日证券之减值拨备 拨回	Reversal of impairment losses on held-to-maturity securities		12
	-	(5)	(96)



9. 其他经营收入

9. Other operating income

		2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
证券投资股息收入	Dividend income from investments in securities		
- 非上市证券投资	- unlisted investments	21	14
投资物业之租金总收入	Gross rental income from investment properties	212	194
减:有关投资物业之支出	Less: Outgoings in respect of investment properties	(56)	(62)
联营公司权益之减值拨备拨回	Reversal of impairment losses on interests in associates	-	4
重组准备拨回	Write-back of restructuring provisions	-	209
出售附属公司之净亏损	Net loss on disposal of subsidiaries	-	(10)
其他	Others	149	136
		326	485

「有关投资物业之支出」包括 港币 9 百万元(2005 年:港 币 1.7 千万元)属于未出租投 资物业之直接经营支出。 Included in the "Outgoings in respect of investment properties" is HK\$9 million (2005: HK\$17 million) of direct operating expenses related to investment properties that were not let during the year.

10. 贷款减值准备拨回

10. Reversal of loan impairment allowances

			2005 港币百万元 HK\$'m
贷款减值准备净拨回额	Net reversal of loan impairment allowances		
- 个别评估	- Individually assessed	1,719	1,377
- 组合评估	- Collectively assessed	71	1,268
		1,790	2,645
其中	Of which		
- 新提准备	- new allowances	(841)	(1,315)
- 拨回	- releases	516	2,321
- 收回已撤销账项(附注 26)	- recoveries (Note 26)	2,115	1,639
拨回收益账净额(附注 26)	Net credit to income statement (Note 26)	1,790	2,645



11. 经营支出

11. Operating expenses

		2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
人事费用(包括董事酬金)	Staff costs (including directors' emoluments)		
- 薪酬及其他费用	- salaries and other costs	3,679	3,213
- 补偿费用	- termination benefit	15	1
- 退休成本	- pension cost	274	252
		3,968	3,466
房产及设备支出(不包括折旧)	Premises and equipment expenses (excluding		
ᆸᆇᄺᄾ	depreciation)	207	050
- 房产租金	- rental of premises	307	258
- 资讯科技	- information technology	342	283
- 其他	- others	214	202
		863	743
折旧	Depreciation	670	566
审计师酬金	Auditors' remuneration		
- 审计服务	- audit services	28	27
- 非审计服务	- non-audit services	8	8
其他经营支出	Other operating expenses	958	920
		6,495	5,730



12. 出售 / 重估物业、厂房 12. Net (loss)/gain from disposal/revaluation of properties, plant and 及设备之净(亏损) / equipment 收益

	_	2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
出售房产之净收益 / (亏损)	Net gain/(loss) on disposal of premises	9	(3)
出售其他固定资产之净亏损	Net loss on disposal of other fixed assets	(24)	(14)
重估房产之净(亏损)/收	Net (loss)/gain on revaluation of premises (Note 32)		
益 (附注 32)		(1)	97
房产减值拨备拨回	Reversal of impairment losses on premises (Note 32)		
(附注 32)		8	5
其他固定资产之减值拨备	Impairment losses on other fixed assets (Note 32)		
(附注 32)	-	(4)	(1)
	_	(12)	84

13. 出售 / 公平值调整投资物业之净收益

13. Net gain from disposal of/fair value adjustments on investment properties

		2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
出售投资物业之净收益 公平值调整投资物业之净收	Net gain on disposal of investment properties Net gain on fair value adjustments on investment	31	14
益 (附注 33)	properties (Note 33)	574	1,382
		605	1,396



14. 税项

14. Taxation

收益账内之税项组成如下:

Taxation in the income statement represents:

		2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
香港利得税	Hong Kong profits tax		
- 本年税项	- current year taxation	2,632	2,282
- 往年不足 / (超额) 拨备	- under/(over)-provision in prior years	3	(34)
计入递延税项	Deferred tax charge	155	424
		2,790	2,672
应占合伙企业投资之估计香	Attributable share of estimated Hong Kong profits tax		
港利得税亏损	losses arising from investments in partnerships	<u> </u>	(3)
		2,790	2,669
撤销合伙企业投资	Investments in partnerships written off	<u>-</u> _	3
香港利得税	Hong Kong profits tax	2,790	2,672
海外税项	Overseas taxation	68	39
	_	2,858	2,711

香港利得税乃按照截至本年度估计应课税溢利依税率17.5%(2005年:17.5%)提拨准备。海外溢利之税款按照本年度估计应课税溢利依集团经营业务所在国家之现行税率计算。

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 17.5% (2005: 17.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. Taxation on overseas profits has been calculated on the estimated assessable profits for the year at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

本集团于 2006 年 12 月 31 日并未有投资于涉及特别用 途合伙企业的飞机租赁及息 票分拆交易 (2005 年:港币 1.65 亿元)。

The Group has no outstanding investments in aircraft leasing and coupon strip transactions involving special purpose partnerships as at 31 December 2006 (2005: HK\$165 million).



14. 税项 (续)

实际税率

14. Taxation (continued)

Effective tax rate

上述合伙企业之总资产及总 负债如下: The total assets and liabilities of the aforementioned partnerships are as follows:

16.9%

16.6%

		2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
资产	Assets	-	589
负债	Liabilities	<u> </u>	433
本集团除税前溢利产生的 实际税项,与根据香港利得 税率计算的税项差异如下:	The taxation on the Group's profit before taxation that display would arise using the taxation rate of Hong Kong is as for		tical amount that
		2006	2005
		—————————————————————————————————————	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation	16,893	16,367
按稅率 17.5%(2005:17.5%)	Calculated at a taxation rate of 17.5% (2005: 17.5%)		
計算的稅項		2,956	2,864
其他国家税率差异的影响	Effect of different taxation rates in other countries	(10)	(19)
无需课税之收入	Income not subject to taxation	(185)	(182)
税务上不可扣减之开支	Expenses not deductible for taxation purposes	93	81
未确认的税务亏损	Tax losses not recognised	1	9
使用往年未确认的税务亏损	Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses	-	(8)
往年不足 / (超额) 拨备	Under/(Over)-provision in prior years	3	(34)
计入税项	Taxation charge	2,858	2,711



15. 本银行股东应占溢利 15.

15. Profit attributable to equity holders of the Bank

截至 2006 年 12 月 31 日止年度之本银行股东应占本银行股东应占本银行溢利为港币 128.39 亿元(2005 年:港币 127.78亿元),并已列入本银行之财务报表内。

The profit of the Bank for the year ended 31 December 2006 attributable to equity holders of the Bank and dealt with in the financial statements of the Bank amounted to HK\$12,839 million (2005: HK\$12,778 million).

16. 股息

16. Dividends

		2006		2005	
	_	每股	总额	每股	总额
		港币	港币百万元	港币	港币百万元
		Per share	Total	Per share	Total
		HK\$	HK\$'m	HK\$	HK\$'m
第一次中期股息	First interim dividend	0.021	904	0.055	2,367
第二次中期股息	Second interim dividend	0.085	3,659	0.137	5,897
第三次中期股息	Third interim dividend	0.110	4,735	-	
	=	0.216	9,298	0.192	8,264



财务报表附注(续)

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

17. 退休福利成本

17. Retirement benefit costs

本集团给予本集团员工的 定额供款计划主要为获强 积金条例豁免之职业退休 计划及中银保诚简易强积 金计划。根据职业退休计 划,雇员须向职业退休计划 之每月供款为彼等基本薪 金之5%,而雇主之每月供 款为雇员基本月薪之5%至 15%不等(视乎彼等之服务 年期)。雇员有权于20年服 务期届满后,在雇用期终止 时收取 100%之雇主供款, 或于3年至20年以下服务 期届满后,在退休、提前退 休、永远丧失工作能力及健 康欠佳或雇用期终止等情 况(被即时解雇除外)下, 收取 20%至 95%之雇主供

The principal defined contribution schemes for the Group's employees are ORSO schemes exempted under the MPF Schemes Ordinance and the BOC-Prudential Easy Choice MPF Scheme. Under the ORSO schemes, employees make monthly contributions to the ORSO schemes equal to 5% of their basic salaries, while the employer makes monthly contributions equal to 5% to 15% of the employees' monthly basic salaries, depending on years of service. The employees are entitled to receive 100% of the employer's contributions upon termination of employment after completing 20 years of service, or at a scale ranging from 20% to 95% for employees who have completed between 3 to 20 years of service, on conditions of retirement, early retirement, permanent incapacity and ill-health or termination of employment other than summary dismissal.

随着强积金条例于 2000 年 12 月 1 日实施,本集团亦 参与中银保诚简易强积金 计划,该计划之受托人为中 银国际英国保诚信托有限 公司,投资管理人为中银国 际英国保诚资产管理有限 公司,此两间公司均为本银 行之有关连人士。 With the implementation of the MPF Schemes Ordinance on 1 December 2000, the Group also participates in the BOC-Prudential Easy Choice MPF Scheme, of which the trustee is BOCI-Prudential Trustee and the investment manager is BOCI-Prudential Manager, which are related parties of the Bank.

截至2006年12月31日止, 在扣除约港币 1.9 千万元 (2005年: 约港币 2.3 千 万元)之没收供款后,职业 退休计划之供款总额约为 港币 2.4 亿元(2005年: 约港币 2.25 亿元),而本集 团向强积金计划之供款总 额则约为港币 2 千万元 (2005年: 约港币 1.5 千 万元)。

The Group's total contributions made to the ORSO schemes for the year ended 31 December 2006 amounted to approximately HK\$240 million (2005: approximately HK\$225 million), after a deduction of forfeited contributions of approximately HK\$19 million (2005: approximately HK\$23 million). For the MPF Scheme, the Group contributed approximately HK\$20 million (2005: approximately HK\$15 million) for the year ended 31 December 2006.



财务报表附注(续)

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

18. 认股权计划

18. Share option schemes

(a) 认股权计划及股份储蓄 计划

认股权计划及股份储蓄计划的主要条款已于 2002 年7月10日由中银香港(控股)的全体股东以书面决议案批准并采纳。

认股权计划旨在向参与人 提供购买中银香港 (控股) 专有权益的机会。中银香港 (控股) 董事会可以完全根 据自己的决定,将认股权授 予中银香港(控股)董事会 可能选择的任何人士。股份 认购价格将根据中银香港 (控股)董事会的决定于授 出日期按既定规则计算每 股价格。认股权可于中银香 港(控股)董事会确定的任 何日期之后的任何时间,或 在要约不时规定的时间,或 于中银香港 (控股) 董事会 确定的终止日期当日或之 前,可部分或全部行使。

上述两个计划在 2006 年度 内并未有授出认股权 (2005 年: 无)。

(a) Share Option Scheme and Sharesave Plan

The principal terms of the Share Option Scheme and the Sharesave Plan were approved and adopted by written resolutions of all the shareholders of BOCHK (Holdings) dated 10 July 2002.

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to provide the participants with the opportunity to acquire proprietary interests in BOCHK (Holdings). The Board of BOCHK (Holdings) may, in its absolute discretion, offer to grant options under the Share Option Scheme to any person as the Board of BOCHK (Holdings) may select. The subscription price for the shares shall be determined on the date of grant by the Board of BOCHK (Holdings) as an amount per share calculated on the basis of established rules. An option may be exercised in whole or in part at any time after the date prescribed by the Board of BOCHK (Holdings) and from time to time as specified in the offer and on or before the termination date prescribed by the Board of BOCHK (Holdings).

The purpose of the Sharesave Plan is to encourage broad-based employee ownership of the shares of BOCHK (Holdings). The amount of the monthly contribution under the savings contract to be made in connection with an option shall be the amount which the relevant eligible employee is willing to contribute, which amount shall not be less than 1% and not more than 10% of the eligible employee's monthly salary as at the date of application or such other maximum or minimum amounts as permitted by the Board of BOCHK (Holdings). When an option is exercised during an exercise period, it may be exercised in whole or in part.

No options were granted pursuant to the Share Option Scheme or the Sharesave Plan during the year 2006 (2005: Nil).



18. 认股权计划 (续)

18. Share option schemes (continued)

(b) 上市前认股权计划

(b) Pre-Listing Share Option Scheme

于2002年7月5日,本 银行间接控股公司中银 (BVI) 根据上市前认股 权计划向若干董事及另 外约60名本集团高级管 理人员和中国银行员工 授予认股权,彼等可据此 向中银(BVI)购入合共 31,132,600 股中银香港 (控股) 现有已发行股 份。本集团受惠于香港财 务报告准则第2号53段 之过渡条文内列明新确 认及计量政策并不应用 于 2002 年 11 月 7 日或 之前授予员工的认股权。

On 5 July 2002, several directors together with approximately 60 senior management personnel of BOCHK (Holdings) and employees of BOC were granted options by BOC (BVI), the immediate holding company of the Bank, pursuant to a Pre-Listing Share Option Scheme to purchase from BOC (BVI) an aggregate of 31,132,600 existing issued shares of BOCHK (Holdings). The Group has taken advantage of the transitional provisions set out in paragraph 53 of HKFRS 2 under which the new recognition and measurement policies have not been applied to all options granted to employees on or before 7 November 2002.

截至2006年12月31日 止认股权详情披露如下:

Details of the share options outstanding as at 31 December 2006 are disclosed as follows:

平均行使价

		董事 Directors	高级管理人员 Senior management	其他* Others*	认股权总计 Total number of share options	平均行便们 (每股港币) Average exercise price (HK\$ per share)
于 2006 年 1 月 1 日 减:年内行使之认股权	At 1 January 2006 Less: Share options	8,459,100	8,302,650	1,446,000	18,207,750	8.5
减:年内作废之认股权	exercised during the year Less: Share options lapsed during the	-	(4,278,700)	-	(4,278,700)	8.5
	year		(43,500)	-	(43,500)	8.5
于 2006 年 12 月 31 日	At 31 December 2006	8,459,100	3,980,450	1,446,000	13,885,550	8.5
于 2006 年 12 月 31 日 可行使之认股权	Exercisable at 31 December 2006	8,459,100	3,980,450	1,446,000	13,885,550	8.5
于 2005 年 1 月 1 日 减:年内行使之认股权	At 1 January 2005 Less: Share options	8,459,100	10,532,700	1,446,000	20,437,800	8.5
减:年内作废之认股权	exercised during the year Less: Share options	-	(2,121,550)	-	(2,121,550)	8.5
	lapsed during the year		(108,500)		(108,500)	8.5
于 2005 年 12 月 31 日	At 31 December 2005	8,459,100	8,302,650	1,446,000	18,207,750	8.5
于 2005 年 12 月 31 日 可行使之认股权	Exercisable at 31 December 2005	6,253,950	5,071,600	1,084,500	12,410,050	8.5

^{*} 代表本集团前董事持有的认股权。

^{*} Represented share options held by ex-directors of the Group



财务报表附注(续)

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

18. 认股权计划 (续)

18. Share option schemes (continued)

(b) 上市前认股权计划 (续)

(b) Pre-Listing Share Option Scheme (continued)

认股权于年内曾多次被行使,有关之加权平均股价为港币16.50元(2005年:港币15.01元)。

Share options were exercised on a regular basis throughout the year, the weighted average share price during the year was HK\$16.50 (2005: HK\$15.01).

根据此计划而授出之 认股权之行使价为每 股港币 8.50 元, 而相 对之认股权价为港币 1.00元。该等认股权由 中银香港 (控股)股份 于联交所开始买卖日 期起计的 4 年内归属 (该等认股权项下 25%的股份将于每年 年底归属),有效行使 期为 10 年。于中银香 港(控股)股份开始在 联交所买卖之目或其 后,将不会再根据上市 前认股权计划授出任 何认股权。

The options granted under this scheme can be exercised at HK\$8.50 per share in respect of the option price of HK\$1.00. These options have a vesting period of four years (25% of the number of shares subject to such options will vest at the end of each year) from the date on which dealings in the shares commenced on the Stock Exchange with a valid exercise period of ten years. No offer to grant any options under the Pre-Listing Share Option Scheme will be made on or after the date on which dealings in the shares commenced on the Stock Exchange.



酬金

19. 董事及高级管理人员 19. Directors' and senior management's emoluments

(a) 董事酬金

(a) Directors' emoluments

本年度就本银行董事 提供之服务而已付及 其应收未收之酬金详 情如下:

Details of the emoluments paid to or receivable by the directors of the Bank during the year are as follows:

截至 2006 年止	For the year 2006	董事袍金 Directors' <u>fees</u> 港币千元 HK\$'000	基本薪金、津贴 及实物福利 Basic salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 港币千元 HK\$'000	花红 Bonus 港币千元 HK\$'000	总计 Total 港币千元 HK\$'000
执行董事	Executive Director				
和广北	He Guangbei	300	4,658	1,818	6,776
非执行董事	Non-executive Directors				
肖钢	Xiao Gang	222	-	-	222
孙昌基	Sun Changji	300	-	-	300
华庆山	Hua Qingshan	300	-	-	300
李早航	Li Zaohang	250	-	-	250
周载群	Zhou Zaiqun	300	-	-	300
张燕玲	Zhang Yanling	250	-	-	250
冯国经*	Fung Victor Kwok King*	300	-	-	300
高铭胜*	Koh Beng Seng*	272	-	-	272
单伟建*	Shan Weijian*	350	-	-	350
董建成*	Tung Chee Chen*	300	-	-	300
童伟鹤*	Tung Savio Wai-Hok*	350	-	-	350
杨曹文梅*	Yang Linda Tsao*	400	<u> </u>	-	400
		3,894	4,658	1,818	10,370

Note:

^{*} 独立非执行董事

^{*} Independent Non-executive Directors



19. 董事及高级管理人员 19. Directors' and senior management's emoluments (continued) 酬金(续)

(a) 董事酬金(续) (a) Directors' emoluments (continued)

			基本薪金、津贴		
			及实物福利		
			Basic salaries,		
		董事袍金	allowances		
		Directors'	and benefits in	花红	总计
		fees	kind	Bonus	Total
截至 2005 年止	For the year 2005	港币千元	港币千元	港币千元	港币千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
执行董事	Executive Director				
和广北	He Guangbei	331	4,728	1,969	7,028
非执行董事	Non-executive Directors				
肖钢	Xiao Gang	300	-	-	300
孙昌基	Sun Changji	300	-	-	300
华庆山	Hua Qingshan	254	-	-	254
李早航	Li Zaohang	250	-	-	250
周载群	Zhou Zaiqun	254	-	-	254
张燕玲	Zhang Yanling	250	-	-	250
冯国经*	Fung Victor Kwok King*	300	-	-	300
单伟建*	Shan Weijian*	350	-	-	350
董建成*	Tung Chee Chen*	300	-	-	300
童伟鹤*	Tung Savio Wai-Hok*	29	-	-	29
杨曹文梅*	Yang Linda Tsao*	263			263
		3,181	4,728	1,969	9,878

注: Note:



19. 董事及高级管理人员酬金(续)

19. Directors' and senior management's emoluments (continued)

(a) 董事酬金(续)

(a) Directors' emoluments (continued)

2002年7日,本银行间接控股公司中银(BVI)根据上市前认股权计划向若干董事授予认股权,详情见附注18(b)。年内并无董事行使该等认股权,故上计无包括因该等认股权,故上对无包括因该等认股权和产生的利益;而收益账亦无需就此作出反映。

In July 2002, options were granted to several directors of the Bank by the indirect holding company, BOC (BVI), under the Pre-Listing Share Option Scheme. Full details of the scheme are stated in Note 18(b). During the year, no options were exercised and no benefits arising from the granting of these share options were included in the directors' emoluments disclosed above or recognised in the income statement.

董事酬金政策的详细 资料,请参阅公司治理 报告。 For details of policies on directors' emoluments please refer to the Corporate Governance Report.

(b) 五位最高薪酬人士

(b) Five highest paid individuals

本年度,本集团内五位 最高薪酬人士包括1名 (2005年:1名)董事, 其酬金已载于上文分 析。其余 4 名 (2005年:4名)最高薪酬人 士之酬金分析如下: The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include 1 (2005: 1) director whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments payable to the remaining 4 (2005: 4) individuals during the year are as follows:

2006

2005

		推币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m
基本薪金及津贴	Basic salaries and allowances	13	12
酌情发放之花红	Discretionary bonuses	6	5
其他(包括退休金供款)	Others (including pension contributions)	1	1
		20	18



财务报表附注(续)

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

19. 董事及高级管理人员酬金(续)

19. Directors' and senior management's emoluments (continued)

(b) 五位最高薪酬人士 (续)

(b) Five highest paid individuals (continued)

彼等酬金之组别如下:

Emoluments of individuals were within the following bands:

		人数	
		Number of individuals	
		2006	2005
3,000,001 港元至 3,500,000 港元	HK\$3,000,001 – HK\$3,500,000	-	1
3,500,001 港元至 4,000,000 港元	HK\$3,500,001 - HK\$4,000,000	1	-
4,000,001 港元至 4,500,000 港元	HK\$4,000,001 - HK\$4,500,000	1	-
4,500,001 港元至 5,000,000 港元	HK\$4,500,001 - HK\$5,000,000	-	2
5,000,001 港元至 5,500,000 港元	HK\$5,000,001 - HK\$5,500,000	-	1
5,500,001 港元至 6,000,000 港元	HK\$5,500,001 - HK\$6,000,000	1	-
6,000,001 港元至 6,500,000 港元	HK\$6,000,001 - HK\$6,500,000	1	-

本年度既无董事放弃任何酬金, 本集团亦无向董事或五位最高 薪酬人士之中任何人士支付作 为加入本集团之奖励或作为离 职补偿之酬金。 During the year, no director waived any emoluments and the Group has not paid any emoluments to the directors or any of the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

20. 库存现金及在银行及 其他金融机构的结余

20. Cash and balances with banks and other financial institutions

		本集	才	本银行	亍
		The Gr	oup	The Bank	
		2006	2005	2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
库存现金 银行及其他金融机构的结余	Cash Balances with banks and other financial	2,981	3,032	2,484	2,598
	institutions	27,992	27,671	26,872	26,808
		30,973	30,703	29,356	29,406



21. 银行及其他金融机构 存款

${\bf 21.\ Placements\ with\ banks\ and\ other\ financial\ institutions}$

		本集团 The Group		本银行 The Bank	
		2006	2005	2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
一个月内到期之银行及其 他金融机构存款	Placements with banks and other financial institutions maturing within one month	74,263	78.051	55,832	56,685
一至十二个月内到期之银 行及其他金融机构存款	Placements with banks and other financial institutions maturing between one and	ŕ	2,72	,	,
	twelve months	56,373	47,611	38,044	32,793
		130,636	125,662	93,876	89,478

22. 库存现金及短期资金 22. Cash and short-term funds

		本集团		本银行		
		The Gr	oup	The Ba	ank	
		2006	2005	2006	2005	
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	
库存现金及在银行及其他 金融机构的结余 (附注 20)	Cash and balances with banks and other financial institutions (Note 20)	30,973	30,703	29,356	29,406	
一个月内到期之银行及其 他金融机构存款 (附注 21)	Placements with banks and other financial institutions maturing within one month					
	(Note 21)	74,263	78,051	55,832	56,685	
库券	Treasury bills	11,282	6,821	10,415	6,134	
		116,518	115,575	95,603	92,225	



23. 交易性证券及公平值 变化计入损益的其他 金融资产 23. Trading securities and other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

				本集 Tho G			
	-	交易性 Trading s		The Group 公平值变化计入损益 的其他金融资产 Other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		总计 Total	
	_	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
	-	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	<u>2000</u> 港币百万 元	港币百万元
按公平值入账	At fair value	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
债务证券 - 于香港上市 - 于海外上市	Debt securities - Listed in Hong Kong - Listed outside Hong	262	409	575	609	837	1,018
- 1 母介工巾	Kong	3,683	4,181	671	931	4,354	5,112
		3,945	4,590	1,246	1,540	5,191	6,130
- 非上市	- Unlisted _	6,409	4,569	1,533	1,292	7,942	5,861
	<u>-</u>	10,354	9,159	2,779	2,832	13,133	11,991
股份证券 - 于香港上市 - 非上市	Equity securities - Listed in Hong Kong - Unlisted	19 42	18 	<u>-</u>	- -	19 42	18
	_	61	18	<u> </u>		61	18
总计	Total _	10,415	9,177	2,779	2,832	13,194	12,009
	-			本银 The B 公 平值变 化 的其他金	ank 公计入损益		
				Other financia	l instruments		
		交易性		at fair value tl			भे
	_	Trading s	2005	or lo 2006	2005	2006	tal 2005
	-	推币百万元 HK\$'m	進币百万元 HK\$'m		港币百万元 HK\$'m	推币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK \$ 'm
按公平值入账	At fair value						
债务证券 - 于香港上市 - 于海外上市	Debt securities - Listed in Hong Kong - Listed outside Hong	261	256	101	103	362	359
	Kong _	3,683	4,181	156	226	3,839	4,407
		3,944	4,437	257	329	4,201	4,766
- 非上市	- Unlisted _	6,328	4,568	<u>-</u>		6,328	4,568
	_	10,272	9,005	257	329	10,529	9,334
股份证券 - 于香港上市	Equity securities - Listed in Hong Kong_	19	15	<u>-</u> _		19	15
总计	Total _	10,291	9,020	257	329	10,548	9,349



23. 交易性证券及公平值 变化计入损益的其他 金融资产(续)

23. Trading securities and other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss (continued)

交易性证券及公平值变化计 入损益的其他金融资产按发 行机构之类别分析如下: Trading securities and other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are analysed by type of issuer as follows:

		本集团 本银行 The Group The Bank		本银行	
				ank	
	_	2006	2005	2006	2005
	-	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
中央政府及中央银行	Central governments and				
	central banks	3,907	2,359	3,784	2,173
公共机构	Public sector entities	1,270	1,620	1,158	1,504
银行及其他金融机构	Banks and other financial				
	institutions	6,912	6,528	5,470	5,189
公司企业	Corporate entities	1,105	1,502	136	483
	_	13,194	12,009	10,548	9,349

交易性证券及公平值变化计 入损益的其他金融资产分类 如下: Trading securities and other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are analysed as follows:

		本集团 The Group		本银行 The Bank	
	_				
	-	2006	2005	2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
库券	Treasury bills	3,616	1,550	3,536	1,550
持有之存款证	Certificates of deposit				
	held	769	807	413	463
其他交易性证券及公平值变	Other trading securities				
化计入损益的其他金融资	and financial				
产	instruments at fair value				
	through profit or loss	8,809	9,652	6,599	7,336
	_	13,194	12,009	10,548	9,349



财务报表附注(续)

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

24. 衍生金融工具

24. Derivative financial instruments

本集团订立下列股份权益、

汇率、利率及贵金属相关的 衍生金融工具合约用作买 卖及风险管理之用:

远期外汇合约是指于未来 某一日期买或卖外币的承 诺。利率期货是指根据合约 按照利率的变化收取或支 付一个净金额的合约,或在 交易所管理的金融市场上 按约定价格在未来的某一 日期买进或卖出利率金融 工具的合约。远期利率合同 是经单独协商而达成的利 率期货合约,要求在未来某 一日根据合约利率与市场 利率的差异及名义本金的 金额进行计算及现金交割。

The Group enters into the following equity, foreign exchange, interest rate and precious metal related derivative financial instruments for trading and risk management purposes:

Currency forward represent commitments to purchase and sell foreign currency on a future date. Interest rate futures are contractual obligations to receive or pay a net amount based on changes in interest rates or buy or sell interest rate financial instruments on a future date at an agreed price in the financial market under the administration of the stock exchange. Forward rate agreements are individually negotiated interest rate futures that call for a cash settlement at a future date for the difference between a contracted rate of interest and the current market rate, based on a notional principal amount.

货币、利率及贵金属掉期是 指交换不同现金流量或商 品的承诺。掉期的结果是不 同货币、利率(如固定利率 与浮动利率)或贵金属(如 白银掉期)的交换或以上的 所有组合(如交叉货币利率 掉期)。除某些货币掉期合 约外,该等交易无需交换本 全。

Currency, interest rate and precious metal swaps are commitments to exchange one set of cash flows or commodity for another. Swaps result in an exchange of currencies, interest rates (for example, fixed rate for floating rate), or precious metals (for example, silver swaps) or a combination of all these (i.e. cross-currency interest rate swaps). Except for certain currency swap contracts, no exchange of principal takes place.

外汇、利率、股份权益合约 及贵金属期权是指期权的 卖方(出让方)为买方(持 有方)提供在未来某一特定 日期或未来一定时期内按 约定的价格买进(认购期 权)或卖出(认沽期权)一 定数量的金融工具的权利 (而非承诺)的一种协定。 考虑到外汇和利率风险,期 权的卖方从购买方收取一 定的期权费。本集团期权合 约是与对手方在场外协商 达成协定的或透过交易所 进行(如于交易所进行买卖 之期权)。

Foreign currency, interest rate, equity and precious metal options are contractual agreements under which the seller (writer) grants the purchaser (holder) the right, but not the obligation, either to buy (a call option) or sell (a put option) at or by a set date or during a set period, a specific amount of the financial instrument at a predetermined price. In consideration for the assumption of foreign exchange and interest rate risk, the seller receives a premium from the purchaser. Options are negotiated over-the-counter ("OTC") between the Group and its counterparty or traded through the stock exchange (for example, exchange-traded stock option).



24. 衍生金融工具(续) 24. Derivative financial instruments (continued)

本集团之衍生金融工具合 约 / 名义合约数额及其公 平值详列于下表。资产负债 表日各类型金融工具的合 约 / 名义合约数额仅显示 了于资产负债表日之未完 成交易量,而若干金融工具 之合约 / 名义合约数额则 提供了一个与综合资产负 债表内所确认的公平值资 产或负债的对比基础。但 是,这并不代表所涉及的未 来的现金流量或当前的公 平值,因而也不能反映本集 团所面临的信用风险或市 场风险。随着与衍生金融工 具合约条款相关的市场利 率、汇率或股份权益和贵金 属价格的波动,衍生金融工 具的估值可能产生对银行 有利(资产)或不利(负债) 的影响,这些影响可能在不 同期间有较大的波动。

The contract/notional amounts and fair values of derivative financial instruments held by the Group are set out in the following tables. The contract/notional amounts of these instruments indicate the volume of transactions outstanding at the balance sheet dates and certain of them provide a basis for comparison with fair value instruments recognised on the consolidated balance sheet. However, they do not necessarily indicate the amounts of future cash flows involved or the current fair values of the instruments and, therefore, do not indicate the Group's exposure to credit or market risks. The derivative financial instruments become favourable (assets) or unfavourable (liabilities) as a result of fluctuations in market interest rates, foreign exchange rates or equity and metal prices relative to their terms. The aggregate fair values of derivative financial instruments assets and liabilities can fluctuate significantly from time to time.



24. 衍生金融工具(续) 24. Derivative financial instruments (continued)

以下为衍生金融工具 中每项重要类别之合 约/名义合约数额之 摘要: The following is a summary of the contract/notional amounts of each significant type of derivative financial instrument:

本集团

		The Group						
	_		2006		2005			
	_	买卖	风险对冲	总计	买卖	风险对冲	总计	
	_	Trading	Hedging	Total	Trading	Hedging	Total	
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	
汇率合约	Exchange rate contracts							
即期及远期	Spot and forward	143,859	-	143,859	113,672	-	113,672	
掉期	Swaps	170,792	-	170,792	177,871	-	177,871	
外汇交易期权合约	Foreign currency option contracts							
- 买入期权	- Options purchased	1,479	_	1,479	2,227	_	2,227	
- 卖出期权	- Options written	3,102	_	3,102	1,315	_	1,315	
		•		•				
	-	319,232		319,232	295,085		295,085	
利率合约	Interest rate contracts							
期货	Futures	89	-	89	194	-	194	
掉期	Swaps	33,362	544	33,906	29,310	194	29,504	
利率期权合约	Interest rate option							
	contracts							
- 卖出掉期期权	- Swaptions written	31	-	31	1,153	-	1,153	
其他合约	Other contracts							
- 卖出债券期权	 Bond options 							
	written _	311		311	465		465	
	_	33,793	544	34,337	31,122	194	31,316	
贵金属合约	Bullion contracts	7,330		7,330	17,808		17,808	
股份权益合约	Equity contracts	954	<u>-</u>	954	567		567	
总计	Total	361,309	544	361,853	344,582	194	244 776	
NEW N.I.	- Iolai =	301,309	544	301,033	344,362	194	344,776	



24. 衍生金融工具(续) 24. Derivative financial instruments (continued)

本银行

_	The Bank					
_		2006			2005	
	买卖 Trading	风险对冲 Hedging	总计 Total	买卖 Trading	风险对冲 Hedging	总计 Total
-	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
Exchange rate contracts						
Spot and forward	141,694	-	141,694	109,480	-	109,480
Swaps	169,659	-	169,659	176,715	-	176,715
Foreign currency option contracts						
- Options purchased	1,479	-	1,479	2,227	-	2,227
- Options written	3,102	<u>-</u>	3,102	1,315		1,315
	_		_			
-	315,934	<u>-</u>	315,934	289,737		289,737
Interest rate contracts						
Futures	89	-	89	194	-	194
Swaps	28,228	156	28,384	22,542	-	22,542
Interest rate option contracts						
- Swaptions written	31	-	31	1,153	-	1,153
Other contracts						
- Bond options written	311		311	465		465
-	28,659	156	28,815	24,354		24,354
Bullion contracts	7,330	<u>-</u>	7,330	17,808		17,808
Equity contracts	922	<u>-</u>	922	525		525
Total	352,845	156	353,001	332,424		332,424
	Spot and forward Swaps Foreign currency option contracts - Options purchased - Options written Interest rate contracts Futures Swaps Interest rate option contracts - Swaptions written Other contracts - Bond options written Bullion contracts Equity contracts	Exchange rate contracts Spot and forward Swaps Foreign currency option contracts - Options purchased - Options written Interest rate contracts Futures Swaps Swaps Interest rate option contracts - Swaptions written Other contracts - Bond options written Bullion contracts Futures Swaps Swap		Y文文 风险对神 込計 Trading Hedging Hedg	2006 买卖 Trading Pledging Pledg	大字 八田 大学 十田 大学 十田 大学 十田 大学 十田 十田 十田 十田 十田 十田 十田 十

注: 持有作为风险对冲 之衍生金融工具全 部属公平值风险对 冲。

Note: All derivatives held for hedging are designated as fair value hedges.



24. 衍生金融工具(续) 24. Derivative financial instruments (continued)

以下为各类衍生金融工 具于12月31日之公平值 摘要: The following table summarises the fair values of each class of derivative financial instrument as at 31 December:

本集团
The Group

	_			The Gro	oup		
			2006			2005	
	_	买卖	风险对冲	总计	买卖	风险对冲	总计
		Trading	Hedging	Total	Trading	Hedging	Total
	_	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
公平值资产	Fair value assets						
汇率合约	Exchange rate						
	contracts	6,806	-	6,806	4,167	-	4,167
利率合约	Interest rate contracts	357	7	364	138	3	141
贵金属合约	Bullion contracts	219	-	219	873	-	873
股份权益合约	Equity contracts	4		4	3	<u>-</u>	3
	=	7,386	7_	7,393	5,181	3	5,184
公平值负债	Fair value liabilities						
汇率合约	Exchange rate contracts	2,809	_	2,809	2,329	_	2,329
利率合约	Interest rate contracts	795	8	803	1,028	1	1,029
贵金属合约	Bullion contracts	438	-	438	833	-	833
股份权益合约	Equity contracts	2	<u>-</u> _	2	2		2
		4,044	8	4,052	4,192	1	4,193



24. 衍生金融工具(续) 24. Derivative financial instruments (continued)

本银行

	_	The Bank					
	_		2006			2005	
	_	买卖	风险对冲		买卖	风险对冲	总计
	_	Trading	Hedging	Total	Trading	Hedging	Total
	_	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
公平值资产	Fair value assets						
汇率合约	Exchange rate						
	contracts	6,539	-	6,539	3,830	-	3,830
利率合约	Interest rate contracts	329	2	331	112	-	112
贵金属合约	Bullion contracts	219	-	219	873	-	873
股份权益合约	Equity contracts	3	<u> </u>	3	3		3
	-	7,090	2	7,092	4,818	-	4,818
公平值负债	Fair value liabilities						
汇率合约	Exchange rate						
	contracts	2,769	-	2,769	2,266	-	2,266
利率合约	Interest rate contracts	645	-	645	798	-	798
贵金属合约	Bullion contracts	438	-	438	833	-	833
股份权益合约	Equity contracts	2	<u>-</u> _	2	2		2
		3,854	-	3,854	3,899	-	3,899



24. 衍生金融工具(续) 24. Derivative financial instruments (continued)

上述衍生金融工具之重置 成本及信贷风险加权数额 (并未计及双边净额结算 安排之影响)如下: The replacement costs and credit risk weighted amounts of the above derivative financial instruments, which do not take into account the effects of bilateral netting arrangements are as follows:

本集团 The Group

2006 2006 2005 2005 信贷风险加权数额 重置成本 Credit risk weighted amount Replacement cost 港币百万元 港币百万元 港币百万元 港币百万元 HK\$'m HK\$'m HK\$'m HK\$'m 525 789 246 415 47 49 91 85 19 11 219 873 16 9 4 3 607 1,103 1.207 484

汇率合约 利率合约 贵金属合约 股份权益合约 Exchange rate contracts Interest rate contracts Bullion contracts Equity contracts

本银行

The Bank 2006 2005 2006 2005 信贷风险加权数额 重置成本 Credit risk weighted amount Replacement cost 港币百万元 港币百万元 港币百万元 港币百万元 HK\$'m HK\$'m HK\$'m HK\$'m 784 237 522 411 33 32 64 57 19 11 219 873 16 9 3 3 590 463 1,070 1,170

汇率合约 利率合约 贵金属合约 股份权益合约

Exchange rate contracts Interest rate contracts Bullion contracts Equity contracts

信贷风险加权数额是根据银行业条例附表三及金管局发出之指引计算。计算之金额与交易对手之情况及各类合约之期限特征有关。

重置成本是指重置所有按市值计算而其价值为正数的合约的成本(假设交易对手不履行责任),并根据该等合约的市值计算。重置成本是该等合约于结算日之信贷风险近似值及按金管局指引计算,因而应收利息并不计算在内。

本集团及本银行分别约 61% (2005 年: 65%)及 60% (2005 年: 65%)的衍生金融工具交易是与其他金融机构签订的。

The credit risk weighted amounts are the amounts that have been calculated in accordance with the Third Schedule of the Banking Ordinance and guidelines issued by the HKMA. The amounts calculated are dependent upon the status of the counterparty and the maturity characteristics of each type of contract.

Replacement cost is the cost of replacing all contracts that have a positive value when marked to market (should the counterparty default on its obligations) and is obtained by marking contracts to market. Replacement cost is a close approximation of the credit risk for these contracts at the balance sheet dates and is calculated in accordance with the guidelines issued by the HKMA. Accrued interest has been excluded in the calculation.

Approximately 61% (2005: 65%) and 60% (2005: 65%) of the Group's and the Bank's transactions in derivative financial instruments contracts are conducted with other financial institutions respectively.



25. 贷款及其他账项

25. Advances and other accounts

		本集团		本银行		
	_	The Gr	oup	The Ba	ank	
	_	2006 2005		2006	6 2005	
		港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m	
公司贷款	Corporate loans and advances	220,390	205,705	183,562	172,715	
个人贷款	Personal loans and advances	126,686	128,309	104,363	105,835	
客户贷款	Advances to customers	347,076	334,014	287,925	278,550	
贷款减值准备	Loan impairment allowances					
- 按个别评估	 Individually assessed 	(546)	(983)	(470)	(772)	
- 按组合评估	- Collectively assessed	(557)	(731)	(336)	(558)	
		345,973	332,300	287,119	277,220	
贸易票据 银行及其他金融机构贷款	Trade bills Advances to banks and other financial	3,128	3,039	2,686	1,796	
	institutions	3,743	3,055	3,491	2,826	
总计	Total _	352,844	338,394	293,296	281,842	

于 2006 年 12 月 31 日,本集团及本银行之客户贷款包括总贷款应计利息分别为港币 12.36 亿元(2005年:港币 12.03 亿元)及港币 10.42 亿元(2005年:港币 10.28 亿元)。

As at 31 December 2006, advances to customers of the Group and the Bank include accrued interest on gross advances of HK\$1,236 million (2005: HK\$1,203 million) and HK\$1,042 million (2005: HK\$1,028 million) respectively.

减值之客户贷款分析如下:

Impaired advances to customers are analysed as follows:

		本集团		本银行	
		The Gr	oup	The Bank	
		2006	2005	2006	2005
		港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m
减值之客户贷款总额	Gross impaired advances				
	to customers	916	1,872	780	1,506
就上述减值之客户贷款作 出之贷款减值准备	Loan impairment allowances made in respect of such				
	advances	546	983	470	772
总减值贷款对总客户贷款 比率	Gross impaired advances to customers as a percentage of gross				
	advances to customers	0.26%	0.56%	0.27%	0.54%



25. 贷款及其他账项(续) 25. Advances and other accounts (continued)

减值之客户贷款指存在客 观减值证据并已按个别评 估的客户贷款。贷款减值准 备之拨备已考虑有关贷款 之抵押品价值。

Impaired advances to customers are individually assessed loans with objective evidence of impairment. The loan impairment allowances were made after taking into account the value of collateral in respect of such advances.

于 2005 年 12 月 31 日及 2006年12月31日,对贸 易票据和银行及其他金融 机构之贷款并无作出任何 贷款减值准备。

As at 31 December 2005 and 31 December 2006, no impairment allowance was made in respect of trade bills and advances to banks and other financial institutions.

特定分类之客户贷款分析 如下:

Classified advances to customers are analysed as follows:

		本集团		本银行	
	_	The Gr	oup	The Bank	
		2006	2005	2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
特定分类之客户贷款总 额	Gross classified advances to customers	1,988	4,263	1,748	3,772
总特定分类客户贷款对 总客户贷款比率	Gross classified advances to customers as a percentage of gross advances to customers	0.57%	1.28%	0.61%	1.35%

特定分类之客户贷款为按本 集团放款质量分类的「次 级」、「呆滞」及「亏损」 贷款。

Classified advances to customers included "substandard", "doubtful" and "loss" under the Group's classification of loan quality.



26. 贷款减值准备 26. Loan impairment allowances

			本集团	
	_		The Group	
	_		2006	
		按个别评估	按组合评估	
		Individual	Collective	总计
	_	assessment	assessment	Total
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
于 2006 年 1 月 1 日	At 1 January 2006	983	731	1,714
于收益账拨回(附注 10)	Credited to income statement			
	(Note 10)	(1,719)	(71)	(1,790)
年内核销之未收回贷款	Loans written off during the year			
	as uncollectible	(706)	(142)	(848)
收回已撇销账项(附注 10)	Recoveries (Note 10)	2,053	62	2,115
折现减值回拨	Unwind of discount on allowance	(65)	(23)	(88)
于 2006 年 12 月 31 日	At 31 December 2006	546	557	1,103
			本银行	
			The Bank	
	_		2006	
	-	按个别评估	按组合评估	
		Individual	Collective	总计
		assessment	assessment	Total
	_	港币百万元	—————————————————————————————————————	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
于 2006 年 1 月 1 日	At 1 January 2006	772	558	1,330
于收益账拨回	Credited to income statement	(1,646)	(230)	(1,876)
年内核销之未收回贷款	Loans written off during the year	/F4.4\		/E4.4\
收回已撇销账项	as uncollectible Recoveries	(514)	-	(514)
		1,918	27	1,945
折现减值回拨	Unwind of discount on allowance _	(60)	(19)	(79)
于 2006 年 12 月 31 日	At 31 December 2006	470	336	806



26. 贷款减值准备(续) 26. Loan impairment allowances (continued)

	-		本集团 The Group	
	-		2005	
		按个别评估	按组合评估	V. V.
		Individual	Collective	总计
	-	assessment	assessment	Total
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
于 2005 年 1 月 1 日	At 1 January 2005	1,887	2,055	3,942
于收益账拨回(附注 10)	Credited to income statement			
	(Note 10)	(1,377)	(1,268)	(2,645)
年内核销之未收回贷款	Loans written off during the year			
	as uncollectible	(1,067)	(27)	(1,094)
收回已撇销账项(附注 10)	Recoveries (Note 10)	1,639	-	1,639
折现减值回拨	Unwind of discount on allowance	(99)	(29)	(128)
于 2005 年 12 月 31 日	At 31 December 2005	983	731	1,714
			本银行	
			The Bank	
	_		2005	
	_	按个别评估	按组合评估	
		Individual	Collective	总计
		assessment	assessment	Total
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
于 2005 年 1 月 1 日	At 1 January 2005	1,604	1,708	3,312
于收益账拨回	Credited to income statement	(1,309)	(1,098)	(2,407)
年内核销之未收回贷款	Loans written off during the year as uncollectible	(744)	(26)	(770)
收回已撇销账项	Recoveries	, ,	(20)	1,317
折现减值回拨	Unwind of discount on allowance	1,317	(26)	
7月2九9英国巴尔		(96)	(26)	(122)
于 2005 年 12 月 31 日	At 31 December 2005	772	558	1,330



27. 可供出售证券

27. Available-for-sale securities

		本集团 The Group		本银行 The Bank	
	-	2006	2005	2006	2005
	-	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m	推币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m
债务证券	Debt securities				
- 于香港上市 - 于海外上市	Listed in Hong KongListed outside Hong	4,800	3,540	4,646	3,388
	Kong _	13,023	8,361	12,779	8,081
		17,823	11,901	17,425	11,469
- 非上市	- Unlisted	82,516	40,286	80,050	38,611
		100,339	52,187	97,475	50,080
股份证券	Equity securities				
- 于海外上市	- Listed outside Hong				
	Kong	-	6	-	-
- 非上市	- Unlisted	50	50	39	39
	-	50	56	39	39
总计	Total =	100,389	52,243	97,514	50,119
可供出售证券按发行机构 之分类如下:	Available-for-sale securities	are analysed by	type of issuer as	follows:	
中央政府及中央银行	Central governments and				
	central banks	13,180	9,130	12,493	8,443
公共机构	Public sector entities	6,933	4,506	6,934	4,506
银行及其他金融机构	Banks and other financial				
	institutions	34,873	22,876	33,865	22,198
公司企业	Corporate entities	45,403	15,731	44,222	14,972
	<u>-</u>	100,389	52,243	97,514	50,119



27. 可供出售证券(续) 27. Available-for-sale securities (continued)

可供出售证券之变动摘要如下:

The movements in available-for-sale securities are summarised as follows:

		本集团		本银行	
	_	The Gr	oup	The B	ank
	_	2006	2005	2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
于1月1日	At 1 January	52,243	32,063	50,119	27,393
增加	Additions	107,789	74,276	103,551	69,788
处置及赎回	Disposals and				
	redemptions	(61,732)	(36,675)	(58,207)	(32,592)
重新分类	Reclassification	-	(15,772)	-	(12,917)
摊销	Amortisation	855	47	831	23
公平值变动	Changes in fair value	90	(629)	84	(551)
汇兑差异	Exchange differences	1,144	(1,067)	1,136	(1,025)
于 12 月 31 日	At 31 December	100,389	52,243	97,514	50,119
可供出售证券分类 如下:	Available-for-sale securities	are analysed as	follows:		
库券	Treasury bills	7,566	5,271	6,879	4,584
持有之存款证	Certificates of deposit				
	held	8,148	4,178	7,141	3,622
其他可供出售证券	Other available-for-sale				
	securities	84,675	42,794	83,494	41,913
		100,389	52,243	97,514	50,119



28. 持有至到期日证券 28. Held-to-maturity securities

		本集团		本银行	
		The Gr	oup	The Bank	
		2006	2005	2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
上市,按摊销成本入账	Listed, at amortised cost				
- 于香港上市	- in Hong Kong	3,935	4,281	3,344	3,374
- 于海外上市	- outside Hong Kong	24,629	29,889	22,892	28,012
		28,564	34,170	26,236	31,386
非上市,按摊销成本入账	Unlisted, at amortised				
非 上巾, 按推	cost	137,024	144,351	120,237	127,185
	-	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
总计	Total	165,588	178,521	146,473	158,571
上市证券之市值	Market value of listed securities	28,029	33,637	25,757	30,901
持有至到期日证券按发行机 构之类别分析如下:	Held-to-maturity securities a	re analysed by ty	pe of issuer as fo	ollows:	
中央政府及中央银行	Central governments and				
	central banks	1,768	2,740	1,668	2,426
公共机构	Public sector entities	21,166	30,741	18,632	28,703
银行及其他金融机构	Banks and other financial	,	,	, , , ,	,
	institutions	102,823	118,851	88,956	103,987
公司企业	Corporate entities	39,831	26,189	37,217	23,455
		165,588	178,521	146,473	158,571



28. 持有至到期日证券 (续)

28. Held-to-maturity securities (continued)

持有至到期日证券之变动 摘要如下:

The movements in held-to-maturity securities are summarised as follows:

		本集 The Gr	•	本银行 The Bank	
	-	2006	2005	2006	2005
	-		<u></u>		港币百万元
		他中日カル HK\$'m	将中国力元 HK\$'m	格明日ガル HK\$'m	将印音ガル HK\$'m
于 1 月 1 日	At 1 January	178,521	178,956	158,571	153,909
增加 赎回及到期	Additions Redemptions and	55,135	73,600	31,103	53,869
7211112121777	maturity	(69,847)	(88,789)	(44,586)	(61,167)
重新分类	Reclassification	-	15,772	-	12,917
推销	Amortisation	(40)	85	(149)	1
汇兑差异	Exchange differences	1,819	(1,115)	1,53 4	(970)
减值准备	Provision for		, , ,		` ,
	impairment	<u> </u>	12	<u> </u>	12
于 12 月 31 日	At 31 December	165,588	178,521	146,473	158,571
持有至到期日证券分类 如下:	Held-to-maturity securitie	es are analysed a	s follows:		
库券	Treasury bills	100	_	-	_
持有之存款证	Certificates of deposit				
	held	9,367	14,479	5,596	9,976
其他持有至到期日证券	Other held-to-maturity				
	securities	156,121	164,042	140,877	148,595
		165,588	178,521	146,473	158,571



29. 贷款及应收款

于12月31日

29. Loans and receivables

At 31 December

		本集	()	本银	1行
		The G		The Bank	
		2006	2005	2006	2005
		港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m
非上市,按摊销成本入账	Unlisted, at amortised cost	36,114	13,080	30,750	8,414
贷款及应收款按发行机构 之分类如下:	Loans and receivables are anal	ysed by type of i	ssuer as follow	s:	
公共机构 银行及其他金融机构	Public sector entities Banks and other financial	-	100	-	-
Wid Secretary of 3	institutions	36,114	12,980	30,750	8,414
		36,114	13,080	30,750	8,414
贷款及应收款之变动摘要 如下:	The movements in loans and re	ceivables are su	mmarised as fo	ollows:	
		本集		本银 The B	- / -
		The G	2005	2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
于1月1日	At 1 January	13,080	-	8,414	-
增加	Additions	80,872	33,652	62,517	19,104
赎回及到期	Redemptions and maturity	(59,046)	(20,779)	(41,037)	(10,895)
摊销	Amortisation	1,109	331	853	231
汇兑差异	Exchange differences	99	(124)	3	(26)

36,114

13,080

30,750 8,414



30. 附属公司权益

30. Interests in subsidiaries

		本银行		
		The Bank		
		2006	2005	
		港币百万元	港币百万元	
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	
非上市股份,按成本值入账	Unlisted shares, at cost	12,353	12,384	
减:减值准备	Less: Provision for impairment in value	(39)	(44)	
		12,314	12,340	
应收附属公司款项	Amounts due from subsidiaries	543	564	
		12,857	12,904	

于 2006 年 12 月 31 日之主 要附属公司呈列如下: The following is a list of principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2006:

名称 Name	注册及营业地点 Country of incorporation & place of operation	已发行股本 Particulars of issued share capital	持有权益 Interest held	主要业务 Principal activities
南洋商业银行有限公司 Nanyang Commercial Bank, Limited	香港 Hong Kong	6,000,000 普通股每股面值港币 100 元 6,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$100 each	100%	银行业务 Banking business
集友银行有限公司 Chiyu Banking Corporation Limited	香港 Hong Kong	3,000,000 普通股每股面值港币 100 元 3,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$100 each	70.49%	银行业务 Banking business
中银信用卡(国际)有限公司 BOC Credit Card (International) Limited	香港 Hong Kong	4,800,000 普通股每股面值港币 100 元 4,800,000 ordinary shares of HK\$100 each	100%	信用卡服务 Credit card services
宝生期货有限公司 Po Sang Futures Limited	香港 Hong Kong	250,000 普通股每股面值港币 100 元 250,000 ordinary shares of HK\$100 each	*100%	商品经纪 Commodities brokerage

^{*} 本银行间接持有股份

^{*} Shares held indirectly by the Bank



30. 附属公司权益(续) 30. Interests in subsidiaries (continued)

羊城信托有限公司及中南信 托有限公司于 2006 年 8 月 30 日完成清盘程序。 Rams City Trustee Limited and The China-South Sea Trustee Limited completed winding up procedures on 30 August 2006.

佳业企业有限公司于 2006 年 9 月 20 日完成清盘程序。 Attempt Fit Enterprises Limited completed winding up procedures on 20 September 2006.

冠立国际有限公司于 2006 年3月15日进入股东自动清 盘程序。 Champion Leader International Limited commenced members' voluntary winding up on 15 March 2006.

显威置业有限公司于 2006 年9月15日进入股东自动清 盘程序。 Excellent Way Properties Limited commenced members' voluntary winding up on 15 September 2006.

31. 联营公司权益 31. Interests in associates

		本集团 The Group		
		2006	2005	
		港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m	
于1月1日	At 1 January	61	62	
应占盈利	Share of result	6	5	
应占税项	Share of tax	(1)	(1)	
准备拨回	Reversal of provision	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4	
已付股息	Dividend paid	(4)	(3)	
联营公司清盘分派	Dissolution of associates	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(6)	
出售联营公司所得款项	Disposal of an associate	(2)		
于 12 月 31 日	At 31 December	60	61	

于 2006 年 12 月 31 日,本银行持有港币 5 千万元(2005:港币7.2千万元)之非上市联营公司之股票,相应之减值拨备为港币 2.4千万元(2005:港币4.4千万元)。

As at 31 December 2006, the Bank held HK\$50 million (2005: HK\$72 million) of unlisted shares in its associates with HK\$24 million (2005: HK\$44 million) of provision for impairment in value.



31. 联营公司权益(续) 31. Interests in associates (continued)

本集团之联营公司均为非上市公 The Group 's interests in its principal associates, all of which are unlisted, are as follows: 司,主要联营公司呈列如下:

名称 Name 注册地点 Place of incorporation	中华保险 顾问有限公司 CJM Insurance Brokers Limited 2006 年及 2005 年 2006 and 2005 香港 Hong Kong		银联通宝有限公司 Joint Electronic Teller Services Limited 2006 年及 2005 年 2006 and 2005 香港 Hong Kong		
已发行股本	6,000,000 普通股		100,238 普通股		
Particulars of issued share	每股面值		每股面值		
capital	港币1元		港币 100 元		
	6,000,000 ordinary		100,238 ordinary		
	of HK\$1 each	1	of HK\$100 ea	cn	
主要业务	保险经纪		自动柜员机服务及		
Principal activities	Insurance broker		银行私人讯息转换网络		
			Operation of a private		
			inter-bank message switch	•	
			in respect of ATM s	ervices	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	
	港币千元	港币千元	港币千元	港币千元	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
资产	66,807	51,810	350,912	345,591	
Assets 负债	52,772	34,764	75,615	79,056	
央映 Liabilities	52,772	34,704	75,615	79,050	
收入	11,214	10,534	70,921	63,921	
Revenues					
除税后溢利	2,866	2,112	32,586	22,912	
Profit after taxation					
	2006	2005	2006	2005	
持有权益	33.33%	33.33%	19.96%	19.96%	

鼎协租赁国际有限公司于 2005 年 1 月进入股东自动清盘程序。

Trilease International Limited commenced members' voluntary winding up in January 2005.

于本年内,本集团出售其全部于朝 晖置业有限公司之权益予中银投 资,详情载于附注 50。 During the year, the Group disposed of its entire interest in Charlestion Investments Company Limited to BOC Group Investment Limited. Please refer to Note 50 for details.



32. 物业、厂房及设备

32. Properties, plant and equipment

		本集团 The Group				
	_	房产 Premises	发展中物业 Property under development	设备、固定 设施及装备 Equipment, fixtures and fittings	总计 Total	
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	
于 2006 年 1 月 1 日之 账面净值	Net book value at 1 January 2006	16,820	11	1,485	18,316	
增置	Additions	-	-	736	736	
出售	Disposals	(17)	(7)	(25)	(49)	
重估	Revaluation	1,208	-	-	1,208	
本年度折旧 由投资物业重新分类转入 (附注 33)	Depreciation for the year Reclassification from investment properties	(303)	-	(367)	(670)	
减值拨备拨回 / (拨备) (附注 12)	(Note 33) Reversal of/(provision for) impairment losses	190	-	-	190	
	(Note 12)	8	(4)		4	
于 2006 年 12 月 31 日之 账面净值	Net book value at 31 December 2006	17,906		1,829	19,735	
于 2006 年 12 月 31 日	At 31 December 2006					
成本或估值	Cost or valuation	17,906	_	4,633	22,539	
累计折旧及准备	Accumulated depreciation and impairment	-		(2,804)	(2,804)	
于 2006 年 12 月 31 日之 账面净值	Net book value at 31 December 2006	17,906		1,829	19,735	
于 2005 年 1 月 1 日之	Net book value at	45 404	20	4 000	40.400	
账面净值 增置	1 January 2005 Additions	15,184	32	1,280	16,496	
出售		19	1	549	569	
重估	Disposals Revaluation	(502)	-	(20)	(522)	
本年度折旧	Depreciation for the year	3,413	-	(224)	3,413	
重新分类至投资物业	Reclassification to investment properties	(242)	-	(324)	(566)	
(附注 33)	(Note 33)	(1,057)	-	-	(1,057)	
出售附属公司	Disposal of subsidiaries	-	(21)	_	(21)	
减值拨备拨回 / (拨备) (附注 12)	Reversal of/(provision for) impairment losses (Note 12)	E				
	` ′ ′	5	(1)		4	
于 2005 年 12 月 31 日之 账面净值	Net book value at 31 December 2005	16,820	11	1,485	18,316	
于 2005 年 12 月 31 日	At 31 December 2005					
成本或估值	Cost or valuation	16,828	19	4,143	20,990	
累计折旧及准备	Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(8)	(8)	(2,658)	(2,674)	
于 2005 年 12 月 31 日之 账面净值	Net book value at 31 December 2005	16,820	11	1,485	18,316	
	=	-,			-,-	



32. 物业、厂房及设备 (续)

32. Properties, plant and equipment (continued)

		本集团				
		The Group				
		房产 Premises	发展中物业 Property under	设备、固定 设施及装备 Equipment, fixtures and fittings	总计 Total	
		港币百万元	development 港币百万元		港币百万元	
		かりしたが HK\$'m	HK\$'m	他い日ガル HK\$'m	そい日ガル HK\$'m	
上述资产之成本值或估值分析如下:	The analysis of cost or valuation of the above assets is as follows:	·	·		·	
于 2006 年 12 月 31 日 按成本值	At 31 December 2006 At cost			4,633	4,633	
按估值	At valuation	17,906	-	4,033	•	
7.50日日	At valuation	17,906		4,633	22,539	
于 2005 年 12 月 31 日	At 31 December 2005					
按成本值	At cost	-	19	4,143	4,162	
按估值	At valuation	16,828			16,828	
		16,828	19	4,143	20,990	



32. 物业、厂房及设备 (续)

32. Properties, plant and equipment (continued)

			本银行	
			The Bank	
		房产 Premises	设备、固定 设施及装备 Equipment, fixtures and fittings	总计 Total
				港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
于 2006 年 1 月 1 日之	Net book value at			
账面净值	1 January 2006	12,602	1,298	13,900
增置	Additions	-	671	671
出售	Disposals	(8)	(25)	(33)
重估	Revaluation	1,082	-	1,082
本年度折旧 由投资物业重新分类转入	Depreciation for the year Reclassification from	(243)	(314)	(557)
(附注 33)	investment properties			
	(Note 33)	195	-	195
于 2006 年 12 月 31 日之	Net book value at	40.000	4 000	45.050
账面净值	31 December 2006	13,628	1,630	15,258
于 2006 年 12 月 31 日	At 31 December 2006			
成本或估值	Cost or valuation	13,628	4,000	17,628
累计折旧及准备	Accumulated depreciation and impairment	_	(2,370)	(2,370)
	and impairment		(2,010)	(2,010)
于 2006 年 12 月 31 日之	Net book value at 31 December 2006	42.000	4.000	45.050
账面净值	31 December 2006	13,628	1,630	15,258
于 2005 年 1 月 1 日之	Net book value at 1			
账面净值	January 2005	11,299	1,110	12,409
增置	Additions	-	482	482
出售	Disposals	(4)	(20)	(24)
重估	Revaluation	2,607	(074)	2,607
本年度折旧重新分类至投资物业	Depreciation for the year Reclassification to	(194)	(274)	(468)
(附注 33)	investment properties			
	(Note 33)	(1,106)	<u> </u>	(1,106)
于 2005 年 12 月 31 日之	Net book value at			
账面净值	31 December 2005	12,602	1,298	13,900
于 2005 年 12 月 31 日	At 31 December 2005			
成本或估值 累计折旧及准备	Cost or valuation Accumulated depreciation	12,602	3,553	16,155
☆月刊日 次1世田	and impairment	<u> </u>	(2,255)	(2,255)
于 2005 年 12 月 31 日之	Net book value at			
账面净值	31 December 2005	12,602	1,298	13,900



32. 物业、厂房及设备 (续)

32. Properties, plant and equipment (continued)

		本银行				
			The Bank			
		房产 Premises	设备、固定 设施及装备 Equipment, fixtures and fittings	总计 Total		
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元		
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m		
上述资产之成本值或估值分析如下:	The analysis of cost or valuation of the above assets is as follows:					
于 2006 年 12 月 31 日	At 31 December 2006					
按成本值	At cost	-	4,000	4,000		
按估值	At valuation	13,628	<u> </u>	13,628		
	_	13,628	4,000	17,628		
于 2005 年 12 月 31 日	At 31 December 2005					
按成本值	At cost	-	3,553	3,553		
按估值	At valuation	12,602	<u> </u>	12,602		
	_	12,602	3,553	16,155		

房产之账面值按租约剩余 期限分析如下: The carrying value of premises is analysed based on the remaining terms of the leases as follows:

		本集团		本银行		
		The Gr	oup	The Bank		
	_	2006	2005	2006	2005	
	- -	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	
在香港持有	Held in Hong Kong					
长期租约(超过50年)	On long-term lease					
	(over 50 years)	11,224	10,616	8,207	7,594	
中期租约(10年至50年)	On medium-term					
	lease					
	(10 – 50 years)	6,452	5,960	5,396	4,943	
短期租约(少于10年)	On short-term lease					
	(less than 10 years)	-	3	-	3	
在海外持有	Held outside Hong Kong					
长期租约(超过50年)	On long-term lease					
	(over 50 years)	54	55	-	3	
中期租约(10年至50年)	On medium-term lease					
	(10 – 50 years)	160	180	25	59	
短期租约(少于10年)	On short-term lease	100	100	20	33	
/m/93/III 21 () 1 10 1)	(less than 10 years)	16	6	-	_	
	(
	-	17,906	16,820	13,628	12,602	



财务报表附注(续)

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

32. 物业、厂房及设备 (续)

32. Properties, plant and equipment (continued)

于 2006 年 12 月 31 日,列于资产负债表内之房产,乃依据独立特许测量师莱坊测计师行有限公司(前称卓德测计师行有限公司)于 2006 年 10 月 31日以公开市值为基准所进行之专业估值。莱坊测计师行有限公司并确认该估值与 2006 年 12 月 31日并无重大变化。

As at 31 December 2006, premises are included in the balance sheets at valuation carried out at 31 October 2006 on the basis of their open market value by an independent firm of chartered surveyors, Knight Frank Petty Limited (formerly known as Chesterton Petty Limited). Knight Frank Petty Limited also confirmed that there has been no material change in valuations at 31 December 2006.

根据上述之重估结果,本 集团及本银行之房产估值 变动已分别于本集团及本 银行之房产重估储备、收 益账及少数股东权益确认 如下: As a result of the above-mentioned revaluations, changes in value of the Group's and the Bank's premises were recognised in the Group's and the Bank's premises revaluation reserves, the income statement and minority interests respectively as follows:

未住用

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		本集团		平银1]	
		The C	Group	The Bank	
		2006	2005	2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
贷记房产重估储备之重估 增值	Increase in valuation credited to premises revaluation reserve	1,209	3,287	1,081	2,519
于收益账内(拨备)/拨回 之重估增值(附注 12)	(Decrease)/Increase in valuation credited to income statement				
	(Note 12)	(1)	97	1	88
贷记少数股东权益之重估 增值	Increase in valuation credited to minority				
	interests		29	<u> </u>	
		1,208	3,413	1,082	2,607

于 2006 年 12 月 31 日,假若房产按成本值扣除累计折旧及减值损失列账,本集团及本银行之资产负债表内之房产之账面净值应分别为港币 57.50 亿元(2005 年:港币 56.11 亿元)及港币 44.65 亿元(2005 年:港币 42.89 亿元)。

As at 31 December 2006, the net book value of premises that would have been included in the Group's and Bank's balance sheets had the assets been carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses were HK\$5,750 million (2005: HK\$5,611 million) and HK\$4,465 million (2005: HK\$4,289 million) respectively.



33. 投资物业

33. Investment properties

		本集团 The Group		本银行 The Bank	
		2006	2006 2005		2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
于1月1日	At 1 January	7,539	5,381	6,920	4,651
出售	Disposals	(442)	(256)	(283)	(130)
公平值收益(附注 13)	Fair value gains (Note 13)	574	1,382	550	1,293
重新分类(转至)/转自物业、厂房及设备(附注 32)	Reclassification (to)/from properties, plant and equipment (Note 32)	(190)	1,057	(195)	1,106
出售附属公司	Disposal of subsidiaries		(25)	<u> </u>	
于 12 月 31 日	At 31 December	7,481	7,539	6,992	6,920

于 2006 年 12 月 31 日,列于资产负债表内之投资物业,乃依据独立特许测量师莱坊测计师行有限公司于 2006 年 10 月 31 日以公开市值为基准所进行之专业估值。莱坊测计师行有限公司并确认该估值与 2006 年 12 月 31 日并无重大变化。

As at 31 December 2006, investment properties are included in the balance sheets at valuation carried out at 31 October 2006 on the basis of their open market value by an independent firm of chartered surveyors, Knight Frank Petty Limited. Knight Frank Petty Limited also confirmed that there has been no material change in valuations at 31 December 2006.

投资物业之账面值按租约 剩余期限分析如下: The carrying value of investment properties is analysed based on the remaining terms of the leases as follows:

		本集团 The Group		本银 The B	
	-	2006	2005	2006	2005
	_	港币百万元	港币百万元	—————————————————————————————————————	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
在香港持有	Held in Hong Kong				
长期租约(超过50年)	On long-term lease (over				
	50 years)	6,687	6,769	6,431	6,391
中期租约(10年至50年)	On medium-term lease				
	(10 – 50 years)	545	574	339	356
短期租约(少于10年)	On short-term lease (less				
	than 10 years)	40	39	40	39
在海外持有	Held outside Hong Kong				
长期租约(超过50年)	On long-term lease (over				
	50 years)	4	14	4	14
中期租约(10年至50年)	On medium-term lease				
	(10 – 50 years)	201	143	178	120
短期租约(少于10年)	On short-term lease (less				
	than 10 years)	4		<u> </u>	
	_	7,481	7,539	6,992	6,920



34. 其他资产

34. Other assets

		本集团 The Group		本银行 The Bank	
		2006	2005	2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
收回资产	Repossessed assets	201	250	97	194
贵金属	Precious metals	1,534	1,669	1,534	1,669
应收账项及预付费用	Accounts receivable and				
	prepayments	12,895	5,836	12,464	6,594
		14,630	7,755	14,095	8,457

35. 香港特别行政区流通 纸币

35. Hong Kong SAR currency notes in circulation

香港特别行政区流通纸币 由持有之香港特别行政区 政府负债证明书之存款基 金作担保。 The Hong Kong SAR currency notes in circulation are secured by deposit of funds in respect of which the Hong Kong SAR Government certificates of indebtedness are held.



36. 交易性负债及公平值 变化计入损益的其他 金融工具

36. Trading liabilities and other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

		本集	团	本银行	行	
		The G	roup	The Bank		
		2006	2005	2006	2005	
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	
结构性存款(附注 37)	Structured deposits (Note 37)	9,085	6,373	5,567	2,792	
外汇基金票据短盘 (附注 38)	Short positions in Exchange Fund Bills	,	,	·	ŕ	
	(Note 38)	3,544	1,551	3,544	1,551	
于资产负债表 发行之存款证 - 以公平值 变化计入损益(于资产 负债表)	Per balance sheet Certificates of deposit issued - at fair value through profit or loss	12,629	7,924	9,111	4,343	
贝顶 农 /	(per balance sheet)	2,498	3,829	2,062	2,975	
		15,127	11,753	11,173	7,318	

本集团及本银行于初始确 认之指定公平值变化计入 损益的金融负债分别为港 币 115.83 亿元(2005 年: 港币 102.02 亿元) 及港币 76.29 亿元 (2005 年: 港 币 57.67 亿元), 其公平值 变化源于标准利率之变动。 2006年12月31日的账面 值比本集团及本银行于到 期日约定支付予此等金融 负债持有人分别少港币 9.6 千万元 (2005年:港币 1.4 亿元)及港币 2 千万元 (2005年: 港币 1.2 千万 元)。

The Group and the Bank designated on initial recognition HK\$11,583 million (2005: HK\$ 10,202 million) and HK\$7,629 million (2005: HK\$ 5,767 million) of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss respectively. The amount of change in their fair values is attributable to changes in a benchmark interest rate. The carrying amount as at 31 December 2006 are less than the amount that the Group and the Bank would be contractually required to pay at maturity to the holder of these financial liabilities by HK\$96 million (2005: HK\$ 140 million) and HK\$20 million (2005: HK\$ 12 million) respectively.



37. 客户存款

37. Deposits from customers

		本集团		本银	
	_	The C	Group	The E	Bank
		2006	2005	2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
往来、储蓄及其他存款(于 资产负债表)	Current, savings and other deposit accounts (per balance sheet)	695,616	633,100	593,850	535,256
列为交易性负债及公平值 变化计入损益的其他金 融工具之结构性存款 (附注 36)	Structured deposits reported as trading liabilities and other financial instruments at fair value through profit	,	,	,	
	or loss (Note 36)	9,085	6,373	5,567	2,792
	-	704,701	639,473	599,417	538,048
分类:	Analysed by:				
即期存款及往来存款	Demand deposits and current accounts				
- 公司客户	- corporate customers	24,650	23,855	19,876	19,573
- 个人客户	- individual customers	6,355	5,094	5,161	4,193
		31,005	28,949	25,037	23,766
储蓄存款	Savings deposits				
- 公司客户	- corporate customers	68,371	60,988	58,407	51,611
- 个人客户	- individual customers	188,847	155,565	160,783	132,624
		257,218	216,553	219,190	184,235
定期、短期及通知存款	Time, call and notice deposits				
- 公司客户	- corporate customers	114,373	103,094	98,531	87,502
- 个人客户	- individual customers	302,105	290,877	256,659	242,545
	-	416,478	393,971	355,190	330,047
	_	704,701	639,473	599,417	538,048

财务报表附注(续)

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

38. 已抵押资产

38. Assets pledged as security

截至 2006 年 12 月 31 日,本集团及本银行之负债为港币 35.44 亿元(2005 年:港币 15.51 亿元) 是以存放于中央保管系统以利便结算之资产作抵押。本集团及本银行为担保此等负债而质押之资产金额为港币 35.64 亿元(2005 年:港币 37.02 亿元),并于「交易性证券」及「可供出售证券」内列账。

As at 31 December 2006, liabilities of the Group and the Bank amounting to HK\$3,544 million (2005: HK\$1,551 million) were secured by assets deposited with central depositories to facilitate settlement operations. The amount of assets pledged by the Group and the Bank to secure these liabilities was HK\$3,564 million (2005: HK\$3,702 million) included in "Trading securities" and "Available-for-sale securities".

此外,本集团及本银行于 2006年12月31日并无以 债务证券抵押之售后回购 协议负债 (2005年:港币4.73亿元)。

In addition, the Group and the Bank had no liability as at 31 December 2006 which was secured by debt securities related to sale and repurchase arrangements (2005: HK\$473 million).

39. 递延税项

39. Deferred taxation

递延税项是根据香港会计准则第12号「所得税」计算,就资产负债之税务基础与其在财务报表内账面值两者之暂时性差额作提拨。

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of the temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements in accordance with HKAS 12 "Income taxes".

综合资产负债表内之递延 税项资产及负债主要组合, 以及其在年度内之变动如 下: The major components of deferred tax assets and liabilities recorded in the consolidated balance sheet, and the movements during the year are as follows:

本集团

				The G	roup		
				200	6		
		加速折旧				其他	_
		免税额				暂时性差额	
		Accelerated	资产重估			Other	
		tax	Asset	亏损	准备	temporary	总计
		depreciation	revaluation	Losses	Provisions	differences	Total
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
于 2006 年	At 1 January 2006						
1月1日		357	2,941	(8)	(127)	(112)	3,051
于收益账内支 (Charged to income						
取	statement	43	49	5	38	20	155
借记权益	Charged to equity	-	165			18	183
于 2006 年	At 31 December						
12月31日	2006	400	3,155	(3)	(89)	(74)	3,389



财务报表附注(续)

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

39. 递延税项(续)

39. Deferred taxation (continued)

本银行	
The Bank	

				2006		
		加速折旧			其他	
		免税额			暂时性差额	
		Accelerated	资产重估		Other	
		tax	Asset	准备	temporary	总计
		depreciation	revaluation	Provisions	differences	Total
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
于 2006 年	At 1 January 2006					
1月1日		334	2,390	(99)	(108)	2,517
于收益账内支	Charged to income					
取	statement	40	33	43	20	136
借记权益	Charged to equity	<u> </u>	183		14	197
于 2006 年	At 31 December 2006					
12月31日		374	2,606	(56)	(74)	2,850



39. 递延税项 (续)

于 2005 年

1月1日 于收益账内支

取 / (拨回)

借记/(贷记)

权益

于 2005 年

12月31日

At 1 January 2005

Charged/(credited)

Charged/(credited)

to income statement

to equity

At 31 December

2005

39. Deferred taxation (continued)

357

		<u>4</u>	本集			
The Group						
		5	2009			
总计 Total	其他 暂时性差额 Other temporary differences	准备 Provisions	亏损 Losses	资产重估 Asset revaluation	加速折旧 免税额 Accelerated tax depreciation	
港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	
HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	
2,159	(7)	(348)	(16)	2,215	315	
424	(62)	221	8	215	42	
468	(43)	_	_	511	_	

(8)

(127)

(112)

3,051

				本银行		
	-			The Bank 2005		
	-	加速折旧 免税额 Accelerated tax depreciation	资产重估 Asset revaluation	准备 Provisions	其他 暂时性差额 Other temporary differences	总计 Total
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
于 2005 年 1月1日 于收益账内支	At 1 January 2005 Charged/(credited) to	291	1,743	(289)	(9)	1,736
取/(拨回)	income statement	43	225	190	(61)	397
借记 / (贷记) 权益	Charged/(credited) to equity		422	<u>-</u> _	(38)	384
于 2005 年 12 月 31 日	At 31 December 2005	334	2,390	(99)	(108)	2,517

2,941



39. 递延税项 (续)

39. Deferred taxation (continued)

当有法定权利可将现有税 项资产与现有税项负债抵 销,而递延税项涉及同一财 政机关,则可将个别法人的 递延税项资产与递延税项 负债互相抵销。下列在综合 资产负债表内列账之金额, 已计入适当抵销: Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset on an individual entity basis when there is a legal right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred taxation relates to the same authority. The following amounts, determined after appropriate offsetting, are shown in the consolidated balance sheet:

		本集团		本银行 The Bank	
		The C			
		2006	2005	2006	2005
		港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$ 'm	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m
		пқфіп	ПКФПП	пкфіп	ПКФПП
递延税项资产	Deferred tax assets	(2)	(4)	_	_
递延税项负债	Deferred tax liabilities	3,391	3,055	2,850	2,517
	•			<u> </u>	
		3,389	3,051	2,850	2,517
		本集	美团	本银	! 行
		The C	Group	The E	Bank
		2006	2005	2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
递延税项资产(超过 12 个 月后收回)	Deferred tax assets to be recovered after more	(0)	(4)		
递延税项负债(超过 12 个 月后支付)	than twelve months Deferred tax liabilities to be settled after more	(2)	(4)	-	-
	than twelve months	3,434	3,128	2,892	2,587
		3,432	3,124	2,892	2,587
在年度内借记权益的递延 税项如下:	The deferred tax charged to	equity during the	year is as follow:		
		本集	集团	本银	!行
		The C	Group	The E	Bank
		2006	2005	2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
资本内的公平值储备:	Fair value reserves in shareholders' equity:				
- 房产	- premises	165	511	183	422
- 可供出售证券	- available-for-sale		446		(0.7)
	securities	18	(43)	14	(38)
		183	468	197	384



40. 其他账项及准备

40. Other accounts and provisions

		本集团		本银行	
		The G	roup	The Bank	
		2006	2005	2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
应付股息 应计及其他应付款项	Dividend payable Accruals and other	4,735	5,897	4,735	5,897
	payables	25,536	14,968	20,260	10,364
		30,271	20,865	24,995	16,261

41. 股本

41. Share capital

			2005 港币百万元 HK\$'m
法定: 100,000,000,000 股每股 面值港币 1.00 元之普通 股	Authorised: 100,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1.00 each	100,000	100,000
已发行及缴足: 43,042,840,858 股每股 面值港币 1.00 元之普通 股	Issued and fully paid: 43,042,840,858 ordinary shares of HK\$1.00 each	43,043	43,043

42. 储备

42. Reserves

本集团及本银行之本年度 及往年的储备金额及变动 情况分别载于第 34 页及 第 35 页之综合权益变动 结算表及权益变动结算 表 The amounts of the Group's and the Bank's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity and statement of changes in equity on pages 34 and 35 of the financial statements respectively.



43. 综合现金流量表附注 43. Notes to consolidated cash flow statement

(a) 经营溢利与除税前 经营现金之流入对 账:

(a) Reconciliation of operating profit to operating cash inflow before taxation:

	_	2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
经营溢利	Operating profit	16,295	14,883
出售附属公司之净亏损	Net loss on disposal of subsidiaries	-	10
联营公司权益之减值准	Reversal of impairment losses on interests in		
备拨回	associates	- 	(4)
折旧	Depreciation	670	566
贷款减值准备拨回	Reversal of loan impairment allowances	(1,790)	(2,645)
折现减值回拨	Unwind of discount on impairment	(88)	(128)
已撇销之贷款(扣除	Advances written off net of recoveries		
收回款额)		1,267	545
原到期日超过3个月之银	Change in placements with banks and other		
行及其他金融机构存	financial institutions with original maturity over		
款之变动	three months	(1,099)	70,210
交易性证券及公平值变	Change in trading securities and other financial		
化计入损益的其他金	instruments at fair value through profit or loss		
融资产之变动		(1,027)	(3,229)
衍生金融工具之变动	Change in derivative financial instruments	(2,350)	(1,462)
贷款及其他账项之变动	Change in advances and other accounts	(13,839)	(24,595)
可供出售证券之变动	Change in available-for-sale securities	(45,180)	(18,304)
持有至到期日证券之变动	Change in held-to-maturity securities	13,856	1,253
贷款及应收款之变动	Change in loans and receivables	(23,034)	(13,080)
其他资产之变动	Change in other assets	(6,875)	148
还款期超过3个月之银行	Change in deposits and balances of banks and		
及其他金融机构之存	other financial institutions repayable over		
款及结余之变动	three months	447	27
交易性负债及公平值变	Change in trading liabilities and other financial		
化计入损益的其他金	instruments at fair value through profit or loss		
融工具之变动		4,705	4,132
客户存款之变动	Change in deposits from customers	62,516	1,961
发行之存款证之变动	Change in certificates of deposit issued	(1,467)	114
其他账项及准备之变动	Change in other accounts and provisions	4,671	(1,777)
汇兑差额	Exchange difference	4	1
除税前经营现金之流入	Operating cash inflow before taxation	7,682	28,626



43. 综合现金流量表附注 43. Notes to consolidated cash flow statement (continued) (续)

(b) 现金及等同现金项目 结存分析

(b) Analysis of the balances of cash and cash equivalents

		2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
库存现金及银行及其	Cash and balances with banks and other financial		
他金融机构结余	institutions	30,973	30,703
原到期日在3个月内之	Placements with banks and other financial		
银行及其他金融机	institutions with original maturity within three		
构存款	months	88,861	84,986
原到期日在3个月内之	Treasury bills with original maturity within three	0.700	0.450
库券	months	6,782	3,456
原到期日在 3 个月内之 持有之存款证	Certificates of deposit held with original maturity within three months	1,641	818
原到期日在3个月内之	Deposits and balances of banks and other	1,041	010
银行及其他金融机	financial institutions with original maturity within		
构之存款及结余	three months	(45,081)	(37,149)
	-	83,176	82,814
		65,176	02,014
(c) 出售附属公司	(c) Disposal of subsidiaries		
		2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
出售净资产:	Net assets disposed of:		
- 库存现金及短期资金	- Cash and short-term funds	-	26
- 其他资产	- Other assets	-	17
- 投资物业	- Investment properties	-	25
- 物业、厂房及设备	- Properties, plant and equipment	-	21
- 出售亏损	- Loss on disposal	<u> </u>	(10)
	_		79
收取方式:	Satisfied by:		
- 现金	- Cash	<u>-</u>	79
出售附属公司的现金	Analysis of net inflow of cash and cash equivalents		
及现金等同项目流	in respect of the disposal of subsidiaries:		
入净额分析:			
- 已收取现金代价	- Cash consideration	-	79
- 应收账款	- Accounts receivable	-	(18)
			(.0)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	61
			·



44. 或然负债及承担

44. Contingent liabilities and commitments

或然负债及承担中每项重 要类别之合约数额及相对 之总信贷风险加权数额摘 要如下: The following is a summary of the contractual amounts of each significant class of contingent liability and commitment and the corresponding aggregate credit risk weighted amount:

		本集团		本银行	
		The Group		The Bank	
		2006 2005		2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
直接信贷替代项目	Direct credit substitutes	1,285	1,027	877	706
与交易有关之或然负债	Transaction-related				
	contingencies	7,150	5,982	6,796	5,665
与贸易有关之或然负债	Trade-related				
	contingencies	20,942	18,936	17,575	15,478
其他承担,原到期日为	Other commitments with an				
	original maturity of				
- 1 年以下或可无条件撤	- under one year or which				
销	are unconditionally				
	cancellable	113,064	105,988	58,154	55,526
- 1 年及以上	- one year and over	45,345	29,754	35,065	23,467
		187,786	161,687	118,467	100,842
信贷风险加权数额	Credit risk weighted				
	amount	30,076	21,415	24,416	17,654

信贷风险加权数额的计算 基础已于附注 24 说明。 The calculation basis of credit risk weighted amount has been set out in Note 24 to the financial statements.



45. 资本承担

45. Capital commitments

本集团及本银行未于财务 报表中拨备之资本承担金 额如下: The Group and the Bank have the following outstanding capital commitments not provided for in the financial statements:

	本集团		本银	没行
	The Gr	oup	The E	Bank
	2006	2005	2006	2005
	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
Authorised and contracted				
for but not provided for Authorised but not	162	185	156	171
contracted for	5	16		16
	167	201	156	187

以上资本承担大部分为将 购入之电脑硬件及软件,及 本集团及本银行之楼宇装 修工程之承担。

已批准及签约但未拨备

己批准但未签约

The above capital commitments mainly relate to commitments to purchase computer equipment and software, and to renovate the Group's and the Bank's premises.



46. 经营租赁承担

46. Operating lease commitments

(a) 作为承租人

(a) As lessee

根据不可撤销之经营 租赁合约,下列为本 集团及本银行未来有 关租赁承担所须支付 之最低租金: The Group and the Bank have commitments to make the following future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases:

		本集团 The Croup		本银行 The Bank	
	_	The Group 2005		2006	2005
	-	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m
土地及楼宇 - 不超过 1 年	Land and buildings - not later than one	275	205	234	195
- 1年以上至5年内	year - later than one year but not later than	2/5	205	234	195
- 5 年后	five years - later than five years _	266 1	192 2	219 	181
	_	542	399	453	376
电脑设备 - 不超过 1 年	Computer equipment - not later than one year	1	1		

上列若干不可撤销之 经营租约可再商议及 参照协议日期之市值 而作租金调整。

Certain non-cancellable operating leases included in the tables above were subject to renegotiation and rent adjustment with reference to market rates prevailing at specified agreed dates.



46. 经营租赁承担(续) 46. Operating lease commitments (continued)

(b) 作为出租人

(b) As lessor

根据不可撤销之经营租 赁合约,下列为本集团及 本银行与租客签订合约 之未来有关租赁之最低 应收租金: The Group and the Bank have contracted with tenants for the following future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases:

本集团

本银行

_	The Gro	oup	The Bank			
	2006	2005	2006	2005		
	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m		
Land and buildings - not later than one year - later than one year but not later than	216	151	195	135		
five years	219	162	213	148		
_	435	313	408	283		

土地及楼宇

- 不超过1年

-1年以上至5年内

本集团及本银行以经 营租赁形式租出投资 物业(附注 33);租赁 年期通常由 1 年至 3 年。租约条款一般要求 租客提交保证金及因 应租务市况之状况而 调整租金。所有租约并 不包括或有租金。 The Group and the Bank lease their investment properties (Note 33) under operating lease arrangements, with leases typically for a period from one to three years. The terms of the leases generally require the tenants to pay security deposits and provide for periodic rent adjustments according to the prevailing market conditions. None of the leases includes contingent rentals.

47. 诉讼

47. Litigation

本集团目前正面对多项由 独立人士提出的索偿及反 索偿。该等索偿及反索偿 与本集团的正常商业活动 有关。

由于董事认为本集团可对 申索人作出有力抗辩或预 计该等申索所涉及的数额 不大,故并未对该等索偿 及反索偿作出重大拨备。 The Group is currently being served a number of claims and counterclaims by various independent parties. These claims and counterclaims are in relation to the normal commercial activities of the Group.

No material provision was made against these claims and counterclaims because the directors believe that the Group has meritorious defences against the claimants or the amounts involved in these claims are not expected to be material.



财务报表附注 (续)

48. 分类报告

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

48. Segmental reporting

本集团在多个地区经营许多业务。但在分类报告中,只按业务分类提供资料,没有列示地区分类资料,此乃由于本集团的收入、税前利润和资产,超过90%来自香港。

The Group engages in many businesses in several regions. For segmental reporting purposes, information is solely provided in respect of business segments. Geographical segment information is not presented because over 90% of the Group's revenues, profits before tax and assets are derived from Hong Kong.

本集团提供三个业务分类资料,它们分别是零售银行业务、企业银行业务和财资业务。

Information about three business segments is provided in segmental reporting. They are Retail Banking, Corporate Banking and Treasury.

零售银行和企业银行业务线均会提供全面的银行服务;零售银行业务线主要服务中人客户和小型公司,企业银行业务线主要服务中型和大型公司。至于财资业务肯管买卖,还负责资业、流可自营买卖,还负责资金、利率和外汇敞口。「其他」这一栏,涵盖有关本集团整体、但独立于其余三个业务货地上,包括本集团持有司权益等等。

Both Retail Banking and Corporate Banking segments provide general banking services. Retail Banking mainly serves individual customers and small companies. Corporate Banking mainly deals with medium to large companies. The Treasury segment is responsible for managing the capital, liquidity, and the interest rate and foreign exchange positions of the Group in addition to proprietary trades. "Others" refers to those items related to the Group as a whole but independent of the other three business segments, including the Group's holdings of premises, investment properties and interests in associates.

一个业务线的收入、支出、 资产和负债,主要包括直接 归属于该业务线的项目; 如 占用本集团的物业, 按占用 面积以市场租值内部计收租 金;至于管理费用,会根据 合理基准摊分。期间,集团 修订了摊分的基准,若干比 较数字已重新分类,以符合 本年的呈报方式。这些调整 将不会对集团的收益账和资 产负债表产生影响。关于业 务线之间资金调动流转的价 格,则按集团内部资金转移 价格机制厘定,主要是参照 对应的同业拆放市场利率定 价。

Revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities of any business segment mainly include items directly attributable to the segment. In relation to occupation of the Group's premises, rentals are internally charged on market rates according to the areas occupied. For management overheads, allocations are made on reasonable bases. During the period, the Group has revised the allocation bases and comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation. There is no impact on the Group's income statement and balance sheet. Inter-segment funding is charged according to the internal funds transfer pricing mechanism of the Group. The charge on any such funding is mainly made by reference to the corresponding money market rate.



48. 分类报告 (续)

48. Segmental reporting (continued)

					本集团 The Group			
	_				2006			
	_	零售银行 Retail	企业银行 Corporate	财资业务 Treasury	其他 Others	小 计 Subtotal	合并抵销 Eliminations	综合 Consolidated
	-	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m	推币百万元 HK\$'m
净利息收入 / (支出)	Net interest income/(expenses)	7,851	4,281	4,286	(1,133)	15,285	_	15,285
净服务费及佣金收入 / (支出)	Net fees and commission income/(expenses)	2,895	1,055	(5)	7	3,952	(25)	3,927
净交易性收入	Net trading income	590	117	759	-	1,466	1	1,467
证券投资之净(亏损) / 收益	Net (loss)/gain on investments in securities	-	-	(11)	6	(5)	-	(5)
其他经营收入	Other operating income	49	36		1,415	1,500	(1,174)	326
提取贷款减值准备前之总 经营收入	Total operating income before loan impairment allowances	11,385	5,489	5,029	295	22,198	(1,198)	21,000
贷款减值准备(拨备) / 拨回	(Provision for) /Reversal of loan impairment allowances	(27)	1,817	_	_	1,790		1,790
净经营收入	Net operating income	11,358	7,306	5,029	295	23,988	(1,198)	22,790
经营支出	Operating expenses	(5,033)	(1,500)	(458)	(702)	(7,693)	1,198	(6,495)
经营溢利/(亏损) 出售/重估物业、厂房及 设备之净(亏损)/收 益	Operating profit/(loss) Net (loss)/gain from disposal/ revaluation of properties, plant and	6,325	5,806	4,571	(407)	16,295	-	16,295
出售 / 公平值调整投资物 业之净收益	equipment Net gain from disposal of/fair value adjustments on	(18)	(3)	(2)	11	(12)	-	(12)
应占联营公司之溢利扣减	investment properties	-	-	-	605	605	-	605
应占联督公司之溢利扣佩 亏损	Share of profits less losses of associates				5	5		5
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation	6,307	5,803	4,569	214	16,893		16,893



48. 分类报告 (续)

48. Segmental reporting (continued)

					The Group			
		2006						
		零售银行 Retail	企业银行 Corporate	财资业务 Treasury	其他 Others	小 计 Subtotal	合并抵销 Eliminations	综合 Consolidated
	-	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
资产	Assets							
分部资产	Segment assets	169,595	222,701	497,155	26,557	916,008	(2,500)	913,508
联营公司权益 未分配公司资产	Interests in associates Unallocated corporate	-	-	-	60	60	-	60
	assets	<u>-</u>			221	221		221
	=	169,595	222,701	497,155	26,838	916,289	(2,500)	913,789
负债	Liabilities							
分部负债 未分配公司负债	Segment liabilities Unallocated corporate	578,249	148,353	98,531	4,906	830,039	(2,500)	827,539
不力能公司贝顶	liabilities	<u>-</u>			5,830	5,830		5,830
	-	578,249	148,353	98,531	10,736	835,869	(2,500)	833,369
其他资料	Other information							
增置物业、厂房及设备	Additions of properties,							
la in	plant and equipment	-	-	-	736	736	-	736
折旧	Depreciation Amortisation of securities	189	63	38	380	670	-	670
证券摊销	Amortisation of securities	<u>-</u>		1,924		1,924		1,924

本集团



48. 分类报告 (续)

48. Segmental reporting (continued)

					本银行 The Bank				
	-	2006							
	_ _	零售银行 Retail	企业银行 Corporate	财资业务 Treasury	其他 Others	小 计 Subtotal	合并抵销 Eliminations	综合 Consolidated	
		港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m	
净利息收入 / (支出)	Net interest income/(expenses)	6,247	3,345	3,512	(1,082)	12,022	_	12,022	
净服务费及佣金收入 / (支出)	Net fees and commission income/(expenses)	1,969	860	(13)	(55)	2,761		2,761	
净交易性收入	Net trading income	403	83	780	(33)	1,266	-	1,266	
证券投资之净亏损	Net loss on investments in securities	-	-	(11)	-	(11)	-	(11)	
其他经营收入	Other operating income	17	32	<u>-</u>	2,609	2,658	(895)	1,763	
提取贷款减值准备前之总 经营收入	Total operating income before loan impairment								
贷款减值准备拨回	allowances Reversal of loan	8,636	4,320	4,268	1,472	18,696	(895)	17,801	
	impairment allowances	90	1,786			1,876		1,876	
净经营收入	Net operating income	8,726	6,106	4,268	1,472	20,572	(895)	19,677	
经营支出	Operating expenses	(3,895)	(1,147)	(435)	(497)	(5,974)	895	(5,079)	
经营溢利 出售/重估物业、厂房及 设备之净亏损	Operating profit Net loss from disposal/ revaluation of properties, plant and	4,831	4,959	3,833	975	14,598	-	14,598	
出售/公平值调整投资物 业之净收益	equipment Net gain from disposal of/fair value adjustments on	(18)	(3)	(2)	-	(23)	-	(23)	
	investment properties	<u> </u>			565	565		565	
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation	4,813	4,956	3,831	1,540	15,140		15,140	



48. 分类报告 (续)

48. Segmental reporting (continued)

	-				本银行 The Bank 2006			
	-	零售银行 Retail 港币百万元 HK\$'m	企业银行 Corporate 港币百万元 HK\$'m	财资业务 Treasury 港币百万元 HK\$'m	其他 Others 港币百万元 HK\$'m	小计 Subtotal 港币百万元 HK\$'m	合并抵销 Eliminations 港币百万元 HK\$'m	综合 Consolidated 港币百万元 HK\$'m
资产 分部资产 联营公司权益 未分配公司资产	Assets Segment assets Interests in associates Unallocated corporate	142,634 -	183,454 -	431,683 -	34,890 26	792,661 26	- -	792,661 26
,,,,=,,	assets	142,634	183,454	431,683	35,112	792,883		792,883
负债 分部负债 未分配公司负债	Liabilities Segment liabilities Unallocated corporate liabilities	493,471	118,278	98,855	4,751 5,008	715,355 5,008	-	715,355 5,008
	=	493,471	118,278	98,855	9,759	720,363		720,363
其他资料 增置物业、厂房及设备 折旧	Other information Additions of properties, plant and equipment Depreciation	- 173	- 60	- 36	671 288	671 557	- -	671 557
证券摊销	Amortisation of securities			1,535		1,535		1,535



48. 分类报告 (续)

48. Segmental reporting (continued)

	_				本集团 The Group			
	- -				2005			
	_	零售银行 Retail	企业银行 Corporate	财资业务 Treasury	其他 Others	小计 Subtotal	合并抵销 Eliminations	综合 Consolidated
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
净利息收入 / (支出)	Net interest income/(expenses)	7,326	3,776	2,428	(761)	12,769	_	12,769
净服务费及佣金收入 /	Net fees and commission				, ,			
(支出) 净交易性收入	income/(expenses)	2,086	987	(17)	23	3,079	(24)	3,055
	Net trading income	500	121	1,134	-	1,755	-	1,755
证券投资之净亏损	Net loss on investments in securities	-	-	(96)	-	(96)	-	(96)
其他经营收入	Other operating income	46	5		1,499	1,550	(1,065)	485
提取贷款减值准备前之总 经营收入	Total operating income before loan impairment allowances	9,958	4,889	3,449	761	19,057	(1,089)	17,968
贷款减值准备拨回	Reversal of loan impairment allowances	956	1,689			2,645		2,645
净经营收入	Net operating income	10,914	6,578	3,449	761	21,702	(1,089)	20,613
经营支出	Operating expenses	(4,514)	(1,293)	(308)	(704)	(6,819)	1,089	(5,730)
经营溢利 出售/重估物业、厂房及 设备之净(亏损)/收 益	Operating profit Net (loss)/gain from disposal/ revaluation of properties, plant and equipment	6,400	5,285	3,141	57	14,883	-	14,883
出售 / 公平值调整投资物 业之净收益	Net gain from disposal of/fair value adjustments on	(12)	(1)	-	97	84	-	84
应占联营公司之溢利扣减	investment properties Share of profits less	-	-	-	1,396	1,396	-	1,396
亏损	losses of associates		-		4	4		4
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation	6,388	5,284	3,141	1,554	16,367		16,367



48. 分类报告 (续)

48. Segmental reporting (continued)

	- -				本集团 The Group 2005			
		零售银行 Retail	企业银行 Corporate	财资业务 Treasury	其他 Others	小计 Subtotal	合并抵销 Eliminations	综合 Consolidated
	_	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
资产	Assets							
分部资产	Segment assets	158,844	211,834	426,791	25,549	823,018	(1,152)	821,866
联营公司权益 未分配公司资产	Interests in associates Unallocated corporate	-	-	-	61	61	-	61
	assets		-		174	174		174
	=	158,844	211,834	426,791	25,784	823,253	(1,152)	822,101
负债	Liabilities							
分部负债	Segment liabilities	554,244	101,719	82,381	6,542	744,886	(1,152)	743,734
未分配公司负债	Unallocated corporate liabilities				3,542	3,542		3,542
	=	554,244	101,719	82,381	10,084	748,428	(1,152)	747,276
其他资料	Other information							
增置物业、厂房及设备	Additions of properties, plant and equipment	-	-	_	569	569	-	569
折旧	Depreciation	186	64	22	294	566	_	566
证券摊销	Amortisation of securities		-	463	-	463		463



48. 分类报告 (续)

48. Segmental reporting (continued)

					本银行 The Bank			
	- -				2005			
	_	零售银行 Retail	企业银行 Corporate	财资业务 Treasury	其他 Others	小计 Subtotal	合并抵销 Eliminations	综合 Consolidated
		港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m
净利息收入 / (支出)	Net interest							
净服务费及佣金收入 /	income/(expenses) Net fees and commission	5,752	2,958	1,976	(736)	9,950	-	9,950
(支出)	income/(expenses)	1,290	787	(28)	(29)	2,020	-	2,020
净交易性收入	Net trading income	396	77	1,128	-	1,601	-	1,601
证券投资之净亏损	Net loss on investments in securities	-	-	(96)	-	(96)	-	(96)
其他经营收入	Other operating income	12	4	1	2,974	2,991	(797)	2,194
提取贷款减值准备前之总 经营收入	Total operating income before loan impairment allowances	7,450	3,826	2,981	2,209	16,466	(797)	15,669
贷款减值准备拨回	Reversal of loan	7,400	0,020	2,301	2,200	10,400	(131)	10,000
	impairment allowances	968	1,439			2,407		2,407
净经营收入	Net operating income	8,418	5,265	2,981	2,209	18,873	(797)	18,076
经营支出	Operating expenses	(3,465)	(980)	(288)	(496)	(5,229)	797	(4,432)
经营溢利 出售 / 重估物业、厂房及	Operating profit Net (loss)/gain from	4,953	4,285	2,693	1,713	13,644	-	13,644
设备之净(亏损)/收益 出售/公平值调整投资物	disposal/ revaluation of properties, plant and equipment Net gain from disposal	(12)	(1)	-	88	75	-	75
业之净收益	of/fair value adjustments on investment properties	<u>-</u> _			1,320	1,320	- _	1,320
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation	4,941	4,284	2,693	3,121	15,039		15,039



48. 分类报告 (续)

48. Segmental reporting (continued)

					本银行 The Bank			
					2005			
		零售银行	企业银行	财资业务	其他	小计	合并抵销	综合
	<u></u>	Retail	Corporate	Treasury	Others	Subtotal	Eliminations	Consolidated
		港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
资产	Assets							
分部资产	Segment assets	135,273	175,709	362,023	33,092	706,097	-	706,097
联营公司权益	Interests in associates	-	-	-	28	28	-	28
未分配公司资产	Unallocated corporate							
	assets				711	711		711
		135,273	175,709	362,023	33,831	706,836	_	706,836
	-	133,273	175,709	302,023	33,031	700,030		700,630
负债	Liabilities							
分部负债	Segment liabilities	448,491	98,503	81,967	5,920	634,881	-	634,881
未分配公司负债	Unallocated							
	corporate liabilities				0.704	0.704		2.704
	liabilities _	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> _	3,764	3,764	<u>-</u>	3,764
	<u>_</u>	448,491	98,503	81,967	9,684	638,645	_	638,645
其他资料	Other information							
增置物业、厂房及设备	Additions of							
	properties, plant							
	and equipment	-	-	-	482	482	-	482
折旧 证 券摊销	Depreciation Amortisation of	154	53	18	243	468	-	468
UL分为作用	securities	_	_	255	_	255	_	255
	=							

49. 董事及高级职员贷款 49. Loans to directors and officers

根据香港公司条例第 161B 条的规定,向银行董事及高 级职员提供之贷款详情如 下: Particulars of advances made to directors and officers of the Bank pursuant to section 161B of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance are as follows:

		2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
于年末尚未偿还之贷款总 额	Aggregate amount of relevant loans outstanding at year end	184	22
于年内未偿还贷款之最高 总额	Maximum aggregate amount of relevant loans outstanding during the year	347	186



50. 主要之有关连人士交 50. Significant related party transactions 易

有关连人士指有能力直接 或间接控制另一方,或可 在财政及经营决策方面向 另一方行使重大影响之人 士。倘有关方受共同控制, 亦被视为有关连人士。有 关连人士可为个人或其他 公司。 Related parties are those parties that have the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

本集团与有关连人士于年内进行之交易摘要如下:

Transactions with related parties, which the Group entered into during the year are summarised as follows:

(a) 向有关连人士出售 若干资产

(a) Sale of certain assets to related parties

出售联营公司

中银香港于 2006 年 3 月以总额港币 2 百万 元卖出朝晖置业有限 公司 40%股份权益予 中银投资。有关投资 损失并不重大。

Sale of an associate

In March 2006, BOCHK completed the disposal of a 40% equity interest in Charleston Investments Company Limited to BOC Group Investment Limited at a total consideration of HK\$2 million. Loss on the disposal is insignificant.

出售证券投资

中银香港于 2006 年 3 月以总额港币 8 百万 元卖出宜汉有限公司 10%股份权益予中银 投资。有关投资损失 并不重大。

Sale of investment security

In March 2006, BOCHK completed the disposal of a 10% equity interest in Yithan Company Limited to BOC Group Investment Limited at a total consideration of HK\$8 million. Loss on the disposal is insignificant.

(b) 中国银行集团公司 提供担保之第三者 贷款

于 2006 年 12 月 31 日,间接控股公司中国银行为本集团给予若干第三者之贷款港币 25.22 亿元(2005年:港币 32.55 亿元)提供担保。中国银行拥有该等第三者不超过 20%之股份权益。

(b) Advances to third parties guaranteed by BOC group companies

As at 31 December 2006, BOC, the intermediate holding company, provided guarantees for loans in favour of the Group amounting to HK\$2,522 million (2005: HK\$3,255 million) to certain third parties. BOC held equity interests of not more than 20% in these third parties.



50. 主要之有关连人士交 50. Significant related party transactions (continued) 易(续)

- (c) 与中国银行集团公司在正常业务范围内进行之交易摘要
- (c) Summary of transactions entered into during the ordinary course of business with BOC group companies

与本银行之直接控股公司、间接控股公司、间接控股公司、 本银行之联营公司及 中国银行之附属公司 和联营公司达成之有 关连人士交易所产生 之总收入及支出摘要 如下: The aggregate income and expenses arising from related party transactions with the immediate holding company, the intermediate holding companies, associates of the Bank as well as subsidiaries and associates of BOC are summarised as follows:

				2006	
			直接及间接		
			控股公司		
			Immediate and		
		7/1 >>.	intermediate		其他有关连人士 ¹
		附注	holding	联营公司	Other related
	-	Notes	companies	Associates	parties ¹
			港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
			HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
收益账项目:	Income statement items:				
利息收入	Interest income	(i)	602	-	19
利息支出	Interest expense	(ii)	(756)	(4)	(293)
(已付保险费用)	(Insurance premium				
/ 已收保险佣金	paid)/insurance				
(净额)	commission received				
	(net)	(iii)	-	(2)	233
己收 / 应收行政	Administrative services				
服务费用	fees received/				
	receivable	(iv)	33	-	21
已收 / 应收租金	Rental fees				
	received/receivable	(iv)	-	-	17
已付 / 应付信用卡	Credit card commission				
佣金 (净额)	paid/payable (net)	(v)	(82)	-	(2)
已付 / 应付证券经纪	Securities brokerage				
佣金 (净额)	commission				
	paid/payable (net)	(v)	-	-	(177)
已付 / 应付租务、	Rental, property				
物业管理及租务	management and				
代理费用	letting agency fees				
	paid/payable	(v)	-	-	(79)
己收基金销售佣金	Funds selling				
	commission received	(vi)	-	-	54
已收代理银行业务	Correspondent banking				
费用	fee received	(vii)	10	-	-
己收贷款服务费	Loans services fees				
	received		-	-	9
净交易性收益	Net trading gains		68	-	2



- 50. 主要之有关连人士交 50. Significant related party transactions (continued) 易(续)
 - (c) 与中国银行集团公司在正常业务范围内进行之交易摘要(续)
- (c) Summary of transactions entered into during the ordinary course of business with BOC group companies (continued)

				2005	
			直接及间接		
			控股公司		
			Immediate and		
			intermediate		其他有关连人士 1
		附注	holding	联营公司	Other related
		Notes	companies	Associates	parties ¹
			港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
			HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
收益账项目:	Income statement items:				
利息收入	Interest income	(i)	461	-	6
利息支出	Interest expense	(ii)	(450)	(2)	(111)
己收保险佣金	Insurance commission				
(净额)	received (net)	(iii)	-	-	166
已收 / 应收行政	Administrative services				
服务费用	fees received/				
	receivable	(iv)	36	-	16
已收 / 应收租金	Rental fees				
	received/receivable	(iv)	-	-	15
已付 / 应付信用卡	Credit card commission				
佣金 (净额)	paid/payable (net)	(v)	(77)	-	(2)
已付 / 应付证券经纪	Securities brokerage				
佣金 (净额)	commission				
	paid/payable (net)	(v)	-	-	(71)
已付 / 应付租务、	Rental, property				
物业管理及租务	management and				
代理费用	letting agency fees				
	paid/payable	(v)	-	-	(80)
已收基金销售佣金	Funds selling				
	commission received	(vi)	-	-	45
已收代理银行业务	Correspondent banking				
费用	fee received	(vii)	11	-	-
净交易性亏损	Net trading losses		(42)	-	



- 50. 主要之有关连人士交 50. Significant related party transactions (continued) 易(续)
 - (c) 与中国银行集团公司在正常业务范围内进行之交易摘要(续)
- (c) Summary of transactions entered into during the ordinary course of business with BOC group companies (continued)

				2006	
			直接及间接 控股公司 Immediate and		
			intermediate		其他有关连人士 ¹
		附注	holding	联营公司	Other related
		Notes	companies	Associates	parties ¹
			港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
			HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
资产负债表项目:	Balance sheet items:				
库存现金及在银行	Cash and balances				
及其他金融机构	with banks and				
的结余	other financial				
	institutions	(i)	4,503	-	21
银行及其他金融	Placements with				
机构存款	banks and other				
	financial	43			
交目展77 米五八五	institutions	(i)	8,796	-	102
交易性证券及公平	Trading securities				
值变化计入损益 的其他金融资产	and other financial instruments at fair				
的共化金融页厂	value through				
	profit or loss		1	_	_
衍生金融工具资产	Derivative financial		•		
11111111111111111111111111111111111111	instruments				
	assets	(viii)	15	_	_
贷款及其他款项	Advances and other	()			
	accounts	(i)	64	-	-
其他资产	Other assets	(ix)	54	-	4,162
银行及其他金融	Deposits and	` ,			
机构之存款及	balances of banks				
结余	and other financial				
	institutions	(ii)	20,722	-	1,390
客户存款	Deposits from				
	customers	(ii)	495	77	7,034
衍生金融工具负债	Derivative financial				
	instruments	(- ::::)	40		
其他账项及准备	liabilities Other accounts and	(viii)	13	-	-
共吧烬坝及作金	Other accounts and provisions	(ix)	4,823		3,853
	hiovisions	(IX)	4,023		3,003



- 50. 主要之有关连人士交 50. Significant related party transactions (continued) 易(续)
 - (c) 与中国银行集团公司在正常业务范围内进行之交易摘要(续)
- (c) Summary of transactions entered into during the ordinary course of business with BOC group companies (continued)

				2005	
		附注 Notes	直接及间接 控股公司 Immediate and intermediate holding companies	联营公司 Associates	其他有关连人士 ¹ Other related parties ¹
			港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
			HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
资产负债表项目: 库存现金及在银行 及其他金融机构 的结余	Balance sheet items: Cash and balances with banks and other financial institutions	(i)	4,851	_	19
银行及其他金融 机构存款	Placements with banks and other financial		,	-	19
衍生金融工具资产	institutions Derivative financial instruments	(i)	12,328	-	-
贷款及其他款项	assets Advances and other	(viii)	4	-	2
	accounts	(i)	20	-	-
其他资产 银行及其他金融 机构之存款及 结余	Other assets Deposits and balances of banks and other financial	(ix)	33	-	574
客户存款	institutions Deposits from	(ii)	19,596	-	857
衍生金融工具负债	customers Derivative financial instruments	(ii)	112 78	91	4,601
其他账项及准备	liabilities Other accounts and	(viii)		-	-
	provisions	(ix)	5,952		978

¹ 其他有关连人士包括中国 银行之附属公司和联营公 司及提供本银行员工福利 之退休福利计划,而若干其 他有关连人士为国有企业。

Subsidiaries and associates of BOC and post-employment benefit plans for the benefit of employees of the Bank are collectively disclosed as other related parties and certain of which are state-controlled entities.



50. 主要之有关连人士交 50. Significant related party transactions (continued) 易(续)

(c) 与中国银行集团公司在正常业务范围内进行之交易摘要(续)

(c) Summary of transactions entered into during the ordinary course of business with BOC group companies (continued)

附注:

Notes:

(i) 利息收入

本集团在正常业务中与中国 银行集团公司进行多种交易, 包括接受现金及在银行及其 他金融机构的结余及存款及 提供贷款和信贷融资。此等交 易与本集团跟其他第三者交 易所订定的价格与条款相比, 并无享有特别优惠。

(i) Interest income

In the ordinary course of business, the Group enters into various transactions with BOC group companies including deposit of cash and balances with banks and other financial institutions, placement of interbank deposits and provision of loans and credit facilities. The transactions were conducted at prices and terms that are no more favourable than those charged to and contracted with other third party customers of the Group.

(ii) 利息支出

本集团在正常业务中接受中 国银行集团公司之同业存款 及往来、定期、储蓄及其他存 款,均按当时之市场价格进 行。

(ii) Interest expense

In the ordinary course of business, the Group accepts interbank deposits and current, fixed, savings and other deposits from BOC group companies at the relevant market rates at the time of the transactions.

(iii) 已付保险费用 / 已收保险佣金(净额)

本集团在正常业务中向中国 银行集团公司提供保险代理 服务及购买一般及人寿保险 单,均按当时之市场价格进 行。

(iii) Insurance premium paid/insurance commission received (net)

In the ordinary course of business, the Group provides insurance agency services to and purchases general and life insurance policies from BOC group companies at the relevant market rates at the time of the transactions.

(iv) 已收 / 应收行政服务费及租金

本集团在正常业务中向中国银行集团公司提供内部稽核、科技、人力资源支援及培训等各项行政服务,主要按成本加5%的基础来收取费用。此外,本集团向中国银行集团公司按当时之市场价格收取写字楼物业租金。

(iv) Administrative services fees and rental fees received/receivable

In the ordinary course of business, the Group receives administrative services fees for the provision of various administrative services including internal audit, technology, human resources support and training to BOC group companies mainly on the basis of cost plus a margin of 5%, and receives office premises rental fees from BOC group companies at the relevant market rates at the time of the transactions.



- 50. 主要之有关连人士交 50. Significant related party transactions (continued) 易(续)
 - (c) 与中国银行集团公司在正常业务范围内进行之交易摘要(续)
- (c) Summary of transactions entered into during the ordinary course of business with BOC group companies (continued)

附注: (续)

Notes: (continued)

(v) 已付 / 应付佣金、物业管理、 租务代理费用及租务费用

本集团在正常业务中就信用 卡之行政管理及推广服务、证 券经纪服务、物业管理及租务 代理支付佣金予中国银行集 团公司,并向中国银行集团公 司支付租务费用。此等交易均 按当时之市场价格进行。

(v) Commission, property management, letting agency fee and rental fees paid/payable

In the ordinary course of business, the Group pays commission fees for credit card administrative and promotional services, securities brokerage services, property management and letting agency fees to BOC group companies. The Group also pays rental fees to BOC group companies. These transactions were priced at the relevant market rates at the time of the transactions.

(vi) 已收基金销售佣金

本集团在正常业务中会向本 集团客户推广和销售一间中 国银行集团公司的基金产品 并收取佣金,此等业务均按当 时之市场价格进行。

(vi) Funds selling commission received

In the ordinary course of business, the Group receives commission for engaging in promotion and sale of fund products of a BOC group company to customers of the Group at the relevant market rates at the time of the transactions.

(vii) 已收代理银行业务费用

中国银行在正常业务中向本 集团客户提供代理银行服务, 其中包括汇款及通知和托收 本集团向客户发出之信用证。 本集团与中国银行双方按不 时议定之比例分摊客户所付 费用。

(vii) Correspondent banking fee received

In the ordinary course of business, BOC provides services to the Group's customers including remittance services and advising on and collecting letters of credit issued by the Group. The Group shares the fees paid by its customers with BOC on the basis agreed between the parties from time to time.



- 50. 主要之有关连人士交 50. Significant related party transactions (continued) 易(续)
 - (c) 与中国银行集团公司在正常业务范围内进行之交易摘要(续)
- (c) Summary of transactions entered into during the ordinary course of business with BOC group companies (continued)

附注: (续)

Notes: (continued)

(viii) 衍生金融工具资产 / 负债

本集团在正常业务中与中国银行集团公司订立了外汇合约及利率合约。于 2006 年12 月 31 日,该等衍生交易之名义数额总值为港币159.18亿元(2005年:港币175.83亿元)。而于该日相关之衍生金融工具资产及负债分别为港币1.5 千万元(2005年:港币6百万元)及港币1.3千万元(2005年:港币7.8千万元)。此等交易按当时之市场价格进行。

(viii) Derivative financial instruments assets/liabilities

In the ordinary course of business, the Group enters into foreign exchange contracts and interest rate contracts with BOC group companies. As at 31 December 2006 the aggregate notional amount of such derivative transactions amounted to HK\$15,918 million (2005: HK\$17,583 million) whilst the corresponding derivative financial instruments assets and liabilities amounted to HK\$15 million (2005: HK\$6 million) and HK\$13 million (2005: HK\$78 million) respectively. These transactions are executed at the relevant market rates at the time of the transactions.

(ix) 其他资产及其他账项及准备

「其他资产」及「其他账项 及准备」包括了向中国银行 集团公司之应收及应付账 款,主要是由于代本集团客 户买卖股票而对一间中国银 行之附属公司所产生的应收 及应付账款。此等应收及应 付账款从正常业务范围进行 之交易中产生。

(ix) Other assets and other accounts and provisions

Included within "Other assets" and "Other accounts and provisions" are receivables from and payables to BOC group companies. The amounts mainly represent the accounts receivables from and payables to a subsidiary of BOC in relation to dealing securities trading transactions on behalf of the Group's customers. The receivables and payables arose from transactions carried out in the normal course of business.

(d) 或然负债及承担

(d) Contingent liabilities and commitments

本集团在正常业务中按市场之一般商业条款为中国银行、中国银行之附属公司及联营公司提供贷款融资、贸易融资服务及为其责任作出担保。于2006年12月31日,该等未提取之贷款承担、与贸易有关之或然负债及担保数额为港币35.63亿元(2005年:港币11.48亿元)。

In the ordinary course of business, the Group provides loan facilities and trade finance services to, and guarantees for the obligations of BOC and its subsidiaries and associates on normal commercial terms. As at 31 December 2006, the total undrawn loan commitments, trade finance-related contingencies and guarantees amounted to HK\$3,563 million (2005: HK\$1,148 million).



50. 主要之有关连人士交 50. Significant related party transactions (continued) 易(续)

(e) 与附属公司之结余

(e) Balances with subsidiaries

		2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
库存现金及在银行及 其他金融机构的结	Cash and balances with banks and other financial institutions		
余		26	3
银行及其他金融机构	Placements with banks and other financial		
存款	institutions	696	143
衍生金融工具资产	Derivative financial instruments assets	13	15
贷款及其他账项	Advances and other accounts	952	954
其他资产	Other assets	1,191	1,691
银行及其他金融机构	Deposits and balances of banks and other financial		
之存款及结余	institutions	996	975
客户存款	Deposits from customers	297	267
衍生金融工具负债	Derivative financial instruments liabilities	4	4
其他账项及准备	Other accounts and provisions	257	122

(f) 主要高层人员

(f) Key management personnel

主要高层人员是指 某些能直接或间接 拥有权力及责任来 计划、指导及掌管集 团业务之人士,包括 董事及高层管理人 员。本集团在正常业 务中会接受主要高 层人员存款及向其 提供贷款及信贷融 资。于本年及去年, 本集团并没有与中 银香港及其控股公 司之主要高层人员 或其有关连人士进 行重大交易。

Key management are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group, directly or indirectly, including Directors and Senior Management. The Group accepts deposits from and grants loans and credit facilities to key management personnel in the ordinary course of business. During both the current and prior years, no material transaction was conducted with key management personnel of BOCHK, its holding companies and parties related to them.

主要高层人员截至 2006年12月31日 及2005年12月31日之薪酬如下: The key management compensation for the year ended 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005 is detailed as follows:

		2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
薪酬及其他短期员工	Salaries and other short-term employee benefits		
福利		34	33
退休福利	Post-employment benefits	1	1
		35	34



50. 主要之有关连人士交 50. Significant related party transactions (continued) 易(续)

(g) 与财政部及中国人 民银行进行的交易

(g) Transactions with Ministry of Finance and The People's Bank of China

本集团在正常业务中 与该等企业进行银行 业务交易,包括买入及 赎回库券及货币市场 交易,其于结算日之结 余及于年内相关的收 入及支出摘要如下: The Group enters into banking transactions with these entities in the normal course of business. These include purchases and redemption of treasury bonds and money market transactions. The outstanding balances at the year end, and the related income and expenses for the year are as follows:

(i) 客户/银行及其他 金融机构贷款

(i) Advances to customers/banks and other financial institutions

2005	2006		
港币百万元	—————————————————————————————————————	-	
HK\$'m	HK\$'m		
	10	Interest income	利息收入
2005	2006		
港币百万元	—————————————————————————————————————	-	
HK\$'m	HK\$'m		
	<u> </u>	Outstanding balance at beginning of the year	年初结余
<u>-</u>	164	Outstanding balance at end of the year	年末结余
		(ii) Treasury bonds	(ii) 库券
2005	2006		
港币百万元		-	
HK\$'m	HK\$'m		
133	87	Interest income	利息收入
2005	2006		
港币百万元		_	
HK\$'m	HK\$'m		
2,523	2,630	Outstanding balance at beginning of the year	年初结余



- 50. 主要之有关连人士交 50. Significant related party transactions (continued) 易(续)
 - (g) 与财政部及中国人 民银行进行的交易 (续)
- (g) Transactions with Ministry of Finance and The People's Bank of China (continued)
- (iii) 存放银行及其他 金融机构

年末结余

(iii) Due from banks and other financial institutions

	_	2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
利息收入	Interest income	226	110
		2006	2005
	-		港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
年初结余	Outstanding balance at beginning of the year	21,846	11,648
年末结余	Outstanding balance at end of the year	23,693	21,846
(iv) 银行及其他金融 机构之存款	(iv) Due to banks and other financial institutions		
		2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
利息支出	Interest expense	<u> </u>	(5)
		2006	2005
	_	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
年初结余	Outstanding balance at beginning of the year	<u>-</u>	

Outstanding balance at end of the year



50. 主要之有关连人士交 50. Significant related party transactions (continued) 易(续)

(h) 与汇金及其他汇金 控制之公司进行的 交易

(h) Transactions with Central SAFE and other companies controlled by Central SAFE

汇金是经中华人民共和国国务院批准代表国家行使出资人权力,并为中国银行之主要控股公司。因此,汇金代表国家通过其在中国银行的权益而成为本银行的最终控股公司。

Central SAFE is the controlling entity of BOC. Central SAFE is approved by the State Council of the PRC to assume the rights and obligations of the equity owner on behalf of the State. Accordingly, Central SAFE, acting on behalf of the State, has become the ultimate holding company of the Bank by virtue of its interest in BOC.

截至 2006 年 12 月 31 日本集团与汇金没有 任何结余及没有进行 任何交易 (2005 年: 无)。 The Group did not have any balances or enter into any transactions with Central SAFE for the year ended 31 December 2006 (2005: Nil).

汇金于某些内地银行 均拥有控制权益。本集 团在正常业务中与该 等公司进行银行业务 交易,包括贷款、投资 证券及货币市场交易, 其于结算日之结余及 于年内相关的收入及 支出摘要如下: Central SAFE has controlling equity interests in certain other banks in the PRC. The Group enters into banking transactions with these companies in the normal course of business. These include loans, investment securities and money market transactions. The outstanding balances at the year end, and the related income and expenses for the year are as follows:



- 50. 主要之有关连人士交 50. Significant related party transactions (continued) 易(续)
 - (h) 与汇金及其他汇金 控制之公司进行的 交易(续)
- (h) Transactions with Central SAFE and other companies controlled by Central SAFE (continued)
- (i) 客户/银行及其他 金融机构贷款
- (i) Advances to customers/banks and other financial institutions

	_	2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
利息收入	Interest income	<u> </u>	
		2006	2005
	-		港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
年初结余	Outstanding balance at beginning of the year	11	
年末结余	Outstanding balance at end of the year	29	11
(ii) 投资证券	(ii) Investment securities		
		2006	2005
	-		港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
利息收入	Interest income	66	59
	-	2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
年初结余	Outstanding balance at beginning of the year	2,043	1,743
年末结余	Outstanding balance at end of the year	1,270	2,043



- 50. 主要之有关连人士交 50. Significant related party transactions (continued) 易(续)
 - (h) 与汇金及其他汇金 控制之公司进行的 交易(续)
- (h) Transactions with Central SAFE and other companies controlled by Central SAFE (continued)
- (iii) 存放银行及其他 金融机构
- (iii) Due from banks and other financial institutions

	-		2005 港币百万元 HK\$'m
利息收入	Interest income	35	29
	-		2005 港币百万元 HK\$'m
年初结余	Outstanding balance at beginning of the year	1,034	2,115
年末结余	Outstanding balance at end of the year	854	1,034



- 50. 主要之有关连人士交 50. Significant related party transactions (continued) 易(续)
 - (h) 与汇金及其他汇金 控制之公司进行的 交易(续)
- (h) Transactions with Central SAFE and other companies controlled by Central SAFE (continued)
- (iv) 银行及其他金融 机构之存款
- (iv) Due to banks and other financial institutions

		2006	2005
		—————————————————————————————————————	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
利息支出	Interest expense	(1)	(1)
		2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
年初结余	Outstanding balance at beginning of the year	15	14
年末结余	Outstanding balance at end of the year	77	15



50. 主要之有关连人士交 50. Significant related party transactions (continued) 易(续)

(i) 与其他国有企业进行 的交易

(i) Transactions with other state-controlled entities

除汇金、其他汇金控制之 公司、间接控股公司中国 银行及其附属公司外,用 有企业指由中华人民共和 国政府属成员直接或政府 据或时属成员直接或或投 持有50%以上股权或支配之 校,能控制或营运政策和 业业的财务集团与其他国 业业有大量交易。这些交易 在正常业务中进行, 但不局限于下列各项:

- 借贷、提供贷项及担保和 接受存款:
- 银行同业之存放及结余;
- 售卖、购买、包销及赎回 由其他国有企业所发行 之债券:
- 提供外汇、汇款及相关投资服务;
- 提供信托业务;及
- 购买公共事业、交通工 具、电信及邮政服务。

公共事务、交通工具、电信及邮政服务是由服务提供者按市场价格收费。管理层相信按其评估,于年内该等有关连人士交易之数额并不重大,故没有披露。其他交易之详尽资料如下:

本集团在正常业务中与其 他国有企业进行银行交 易,包括提供贷款、接币 存款、证券投资、货币市 场交易及资产负债表外风 险项目,其于结算日之结 余、年内相关的准备金及 于年内相关的收入及支出 摘要如下: The state-controlled entities are those, other than BOC (the intermediate holding company and its subsidiaries) and Central SAFE and its controlled companies over which the PRC government directly or indirectly holds over 50% of the outstanding shares or voting rights, and has the ability to control or the power to govern their financial or operational policies through its government authorities, agencies and affiliates. The Group has extensive transactions with other state controlled entities. These transactions, conducted in the ordinary course of business, may include, but are not limited to, the following:

- lending, provision of credits and guarantees and deposit taking;
- inter-bank balance taking and placing;
- sale, purchase, underwriting and redemption of bonds issued by other state-controlled entities:
- rendering of foreign exchange, remittance, investment related services;
- provision of fiduciary activities; and
- purchase of utilities, transport, telecommunication and postal services.

Utilities, transport, telecommunication and postal services are charged by service providers at market rates. Management believes that, based on their assessment, the amounts of such related party transactions are insignificant for the year and therefore are not disclosed. Details of other transactions are set forth below:

The Group enters into banking transactions with other state-controlled entities in the ordinary course of business. These include loans, deposits, investment securities, money market transactions and off-balance sheet exposures. The outstanding balances and related provisions at the year end, and the related income and expenses for the year are as follows:



- 50. 主要之有关连人士交 50. Significant related party transactions (continued) 易(续)
 - (i) 与其他国有企业进行 (i) Transaction 的交易(续)
 - (i) Transactions with other state-controlled entities (continued)
 - (i) 客户/银行及其 他金融机构贷款
- (i) Advances to customers/banks and other financial institutions

		2006	2005
	-	港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m
利息收入	Interest income	1,697	1,341
按个别评估贷款 减值准备拨回	Reversal of/(charge for) individually assessed loan impairment allowances		
/ (拨备)	-	334	(2)
		2006	2005
	-		2005 港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
年初结余	Outstanding balance at beginning of the year	41,543	31,870
年末结余 减:按个别评估贷	Outstanding balance at end of the year Less: individually assessed loan impairment	32,248	41,543
款减值准备	allowances	(88)	(469)
		32,160	41,074
(ii) 投资证券	(ii) Investment securities		
		2006	2005
	-	港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
利息收入	Interest income	349	343
	-		2005 港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
年初结余	Outstanding balance at beginning of the year	6,977	6,086
年末结余	Outstanding balance at end of the year	7,640	6,977
投资证券包括为 持有至到期日证 券及可供出售证 券。	Investment securities include held-to-maturity securities.	securities and ava	illable-for-sale



- 50. 主要之有关连人士交 50. Significant related party transactions (continued) 易(续)
 - (i) 与其他国有企业进行 的交易(续)
- (i) Transactions with other state-controlled entities (continued)
- (iii) 交易性证券及公 平值变化计入损 益的其他金融资 产
- (iii) Trading securities and other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

		2006 港币百万元 HK\$'m	2005 港币百万元 HK\$'m
利息收入	Interest income	14	29
			2005 港币百万元 HK\$'m
年初结余	Outstanding balance at beginning of the year	738	117
年末结余	Outstanding balance at end of the year	343	738

- (iv) 存放银行及其他 金融机构
- (iv) Due from banks and other financial institutions

		2006	2005
		港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 HK\$'m
利息收入	Interest income	270	129
	-	2006 港币百万元	2005 港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
年初结余	Outstanding balance at beginning of the year	4,839	4,418
年末结余	Outstanding balance at end of the year	4,745	4,839



- 50. 主要之有关连人士交 50. Significant related party transactions (continued) 易(续)
 - (i) 与其他国有企业进行 (i) Transactions with other state-controlled entities (continued) 的交易(续)
 - (v) 银行及其他金融 机构之存款
- (v) Due to banks and other financial institutions

			2006	2005
			港币百万元	港币百万元
			HK\$'m	HK\$'m
利息支出		Interest expense	(195)	(112)
				2225
			2006	2005
			港币百万元	港币百万元
			HK\$'m	HK\$'m
年初结余		Outstanding balance at beginning of the year	6,434	7,463
年末结余		Outstanding balance at end of the year	10,949	6,434
(vi) 客户存款	(vi)	Deposits from customers		
			2006	2005
			港币百万元 HK\$'m	港币百万元 H K \$'m
利息支出		Interest expense	(1,406)	(1,013)
			2002	0005
			2006	2005
			港币百万元	港币百万元
			HK\$'m	HK\$'m
年初结余		Outstanding balance at beginning of the year	44,652	39,161
年末结余		Outstanding balance at end of the year	26,613	44,652



- 50. 主要之有关连人士交 50. Significant related party transactions (continued) 易(续)
 - (i) 与其他国有企业进行 (i) Transactions with other state-controlled entities (continued) 的交易(续)

	_		2005 港币百万元 HK\$'m
(vii) 或然负债及承担 (包括担保)	(vii) Contingent liabilities and commitments (including guarantees)	26,273	26,852
	_	2006 港币百万元 HK\$'m	2005 港币百万元 HK\$'m
(viii) 衍生工具之结 余(名义合约数 额)	(viii) Outstanding derivative transactions (notional amount)	618	4,020



财务报表附注(续)

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

51. 最终控股公司

51. Ultimate holding company

汇金代表国家为本银行之 最终控股公司。而中国银行 则为本银行之间接控股公 司。 Central SAFE, acting on behalf of the State is the ultimate holding company of the Bank whilst BOC is the Bank's intermediate holding company.

52. 比较数字

52. Comparative amounts

就收益账之列示,管理层相 信将若干收益账项目重新 分类为集团经营溢利之一 部分,更能切合地反映集团 经营活动。若干比较数字已 重新分类,以符合本年之呈 报方式。 For the purpose of presentation of income statement, certain items are now reclassified and included as part of the operating profit of the Group as management believes that this better reflects the Group's operations. Certain comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

53. 财务报表核准

53. Approval of financial statements

本财务报表已于 2007 年 3 月 22 日经董事会通过及核准发布。

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 22 March 2007.



未经审核之 补充财务资料

Unaudited Supplementary Financial Information

1. 资本充足比率

1. Capital adequacy ratio

		2006	2005
资本充足比率	Capital adequacy ratio	13.99%	15.37%
经调整之资本充足比率	Adjusted capital adequacy ratio	13.93%	15.33%

资本充足比率乃根据银行 业条例附表三及按金管局 就监管规定要求以综合基 准计算本银行及其指定之 附属公司财务状况的比率。 The CAR is computed on the consolidated basis that comprises the positions of the Bank and certain subsidiaries specified by the HKMA for its regulatory purposes and in accordance with the Third Schedule of the Banking Ordinance.

经调整资本充足比率乃根据金管局颁布的监管手册内之《就市场风险维持充足资本》指引,计入在资产负债表日期之市场风险,按照未经调整之资本充足比率之相同基准计算。

The adjusted CAR taking into account market risk exposure as at the balance sheet date is computed in accordance with the guideline on "Maintenance of Adequate Capital Against Market Risks" under the Supervisory Policy Manual issued by the HKMA and on the same basis as for the unadjusted CAR.



Unaudited Supplementary Financial Information (continued)

2. 扣减后的资本基础成份 2. Components of capital base after deductions

用于计算以上 2006 年 12 月 31 日及 2005 年 12 月 31 日之资本充足比率及已汇报金管局之扣减后的综合资本基础分析如下:

The consolidated capital base after deductions used in the calculation of the above capital adequacy ratios as at 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005 and reported to the HKMA is analysed as follows:

2006

2005

		2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
核心资本:	Core capital:		
缴足股款的普通股股本	Paid up ordinary share capital	43,043	43,043
储备	Reserves	20,281	16,096
损益账	Profit and loss account	3,970	4,065
少数股东权益	Minority interests	1,164	1,009
	<u> </u>	68,458	64,213
附加资本:	Supplementary capital:		
非交易性证券重估储备	Reserves on revaluation of holding of securities not		
	held for trading purposes	(118)	(311)
按组合评估之客户贷款	Collective loan impairment allowances		
减值准备		557	731
法定储备	Regulatory reserve	3,621	3,571
资本基础总额	Total capital base	72,518	68,204
资本基础总额的扣减项目:	Deduction from total capital base:		
持有附属公司或控股公司	Shareholdings in subsidiaries or holding company		
的股份		(328)	(337)
对有连系公司的风险承担	Exposures to connected companies	(593)	(597)
持有非附属公司 20%或以	Equity investments of 20% or more in non-subsidiary		
上的股权投资	companies	(50)	(64)
在其他银行或金融机构的	Investments in the capital of other banks or other		
股本投资	financial institutions	<u>-</u> _	(6)
	<u> </u>	(971)	(1,004)
扣减后的资本基础总额	Total capital base after deductions	71,547	67,200
. 流动资金比率	3. Liquidity ratio		
		2006	2005
	-		2003
平均流动资金比率	Average liquidity ratio	50.46%	42.02%
平均流动资金比率	Average liquidity ratio ==	50.46%	42.029

流动资金比率是根据银行业 条例附表四及以单独基准 (即只包括香港办事处)计

平均流动资金比率是以本银

行年内每月平均流动资金比

率的简单平均值计算。

算。

3.

The liquidity ratio is computed on the solo basis (the Hong Kong offices only) and is in accordance with the Fourth Schedule of the Banking Ordinance.

The average liquidity ratio is calculated as the simple average of each calendar month's

average liquidity ratio of the Bank for the year.



Unaudited Supplementary Financial Information (continued)

4. 货币风险

4. Currency concentrations

下表列出因外汇自营交易、 非自营交易及结构性仓盘而 产生之主要外币风险额。期 权盘净额之计算是根据金管 局于「外币持仓」申报表所 载之最保守情况计算。 The following is a summary of the major foreign currency exposures arising from trading, non-trading and structural positions. The net options position is calculated based on the worst-case approach set out in the prudential return "Foreign Currency Position" issued by the HKMA.

					2006				
					港币百万元				
				Equiva	alent in mi				
		美元	日圆		澳元	英磅	人民币		
			Japanese		Australian		Renminbi	其他货币	总计
		Dollars	Yen	Euro	Dollars	Sterling	Yuan	Others	Total
现货资产	Spot assets	276,314	2,538	12,922	22,642	6,150	28,521	7,357	356,444
现货负债	Spot liabilities	(189,454)	(4,346)	(7,485)	(18,126)	(12,217)	(27,729)	(18,185)	(277,542)
远期买入	Forward purchases	126,163	12,131	15,728	8,009	26,833	1,173	39,626	229,663
远期卖出	Forward sales	(211,509)	(10,313)	(21,195)	(12,533)	(20,786)	(1,098)	(28,627)	(306,061)
期权盘净额	Net options position	1,641	144	(105)	68	(8)	-	64	1,804
长 / (短) 盘净额	Net long/(short)								
以/(应) 鱼伊钡	position	3,155	154	(135)	60	(28)	867	235	4,308
	position	3,133	134	(133)		(20)	001	200	4,500
结构仓盘净额	Net structural position	83	-	-	-	-	309	-	392
					2005				
					港币百万元	等值	(\$		
			日圆		港币百万元 valent in mil	告售值 llion of Hk			
		美元 US	日圆 Japanese		港币百万元 /alent in mil 澳元	等值	人民币	其他货币	总计
			日圆 Japanese Yen	Equiv	港币百万元 valent in mil 澳元 · Australian	等值 llion of Hk 英磅	人民币 Renminbi	其他货币 Others	总计 Total
		US Dollars	Japanese Yen	Equiv 欧罗 Euro	港币百万元 valent in mil 澳元 Australian Dollars	等值 Ilion of Hi 英磅 Pound Sterling	人民币 Renminbi	Others	Total
现货资产	Spot assets	US Dollars 239,190	Japanese Yen 2,835	医quiv 欧罗 Euro 12,011	港币百万元 /alent in mil 澳元 Australian Dollars 21,345	E等值 Ilion of Hk 英磅 Pound Sterling 6,315	人民币 Renminbi Yuan 24,955	7,331	Total 313,982
现货负债	Spot liabilities	US Dollars 239,190 (165,815)	Japanese Yen 2,835 (6,230)	数罗 Euro 12,011 (7,417)	港币百万元 valent in mil 澳元 Australian Dollars 21,345 (25,837)	E等值 Ilion of Hk 英磅 Pound Sterling 6,315 (13,472)	人民币 Renminbi Yuan 24,955 (24,323)	7,331 (19,543)	Total 313,982 (262,637)
现货负债 远期买入	Spot liabilities Forward purchases	US Dollars 239,190 (165,815) 123,450	Japanese Yen 2,835 (6,230) 11,936	数罗 Euro 12,011 (7,417) 15,117	港币百万元 valent in mil 澳元 Australian Dollars 21,345 (25,837) 13,897	E等值 Blion of His 英磅 Pound Sterling 6,315 (13,472) 18,737	人民币 Renminbi Yuan 24,955 (24,323) 2	7,331 (19,543) 40,459	Total 313,982 (262,637) 223,598
现货负债 远期买入 远期卖出	Spot liabilities Forward purchases Forward sales	US Dollars 239,190 (165,815) 123,450 (194,998)	Japanese Yen 2,835 (6,230)	数罗 Euro 12,011 (7,417) 15,117 (19,794)	港币百万元 valent in mil 澳元 Australian Dollars 21,345 (25,837) 13,897 (9,452)	E等值 lion of Hk 英磅 Pound Sterling 6,315 (13,472) 18,737 (11,588)	人民币 Renminbi Yuan 24,955 (24,323)	7,331 (19,543) 40,459 (28,080)	Total 313,982 (262,637) 223,598 (272,464)
现货负债 远期买入	Spot liabilities Forward purchases	US Dollars 239,190 (165,815) 123,450	Japanese Yen 2,835 (6,230) 11,936	数罗 Euro 12,011 (7,417) 15,117	港币百万元 valent in mil 澳元 Australian Dollars 21,345 (25,837) 13,897	E等值 Blion of His 英磅 Pound Sterling 6,315 (13,472) 18,737	人民币 Renminbi Yuan 24,955 (24,323) 2	7,331 (19,543) 40,459	Total 313,982 (262,637) 223,598
现货负债 远期买入 远期卖出 期权盘净额	Spot liabilities Forward purchases Forward sales Net options position	US Dollars 239,190 (165,815) 123,450 (194,998)	Japanese Yen 2,835 (6,230) 11,936	数罗 Euro 12,011 (7,417) 15,117 (19,794)	港币百万元 valent in mil 澳元 Australian Dollars 21,345 (25,837) 13,897 (9,452)	E等值 lion of Hk 英磅 Pound Sterling 6,315 (13,472) 18,737 (11,588)	人民币 Renminbi Yuan 24,955 (24,323) 2	7,331 (19,543) 40,459 (28,080)	Total 313,982 (262,637) 223,598 (272,464)
现货负债 远期买入 远期卖出	Spot liabilities Forward purchases Forward sales	US Dollars 239,190 (165,815) 123,450 (194,998)	Japanese Yen 2,835 (6,230) 11,936	数罗 Euro 12,011 (7,417) 15,117 (19,794)	港币百万元 valent in mil 澳元 Australian Dollars 21,345 (25,837) 13,897 (9,452)	E等值 lion of Hk 英磅 Pound Sterling 6,315 (13,472) 18,737 (11,588)	人民币 Renminbi Yuan 24,955 (24,323) 2	7,331 (19,543) 40,459 (28,080)	Total 313,982 (262,637) 223,598 (272,464)
现货负债 远期买入 远期卖出 期权盘净额	Spot liabilities Forward purchases Forward sales Net options position Net long/(short)	US Dollars 239,190 (165,815) 123,450 (194,998) 836	2,835 (6,230) 11,936 (8,545)	医quiv	港币百万元 valent in mil 澳元 Australian Dollars 21,345 (25,837) 13,897 (9,452) 91	送等值 期ion of Hk 英磅 Pound Sterling 6,315 (13,472) 18,737 (11,588) (13)	人民币 Renminbi Yuan 24,955 (24,323) 2 (7)	7,331 (19,543) 40,459 (28,080) (140)	Total 313,982 (262,637) 223,598 (272,464) 778



Unaudited Supplementary Financial Information (continued)

5. 分类资料

5. Segmental information

(a) 按行业分类之客户贷款总额

(a) Sectoral analysis of gross advances to customers

根据在香港境内或境外 以及借贷人从事之业务 作出分类之客户贷款总 额资料分析如下: The information concerning gross advances to customers has been analysed into loans used inside or outside Hong Kong by industry sectors of the borrowers as follows:

		2006	2005*
		港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
在香港使用之贷款	Loans for use in Hong Kong		
工商金融业	Industrial, commercial and financial		
- 物业发展	- Property development	19,290	18,536
- 物业投资	- Property investment	55,943	52,490
- 金融业	- Financial concerns	10,721	11,624
- 股票经纪	- Stockbrokers	65	167
- 批发及零售业	- Wholesale and retail trade	13,019	12,796
- 制造业	- Manufacturing	12,417	11,723
- 运输及运输设备	- Transport and transport equipment	15,548	11,911
- 其他	- Others	21,777	26,853
个人	Individuals		
- 购买居者有其屋计	- Loans for the purchase of flats in Home Ownership		
划、私人机构参建	Scheme, Private Sector Participation Scheme		
居屋计划及租者 置其屋计划楼宇	and Tenants Purchase Scheme		
之贷款		14,236	15,983
- 购买其他住宅物业	- Loans for purchase of other residential properties		
之贷款		96,953	99,171
- 信用卡贷款	- Credit card advances	5,490	4,668
- 其他	- Others	8,817	8,071
在香港使用之贷款总额	Total loans for use in Hong Kong	274,276	273,993
贸易融资	Trade finance	16,865	16,079
在香港以外使用之贷款	Loans for use outside Hong Kong	55,935	43,942
客户贷款总额	Gross advances to customers	347,076	334,014

^{*} 若干比较数字已再分类以配 合本年度之表述。

^{*} Certain comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.



Unaudited Supplementary Financial Information (continued)

- 5. 分类资料 (续)
- 5. Segmental information (continued)
- (b) 按地理区域分类之客 户贷款总额及逾期贷 款
- (b) Geographical analysis of gross advances to customers and overdue advances

下列关于客户贷款总额 及逾期超过三个月之贷 款之地理区域分析是根 据交易对手之所在地, 并已顾及有关贷款之风 险转移因素。 The following geographical analysis of gross advances to customers and advances overdue for over three months is based on the location of the counterparties, after taking into account the transfer of risk in respect of such advances where appropriate.

- (i) 客户贷款总额
- (i) Gross advances to customers

		2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
香港	Hong Kong	306,897	300,456
中国内地	Mainland China	22,984	17,743
其他	Others	17,195	15,815
		347,076	334,014
(ii) 逾期超过三个月之 贷款	(ii) Advances overdue for over three months		
		2006	2005
		港币百万元	港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m
香港	Hong Kong	1,259	2,742
中国内地	Mainland China	48	72
其他	Others	51	31
		1,358	2,845



Unaudited Supplementary Financial Information (continued)

6. 跨国债权

6. Cross-border claims

跨国债权资料显示对海外交易对手之最终风险之地区分布,并会按照交易对手 所在地计入任何风险转移。一般而言,假如债务之担保人所处国家与借贷人不同,或债务由某银行之海外分行作出而其总公司位处另一国家,则会确认跨国债权风险之转移。占总跨国债权10%或以上之地区方作分析及披露如下: The information on cross-border claims discloses exposures to foreign counterparties on which the ultimate risk lies, and is derived according to the location of the counterparties after taking into account any transfer of risk. In general, such transfer of risk takes place if the claims are guaranteed by a party in a country, which is different from that of the counterparty, or if the claims are on an overseas branch of a bank whose head office is located in another country. Only regions constituting 10% or more of the aggregate cross-border claims are analysed by geographical areas and disclosed as follows:

		金融机构 Banks and	Λ 11 II ΙΑ		
		other	公共机构 Public		
		financial	sector	其他	总计
		institutions	entities	Others	Total
					港币百万元
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
于 2006 年 12 月 31 日	At 31 December 2006				
亚洲,不包括香港	Asia, other than Hong Kong				
- 中国内地	- Mainland China	37,202	25,052	18,486	80,740
- 其他	- Others	66,005	569	16,710	83,284
	_	103,207	25,621	35,196	164,024
北美洲	North America				
- 美国	- United States	7,080	25,232	73,900	106,212
- 其他	- Others	12,391	101	39	12,531
	_	19,471	25,333	73,939	118,743
西欧	Western Europe				
- 德国	- Germany	37,434	-	3,620	41,054
- 其他	- Others	145,727	133	16,819	162,679
	_	183,161	133	20,439	203,733
总计	Total	305,839	51,087	129,574	486,500

银行及其他



Unaudited Supplementary Financial Information (continued)

6. 跨国债权(续)

6. Cross-border claims (continued)

	银行及其他			
	金融机构			
	Banks and	公共机构		
	other	Public		
	financial	sector	其他	总计
<u> </u>	institutions	entities	Others	Total
	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元	港币百万元
	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
At 31 December 2005				
Asia, other than Hong				
Kong				
- Mainland China	33,928	25,116	15,818	74,862
- Others	62,836	851	10,936	74,623
_	96,764	25,967	26,754	149,485
North America				
- United States	8,202	29,856	35,728	73,786
- Others	12,372	296	19	12,687
_	20,574	30,152	35,747	86,473
Western Europe				
- Germany	32,415	-	3,399	35,814
- Others	116,724	412	15,830	132,966
	149,139	412	19,229	168,780
Total	266,477	56,531	81,730	404,738
	Asia, other than Hong Kong - Mainland China - Others North America - United States - Others Western Europe - Germany - Others	金融机构 Banks and other financial institutions 港市百万元 HK\$'m At 31 December 2005 Asia, other than Hong Kong - Mainland China 33,928 - Others 62,836 North America - United States 8,202 - Others 12,372 Western Europe - Germany 32,415 - Others 116,724 149,139	金融机构 Banks and other Public financial institutions 港市百万元 HK\$'m HK\$'m HK\$'m HK\$'m HK\$'m At 31 December 2005 Asia, other than Hong Kong - Mainland China 33,928 25,116 - Others 96,764 25,967 North America - United States 8,202 29,856 - Others 12,372 296 Western Europe - Germany 32,415 - Others 116,724 412	金融机构 Banks and Other Public financial sector 其他 nstitutions 港市百万元 港市百万元 港市百万元 HK\$'m HK\$



Unaudited Supplementary Financial Information (continued)

7. 逾期及经重组资产

7. Overdue and rescheduled assets

(a) 逾期贷款

(a) Gross amount of overdue loans

	2006		2005	<u>i </u>
		占客户贷款总额		占客户贷款总额
		百分比		百分比
		% of gross		% of gross
	金额	advances to	金额	advances to
_	Amount	customers	Amount	customers
	港币百万元		港币百万元	
	HK\$'m		HK\$'m	
Gross advances				
to customers				
which have				
been overdue				
for:				
- six months or				
less but over				
three months	318	0.09%	329	0.10%
- one year or				
less but over				
six months	202	0.06%	595	0.18%
- over one year	838	0.24%	1,921	0.57%
Advances overdue				
months	1,358	0.39%	2,845	0.85%
	which have been overdue for: - six months or less but over three months - one year or less but over six months - over one year Advances overdue for over three	金额 Amount 港市百万元 HK\$'m Gross advances to customers which have been overdue for: - six months or less but over three months - one year or less but over six months - over one year Advances overdue for over three	占客户贷款总额 百分比 % of gross advances to Amount 港币百万元 HK\$'m Gross advances to customers which have been overdue for: - six months or less but over three months 318 0.09% - one year or less but over six months 202 0.06% - over one year 838 0.24% Advances overdue for over three	占客户贷款总额 百分比 % of gross 金额 advances to 金额 Amount 地币百万元 HK\$'m 地币百万元 HK\$'m HK\$'m 出版\$'m

于 2006 年 12 月 31 日 及 2005 年 12 月 31 日, 没有逾期超过 3 个月之 银行及其他金融机构贷

As at 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005, there were no advances to banks and other financial institutions that were overdue for over three months.

Advances with a specific repayment date are classified as overdue when the principal or interest is overdue and remains unpaid. Advances repayable by regular instalments are classified as overdue when an instalment payment is overdue and remains unpaid. Advances repayable on demand are classified as overdue either when a demand for repayment has been served on the borrower but repayment has not been made in accordance with the instruction or when the advances have remained continuously outside the approved limit that was advised to the borrower.



未经审核之 Unaudited Supplementary Financial Information (continued) 补充财务资料(续)

7. 逾期及经重组资产(续) 7. Overdue and rescheduled assets (continued)

(b) 经重组客户贷款

(b) Rescheduled advances to customers

to banks and other financial institutions.

	2006		200	5
	占客户贷款总额			占客户贷款总额
		百分比		百分比
		% of gross		% of gross
	金额	advances to	金额	advances to
	Amount	customers	Amount	customers
	港币百万元		港币百万元	
	HK\$'m		HK\$'m	
Rescheduled				
advances to				
customers	216	0.06%	310	0.09%

经重组客户贷款

As at 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005, there were no rescheduled advances

于 2006 年 12 月 31 日及 2005 年 12 月 31 日,没有经重组之银 行及其他金融机构贷 款。

Rescheduled advances are those advances that have been restructured or renegotiated because of a deterioration in the financial position of the borrower or of the inability of the borrower to meet the original repayment schedule and for which the revised repayment terms, either of interest or of repayment period, are non-commercial. Rescheduled advances, which have been overdue for more than three months under the revised repayment terms, are included in overdue advances. Rescheduled advances are stated before deduction of loan impairment allowances.



Unaudited Supplementary Financial Information (continued)

8. 收回资产

8. Repossessed assets held

2006	2005
港币百万元	港币百万元
HK\$'m	HK\$'m
309	431

收回资产之估计市值

Estimated market value of repossessed assets held

收回资产是指本集团为解 除贷款人部分或全部债务 而得以存取或控制的资产, 包括物业及证券(例如透过 法庭程序或有关贷款人的 自愿行动)。

Repossessed assets are properties or securities in respect of which the Group has acquired access or control (e.g. through court proceedings or voluntary actions by the borrowers concerned) for release in full or in part of the obligations of the borrowers.

9. 风险管理

9. Risk management

集团银行业务

Banking Group

总览

集团深信良好的风险管理是 企业成功的重要元素, 因此, 在日常经营中高度重视风险 管理,并强调风险控制与业务 增长及发展之间要取得有机 平衡。集团业务的主要内在风 险包括信誉风险、法律及合规 风险、策略风险、信贷风险、 市场风险、利率风险、流动资 金风险及操作风险。集团的风 险管理目标是在提高股东价 值的同时确保风险控制在可 接受的水平之内。

Overview

The Group believes that sound risk management is crucial to the success of any organisation. In its daily operation, the Group attaches a high degree of importance to risk management and emphasises that a balance must be struck between risk control and business growth and development. The principal types of risk inherent in the Group's businesses are reputation risk, legal and compliance risk, strategic risk, credit risk, market risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk and operational risk. The Group's risk management objective is to enhance shareholder value by maintaining risk exposures within acceptable limits.

风险管理管治架构

集团风险管理管治架构覆盖 业务发展的全部过程,以保证 在业务经营中的各类风险都 能得到有效管理及控制。集团 拥有完善的风险管理架构,并 有一套全面的风险管理政策 及程序,用以识别、量度、监 察及控制可能出现的各类风 险。集团亦定期重检及更新风 险管理政策及程序,以配合市 场及业务策略的转变。不同层 面的风险承担者分别负责与 其相关的风险管理责任。

Risk Management Governance Structure

The Group's risk management governance structure is designed to cover the whole process of all businesses and ensure various risks are properly managed and controlled in the course of conducting business. The Group has a sound risk management organisational structure. It implements a comprehensive set of policies and procedures to identify, measure, monitor and control various risks that may arise. These risk management policies and procedures are regularly reviewed and modified to reflect changes in markets and business strategies. Various groups of risk takers assume their respective responsibilities for risk management.



Unaudited Supplementary Financial Information (continued)

9. 风险管理(续)

9. Risk management (continued)

风险管理管治架构 (续)

董事会代表着股东的利益,是 集团风险管理的最高决策机 构,并对风险管理负最终责 任。董事会在其属下委员会的 协助下,负责确定集团的总体 风险管理策略,并确保集团具 备有效的风险管理系统以落 实执行有关策略。董事会下设 常设委员会即风险委员会,负 责监控本集团各类风险;审批 高层次的风险相关政策,并监 督其执行; 审查重大的或高风 险的风险承担或交易,并对认 为不应该进行的交易行使否 决权。稽核委员会协助董事会 履行内部监控系统的监控职 - -

Risk Management Governance Structure (continued)

The Board of Directors, representing the interests of shareholders, is the highest decision making authority of the Group and has the ultimate responsibility for risk management. The Board, with the assistance of its committees, has the primary responsibility for the formulation of risk management strategies and for ensuring that the Group has an effective risk management system to implement these strategies. The Risk Committee ("RC"), a standing committee established by the Board of Directors, is responsible for overseeing the Group's various types of risks, reviewing and approving high-level risk-related policies and overseeing their implementation, reviewing significant or high risk exposures or transactions and exercising its power of veto if it considers that any transaction should not proceed. The Audit Committee assists the Board in fulfilling its role in overseeing the internal control system.

总裁负责管理本集团各类风险,审批详细的风险管理政策,在董事会授权范围内审批重大风险承担或交易。风险总监负责协助总裁履行对各类风险日常管理的职责,提出新的风险管理策略、项目和措施以配合监管要求的变化,从市更好地监察及管理新业务、产品及管运环境转变而引授权负责审核重大风险承担或交易,并对认为不应该进行的交易行使否决权。

The Chief Executive's ("CE") is responsible for managing the Group's various types of risks, approving detailed risk management policies, and approving material risk exposures or transactions within his authority delegated by the Board of Directors. The Chief Risk Officer ("CRO") assists the CE in fulfilling his responsibilities for the day-to-day management of risks. The CRO is responsible for initiating new risk management strategies, projects and measures that will enable the Group to better monitor and manage new risk issues or areas that may arise from time to time from new businesses, products and changes in the operating environment. He may also take appropriate initiatives in response to regulatory changes. The CRO is also responsible for reviewing material risk exposures or transactions within his delegated authority and exercising his power of veto if he believes that any transaction should not proceed.

本集团的不同部门都有其相应的风险管理责任。业务部门是风险管理的第一道防线,而风险管理部门则独立于业务部门,负责各类风险的日常管理,以及草拟、检查和更新各类风险管理政策和程序。

Various departments of the Group have their respective risk management responsibilities. Business units act as the first line of defense while risk management units, which are independent from the business units, are responsible for the day-to-day management of different kinds of risks. Risk management units have the primary responsibilities for drafting, reviewing and updating various risk management policies and procedures.

集团的主要附属银行南商及 集友,亦采用与集团一致的风 险管理政策。这些附属公司独 立执行其风险管理策略,并定 期向集团管理层汇报。 The Group's principal banking subsidiaries, Nanyang and Chiyu, are subject to risk policies that are consistent with those of the Group. These subsidiaries execute their risk management strategies independently and report to the Group's management on a regular basis.



Unaudited Supplementary Financial Information (continued)

9. 风险管理(续)

9. Risk management (continued)

信誉风险管理

信誉风险指因与本集团业务 经营有关的负面报道,不论是 否属实,可能引致集团客户基础缩小、需支付高昂的诉讼费 用或收入减少的风险。信誉风 险潜藏于各业务运作环节,涉 及面广。

Reputation Risk Management

Reputation risk is the risk that negative publicity regarding the Group's business practices, whether genuine or not, might cause a potential decline in the Group's customer base or lead to costly litigation or revenue erosion. Reputation risk is inherent in every aspect of business operation and covers a wide spectrum of issues.

为减低信誉风险,集团制订并 切实执行信誉风险管理政策。 此政策为尽早识别和积极防 范信誉风险事故提供了指引, 要求紧密监察外界的信誉风 险事故,并从金融业界已公开 的信誉风险事件中汲取经验。

In order to mitigate reputation risk, the Group has formulated its Reputation Risk Management Policy that is diligently implemented. This policy provides guidance to prevent and manage reputation risk proactively at an early stage. It requires constant monitoring of external reputation risk incidents and published failures of risk incidents in the financial industry.

法律及合规风险管理

法律风险指因不可执行合约、诉讼或不利判决而可能使本集团运作中断,或对运作和财务狀况造成不利影响的风险。合规风险指因未有遵守经营所在地对相关业务的监管规例而可能面臨监管机构处罚的风险。风险总监领导法律及合规部,负责制订及维护相应的政策指引,主动识别和管理这些风险。

Legal and Compliance Risk Management

Legal risk is the risk that unenforceable contracts, lawsuits or adverse judgments may disrupt or otherwise negatively affect the operation or financial condition of the Group. Compliance risk is the risk of penalty arising from any failure to comply with relevant regulations governing the conduct of businesses in specific countries. By establishing and maintaining appropriate policies and guidelines, the CRO, working through the Legal and Compliance Department, is responsible for proactively identifying and managing these risks.

策略风险管理

策略风险是指因在策略制订和实施过程中失当,或未能对市场变化作出及时的调整,从而影响集团现在或未来集团的财务和市场地位的风险。集团制定了策略风险管理政策,为有关风险的管理和监督提供清晰的指引。

Strategic Risk Management

Strategic risk generally refers to the risks that may induce immediate or future negative impact on the financial and market positions of the Group because of poor strategic decisions, improper implementation of strategies and lack of response to the market. The Group has developed a Strategic Risk Management Policy that provides clear guidance for the management and oversight of such risks.



Unaudited Supplementary Financial Information (continued)

9. 风险管理(续)

9. Risk management (continued)

信贷风险管理

信贷风险指因客户或交易对 手未能或不愿意履行合约责 任的风险。风险总监领导的风 险管理部负责本集团信贷风 险的集中化管理。本集团对不 同客户或交易采用不同的信 贷审批及监控程序。企业授信 申请由风险管理单位进行独 立审核及客观评估;零售授信 交易包括住宅按揭贷款、私人 贷款及信用卡等采取信贷评 分系统审批; 须由副总裁级或 以上人员审批的大额授信申 请,则由集团授信和其他业务 专家组成的信贷评审委员会 进行独立风险评审。

Credit Risk Management

Credit risk is the risk that a customer or counterparty will be unable to or unwilling to meet a commitment it has entered into with the Group. The Risk Management Department (RMD), under the supervision of the CRO, provides centralised management of credit risk within the Group. Different credit approval and control procedures are adopted according to the level of risk associated with the customer or transaction. Corporate credit applications are independently reviewed and objectively assessed by risk management units. A credit scoring system is used to process retail credit transactions, including residential mortgage loans, personal loans and credit cards. The Credit Risk Assessment Committee comprising experts from credit and other functions of the Group is responsible for making an independent assessment of all credit facilities which require the approval of Deputy Chief Executives or above.

集团按金管局的贷款分类制度,实施八级信贷评级系统。 风险管理部定期提供信贷风险管理报告,并按管理委员会、风险委员会、稽核委员会及董事会的特别要求,提供专题报告。 The Group adopts an eight-grade facility grading structure according to HKMA's loan classification requirement. RMD provides regular credit management information reports and ad hoc reports to the Management Committee, RC, AC and Board of Directors.

市场风险管理

市场风险是指因为市场利率或价格波动导致出现亏损的风险。集团的市场风险包括来自客户业务及自营持仓。自营持仓每日均会按市值计价。市场风险根据风险委员会批核的风险限额进行管理。整体风险限额参照不同的风险因素,例如利率、汇率、商品及股票价格,再细分为不同限额。

Market Risk Management

Market risk is the risk of loss that results from movements in market rates and prices. The Group's market risk arises from customer-related business and proprietary trading. Trading positions are subject to daily marked-to-market valuation. Market risk is managed within the risk limits approved by RC. The overall risk limits are divided into sub-limits by reference to different risk factors, including interest rate, foreign exchange rate, commodity price and equity price.

风险管理部负责集团市场风险管理,确保整体和个别的市场风险均控制在集团可接受的风险水平之内;另每天对风险暴露进行监控,以确保控制在既定的风险限额内。

RMD is responsible for the oversight of the Group's market risk to ensure that overall and individual market risks are within the Group's risk tolerance. Risk exposures are monitored on a day-to-day basis to ensure that they are within established risk limits.



Unaudited Supplementary Financial Information (continued)

9. 风险管理(续)

9. Risk management (continued)

市场风险管理 (续)

涉险值是一种统计学方式,用 以估量在一段特定时间内,按 指定的置信度,风险持仓可能 造成的损失。集团采用市场利 率及价格的历史变动趋势、 99%置信水平及1天持有期等 基准,计算组合及个别涉险 值。 Market Risk Management (continued)

VAR is a statistical technique which estimates the potential losses that could occur on risk positions taken over a specified time horizon within a given level of confidence. The Group uses historical movements in market rates and prices, a 99% confidence level and a 1-day holding period to calculate portfolio and individual VAR.

以下表格详述中银香港自营 市场风险持仓的涉险值。 The following table sets out the VAR for all trading market risk exposure of BOCHK

				12月31日	全年 最低数值	全年 最高数值	全年 平均数值
港币百万元	ı	HK\$'m		At 31 December	Minimum during the year	Maximum during the year	Average for the year
所有市场风险持仓之涉险值	- 2006 \	VAR for all market risk	- 2006	1.5	1.3	5.0	2.8
	- 2005		- 2005	1.8	1.2	5.8	2.6
汇率风险持仓之涉险值	- 2006 \	VAR for foreign exchange risk	- 2006	1.7	0.7	5.3	2.8
	- 2005		- 2005	1.2	0.6	5.2	1.9
利率风险持仓之涉险值	- 2006 \	VAR for interest rate risk	- 2006	0.7	0.7	3.0	1.6
	- 2005		- 2005	1.4	0.9	3.7	2.1
股票风险持仓之涉险值	- 2006 \	VAR for equity risk	- 2006	0.5	0.1	1.0	0.3
	- 2005		- 2005	0.1	0.0	0.5	0.1

截至 2006 年 12 月 31 日,中 银香港从市场风险相关的自 营交易活动赚得的每日平均 收益为港币 250 万元(2005 年:港币 200 万元),其标准 差为港币 150 万元(2005 年 :港币 180 万元)。

For the year ended 31 December 2006, the average daily revenue of BOCHK earned from market risk-related trading activities was HK\$2.5 million (2005: HK\$2.0 million). The standard deviation of these daily trading revenues was HK\$1.5 million (2005: HK\$1.8 million).

利率风险管理

集团的利率风险主要是结构性风险。结构性持仓的主要利率风险类别为:

利率重订风险 - 由于资产 及负债到期日或重订价格期 限可能出现错配

利率基準風險 - 不同交易的 不同定價基準,令資產的收益 率和負債的成本可能會在同 一重訂價格期間以不同的幅 度變化

Interest Rate Risk Management

The Group's interest rate risk exposures are mainly structural. The major types of interest rate risk from structural positions are:

repricing risk - mismatches in the maturity or repricing periods of assets and liabilities

basis risk – different pricing basis for different transactions so that yield on assets and cost of liabilities may change by different amounts within the same repricing period



Unaudited Supplementary Financial Information (continued)

9. 风险管理(续)

9. Risk management (continued)

利率风险管理(续)

集团的资产负债管理委员会 主责利率风险管理;委员会制 订的利率风险管理政策须由 风险委员会审批。集团每日识 别及衡量利率风险。司库部根 据既定政策对利率风险进行 管理,财务部密切监察有关风 险,并定期向风险委员会及资 产负债管理委员会汇报。

Interest Rate Risk Management (continued)

The Group's Asset and Liability Management Committee ("ALCO") maintains oversight of interest rate risk and RC sanctions the interest rate risk management policies formulated by ALCO. The interest rate risk is identified and measured on a daily basis. The Treasury Department manages the interest rate risk according to the established policies. The Finance Department closely monitors the related risks and the results are reported to RC and ALCO regularly.

缺口分析是集团用来量度利率重订风险的工具之一。这项分析提供资产负债状况的到期情况及重订价格特点的静态资料。集团采用利率衍生工具来对冲利率风险,在一般情况下会利用简单的利率互换合约对冲有关风险。

Gap analysis is one of the tools used to measure the Group's exposure to repricing risk. This provides the Group with a static view of the maturity and repricing characteristics of its balance sheet positions. The Group uses interest rate derivatives to hedge its interest rate exposures and in most cases, plain vanilla interest rate swaps are used.

盈利及经济价值对利率变化的敏感度(涉险盈利及涉险经济价值)通过模拟孳息曲线平衡移动 200 个基点的利率震荡来计算。涉险盈利及涉险经济价值分别控制在经风险委员会核定的占当年预算净利息收入及最新资本基础的一个特定百分比之内。有关结果定期向资产负债管理委员会及风险委员会报告。

Sensitivities of earnings and economic value to interest rate changes (Earnings at Risk and Economic Value at Risk) are assessed through a hypothetical interest rate shock of 200 basis points across the yield curve on both sides. Earnings at Risk and Economic Value at Risk are controlled respectively within an approved percentage of the projected net interest income for the year and the latest capital base as sanctioned by RC. The results are reported to ALCO and RC on a regular basis.

集团透过情景分析, 监察利率 基准风险因收益率及成本率 不同步变化对净利息收入所 预计产生的影响, 及设定相同 订息基准的资产负债比例以 作监控。 The impact of basis risk is gauged by the projected change in net interest income under scenarios of imperfect correlation in the adjustment of the rates earned and paid on different instruments. Ratios of assets to liabilities with similar pricing basis are established to monitor such risk.



Unaudited Supplementary Financial Information (continued)

9. 风险管理(续)

9. Risk management (continued)

流动资金风险管理

流动资金管理的目标是令集团即使在恶劣市况下,仍能按时应付所有到期债务,以及为 其资产增长和策略机会提供 所需资金,避免要在紧急情况 下被迫出售资产套现。

Liquidity Risk Management

The aim of liquidity management is to enable the Group to meet, even under adverse market conditions, all its maturing repayment obligations on time, and to fund all its asset growth and strategic opportunities without forced liquidation of its assets at short notice.

集团业务所需的资金主要来 自零售及企业客户的存款。此 外,集团亦可发行存款证以获 取长期资金,或透过调整集团 资产组合内的投资组合获取 资金。集团将资金大部分用于 贷款、投资债务证券或拆放同 The Group funds its operations principally by accepting deposits from retail and corporate depositors. In addition, the Group may issue certificates of deposit to secure long-term funds. Funding may also be secured through adjusting the asset mix in the Group's investment portfolio. The Group uses the majority of funds raised to extend loans, to purchase debt securities or to conduct interbank placements.

集团透过现金流分析和检视 存款稳定性、风险集中性、错 配比率、贷存比率及投资组合 的流动资金状况,来监察流动 资金风险。集团资产负债管理 策略的主要目标,是要在有效 的风险管理机制内保持足够 的流动性和资本金水平,同时 争取最佳回报。资产负债管理 委员会负责制订政策方针(包 括流动风险应变计划),风险 委员会负责审批流动资金管 理政策。司库部根据既定政策 对流动资金风险进行管理。财 务部负责监察集团的流动资 金风险,定期向管理层及资产 负债管理委员会汇报。

The Group monitors the liquidity risks using cash flow analysis and by examining deposit stability, concentration risk, mismatch ratios, loan-to-deposit ratio and liquidity profile of the investment portfolio. The primary objective of the Group's asset and liability management strategy is to achieve optimal returns while ensuring adequate levels of liquidity and capital within an effective risk control framework and ALCO is responsible for establishing these policy directives (including the liquidity contingency plan), and RC sanctions the liquidity management policies. The Treasury Department manages the liquidity risk according to the established policies. The Finance Department monitors the Group's liquidity risks and reports to the management and ALCO regularly.

操作风险管理

操作风险涉及因内部流程不完善或失效、人为过失、电脑系统故障或外部突发事件等因素造成损失的风险。风险管理部负责监察中银香港整体的操作风险管理框架。

Operational Risk Management

Operational risk relates to the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems, or from external events. RMD oversees the entire operational risk management framework of BOCHK.



Unaudited Supplementary Financial Information (continued)

9. 风险管理(续)

9. Risk management (continued)

操作风险管理(续)

集团建立了有效的内部控制 程序,对所有重大活动订下详 细的政策及监控措施。设置适 当的职责分工和独立授权乃 集团紧守的基本原则。各业务 部门透过识别、评估及控制潜 在于业务流程、活动及产品内 的风险,承担管理及汇报其内 部操作风险的责任,风险管理 部对其变化进行定期监督及 持续检查。风险管理部制定企 业层面的操作风险管理政策 及程序, 由风险委员会审批。 风险管理部对操作风险状况 进行评估,记录操作风险损失 数据,并向风险委员会及高级 管理层汇报操作风险事项。

Operational Risk Management (continued)

The Group has put in place an effective internal control process which requires the establishment of detailed policies and control procedures for all the key activities. Proper segregation of duties and independent authorisation are the fundamental principles followed by the Group. The management of respective business lines is responsible for managing and reporting operational risks specific to their business units by identifying, assessing and controlling the risks inherent in their business processes, activities and products. These are followed by periodic monitoring and ongoing review of changes by RMD. RMD formulates corporate-level policies and procedures concerning operational risk management which are approved by RC. RMD evaluates the operational risk profile, records operational risk data and reports operational risk issues to RC and senior management.

集团对支援紧急或灾难事件时的业务运作备有紧急事故应变方案,并维持充足的后备设施及定期进行演练。集团已购买保险,以减低因操作风险引致的潜在损失。

Business continuity plans are in place to support business operations in the event of emergency or disaster. Adequate backup facilities are maintained and periodic drills are conducted. The Group also arranges insurance cover to reduce potential losses in respect of operational risk.

资本管理

资本管理的主要目标是维持与其综合风险状况相称的资本实力,同时为股东带来最大回报。集团定期检讨其资本结构,并在有需要时考虑调整资本组合,以达致最低的整体资本成本。资产负债管理委员会负责监控集团的资本充足性。在报表披露的经营期间内,本集团的资本水平符合各项法定要求。

Capital Management

The major objective of capital management is to maximise total shareholders' return while maintaining a capital adequacy position in relation to the Group's overall risk profile. The Group periodically reviews its capital structure and adjusts the capital mix where appropriate to achieve the lowest overall cost of capital. ALCO monitors the Group's capital adequacy. The Group has complied with all the statutory capital standards for all the periods presented in the report.

压力测试

集團以壓力測試輔助各項風險的分析工作。壓力測試是一種風險管理工具,用以評估當市場或宏觀經濟因素急劇變化並產生極端不利的經營環境時銀行風險暴露的情況。集團定期進行壓力測試,資產負債管理委員會根據風險委員會批准的限額,對壓力測試的結果進行監控,並向董事會及風險委員會匯報測試結果。

Stress Testing

The Group supplements the analysis of various types of risks with stress testing. Stress testing is a risk management tool for estimating the Group's risk exposures under stressed conditions arising from extreme but plausible market or macroeconomic movements. These tests are conducted on a regular basis and ALCO monitors the results against limits approved by RC. Stress test results are also reported to the Board and RC regularly.



释义

在本年报中,除非文义另有所指,否则下列词汇具有以下涵义:

词汇	涵义
「董事会」	本银行董事会
「中银香港(控股)董事会」	中银香港(控股)有限公司的董事会
「中国银行」	中国银行股份有限公司,一家根据中国法例成立之商业银行及股份制有限责任公司,其 H 股及 A 股股份分别于香港联交所及上海证券交易所挂牌上市
「中银(BVI)」	BOC Hong Kong (BVI) Limited,根据英属处女群岛法例注册成立之公司,并为中银香港(集团) 之全资附属公司
「中银香港」或「本银行」	中国银行(香港)有限公司,根据香港法例注册成立之公司,并为中银香港(控股)有限公司之全资附属公司
「中银香港(控股)」	中银香港(控股)有限公司,根据香港法例注册成立之公司
「汇金」	中央汇金投资有限责任公司
「集友」	集友银行有限公司,根据香港法例注册成立之公司,中银香港占其 70.49% 股权
「本集团」	本银行及其附属公司
「金管局」	香港金融管理局
「上市规则」	香港联合交易所有限公司证券上市规则
「内地」或「中国内地」	中华人民共和国内地
「强积金」	强制性公积金
「强积金条例」	强制性公积金计划条例,香港法例第 485 章 (修订)
「南商」	南洋商业银行有限公司,根据香港法例注册成立之公司,并为中银香港之全资附属公司
「中国」	中华人民共和国
「人民币」	人民币,中国法定货币
「认股权计划」	中银香港(控股)股东于 2002 年 7 月 10 日有条件地批准及采纳的认股权计划(前称 2002 认股权计划)



释义 (续)

词汇	涵义
「股份储蓄计划」	中银香港(控股)股东于 2002 年 7 月 10 日有条件地批准及采纳的股份储蓄计划(前称 2002 股份储蓄计划)
「会计准则」	会计实务准则
「联交所」	香港联合交易所有限公司
「涉险值」	风险持仓涉险值



Definitions

In this Annual Report, unless the context otherwise requires, the following terms shall have the meanings set out below:

Terms	Meanings
"AC"	The Audit Committee
"ALCO"	The Asset and Liability Management Committee
"ATM"	Automated Teller Machine
"Board" or "Board of Directors"	The Board of Directors of BOCHK
"Board of BOCHK (Holdings)"	The Board of Directors of BOCHK (Holdings)
"BOC"	Bank of China Limited, a joint stock commercial bank with limited liability established under the laws of the PRC, the H shares and A shares of which are listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the Shanghai Stock Exchange, respectively
"BOC (BVI)"	BOC Hong Kong (BVI) Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of the British Virgin Islands and a wholly owned subsidiary of BOC Hong Kong (Group) Limited
"BOCHK" or "the Bank"	Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of Hong Kong and a wholly owned subsidiary of BOCHK (Holdings)
"BOCHK (Holdings)"	BOC Hong Kong (Holdings) Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of Hong Kong
"BOCI-Prudential Manager"	BOCI-Prudential Asset Management Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of Hong Kong, in which BOCI Asset Management Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of BOC International Holdings Limited, and Prudential Corporation Holdings Limited hold equity interests of 64% and 36% respectively
"BOCI-Prudential Trustee"	BOCI-Prudential Trustee Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of Hong Kong, in which BOC Group Trustee Company Limited and Prudential Corporation Holdings Limited hold equity interests of 64% and 36% respectively
"CAR"	Capital Adequacy Ratio, computed on the consolidated basis that comprises the positions of BOCHK and certain subsidiaries specified by the HKMA for its regulatory purposes and in accordance with the Third Schedule of the Banking Ordinance
"CE"	Chief Executive
"Central SAFE"	Central SAFE Investments Limited (previously known as China SAFE investments Ltd.)
"Chiyu"	Chiyu Banking Corporation Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of Hong Kong, in which BOCHK holds an equity interest of 70.49%
"CRO"	Chief Risk Officer
"Group"	The Bank and its subsidiaries collectively referred as the Group
"HKAS(s)"	Hong Kong Accounting Standard(s)



Definitions (continued)

Terms	Meanings		
"HKAS-Int"	HKAS Interpretation		
"HKFRS(s)"	Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard(s)		
"HKICPA"	Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants		
"HKMA"	Hong Kong Monetary Authority		
"Hong Kong" or "Hong Kong SAR"	Hong Kong Special Administrative Region		
"Listing Rules"	The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited		
"Mainland China"	The mainland of the PRC		
"MPF"	Mandatory Provident Fund		
"MPF Schemes Ordinance"	The Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, Chapter 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong, as amended		
"Nanyang"	Nanyang Commercial Bank, Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of Hong Kong and a wholly owned subsidiary of BOCHK		
"ORSO schemes"	The Occupational Retirement Schemes under Occupational Retirement Schemes Ordinance, Chapter 426 of the Laws of Hong Kong		
"PRC"	The People's Republic of China		
"RC"	The Risk Committee		
"RMB" or "Renminbi"	Renminbi, the lawful currency of the PRC		
"RMD"	The Risk Management Department		
"Share Option Scheme"	The Share Option Scheme conditionally approved and adopted by the shareholders of the Bank on 10 July 2002		
"Sharesave Plan"	The Sharesave Plan conditionally approved and adopted by the shareholders of the Bank on 10 July 2002		
"SME(s)"	Small and medium-sized enterprise(s)		
"Stock Exchange"	The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited		
"US"	The United States of America		
"VAR"	Value at Risk		