2016年2月份 CRI 指數 CRI for Feb 2016

概要

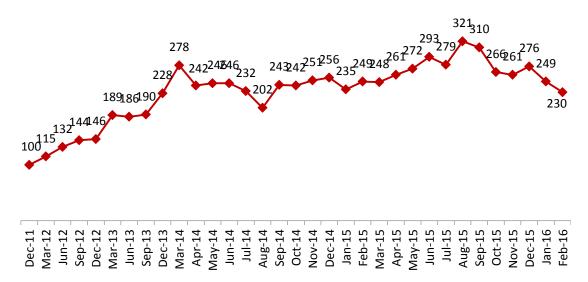
中國銀行發佈 2016 年 2 月跨境人民幣指數 (CRI)。結果顯示,2 月份 CRI指數為 230 點,較上月及去年同期下降 19點。

- 受春節長假等因素影響,本月跨境 人民幣結算總量同比、環比均出現回落。
- 人民幣淨流出規模與較上月大幅 縮窄。
- 人民幣跨境使用活躍度隨市場波動而調整,但人民幣國際化的市場基礎更加扎實。

Main Points

Bank of China ("BOC" or "the Bank") has released the Cross-border RMB Index of February 2016. The latest CRI is 230, decreased by 19 points from the last month and the same month last year.

- The RMB denominated cross-border settlement volume decreased on YoY and MoM basis which was mainly resulted from the impact of spring festival holidays.
- RMB funds continued a net outbound flow and the amount decreased considerably.
- The activeness of RMB cross-border usage fluctuated as the market volatility, while it built a more solid foundation for the future development of RMB internationalization.



分析

■ 整體情況

跨境人民幣結算規模同比、環比出現 明顯回落。2 月全國辦理經常項下和直接

Analysis

Overall Performance

The RMB denominated cross-border settlement volume decreased considerably

投資項下跨境人民幣結算金額 4547 億元,同比下降 18%,環比下降 48.5%。

人民幣跨境收支保持淨流出。當月人 民幣淨流出 1340 億元,但淨流出規模較 上月減少逾千億元。

人民幣保持第五大國際支付貨幣地位。2 月份人民幣在全球支付結算中的使用份額為 1.76%,較上月回落 0.69 個百分點。

■ 經常項目

經常項目下跨境人民幣結算量同比 下降。2 月當月全國辦理經常項下跨境人 民幣結算金額 3421 億元,同比下降 24.4%。

人民幣在貨物貿易結算中的使用比例下降。2月貨物貿易人民幣結算金額2916億元,同比下降28.7%。按國際收支口徑,2月以人民幣結算的貨物貿易收支占所有幣種貨物貿易收支的比重為16%,較上月下降近5.5個百分點。

人民幣在服務貿易及其他經常項目 項下的結算規模保持擴大。2 月份服務貿 易及其他經常項目人民幣結算金額 505 億 元,環比下降 30%,同比增長 16%。

■ 資本項目

人民幣在跨境直接投資中的使用規模增長。2 月全國辦理直接投資人民幣結算 1126 億元,環比減少逾 2000 億元,但同比增長 10.4%。其中:

on YoY and MoM basis. In February, RMB denominated settlement value under the current account and direct investment account totaled RMB454.7 billion, decreased by 18% on YoY basis and 48.5% on MoM basis from last month.

Cross-border RMB funds movement remained outbound flow. The net outflow of RMB cross-border circulation continued this month and the amount was RMB134 billion, which was decreased by more than RMB 100 billion from last month.

RMB remains the fifth most active currency for global payments by value with a share of 1.76%. This represents a decrease of 0.69% compared to January 2016.

Current Account

The cross-border RMB settlement value under the current account decreased on YoY basis. The settlement value in February was RMB342.1 billion, representing a YoY decrease by 24.4%.

The share of RMB denominated goods trade settlement decreased among all currencies. The RMB denominated settlement amount for goods trade was RMB291.6 billion, down by 28.7% on YoY basis. In BOP parameters, the share of RMB used in good trade settlements was 16%, which was 5.5 percentage points lower than last month.

RMB settlement volume for service trade and other current account items kept expanding. The RMB denominated settlement value under service trade and other current account items was RMB50.5 billion, representing a YoY increase by 16% but MoM decrease by 30%.

Capital Account

The RMB denominated settlement in direct investment account increased on YoY basis. In February, direct investment denominated in RMB was nearly RMB112.6 billion, a YoY increase by 10.4%. In particular,

外商直接投資(FDI)人民幣結算金額 664 億元,同比下降 23.1%;

人民幣對外直接投資(ODI)結算金額 463 億元,同比增長 94.9%。

■ 離岸市場

人民幣流動性仍顯緊張,但離岸市 場人民幣匯率趨穩。

離岸市場流動性在上月小幅增長後,本月再次下跌。根據香港金管局公佈數據,2月末香港銀行機構人民幣存款為8040億元,較上月小幅下降5.7%,為2014年以來最低點;臺灣媒體公佈數據顯示,2月末,臺灣外匯指定銀行(DBU)和離岸業務銀行(OBU)人民幣存款餘額為3168億元,較1月下降1%,創近13個月的新低。

離岸市場利率、匯率經歷1月份振盪 後,本月整體趨於穩定,並且在岸和離 岸市場人民幣匯率價差收窄。

■ 新政出臺

2月24日,人行發佈公告進一步放開境外機構投資者投資銀行間債券市場。相關措施包括引入更多符合條件的境外機構投資者,取消額度限制,簡化管理流程等。

根據上述公告,境外機構投資者的範圍包括境外商業銀行、保險公司、證券公司、養老基金、慈善基金等。人民銀行鼓勵境外中長期機構投資者投資銀行間債券市場,此類投資者投資銀行間債券市場沒有額度限制,人民銀行對境外機構投資者的投資行為實施宏觀審慎管理。

The foreign direct investment (FDI) denominated in RMB was RMB66.4 billion, a YoY decrease by 23.1%.

The overseas direct investment (ODI) denominated in RMB amounted to RMB 46.3 billion, a YoY increase by 94.9 times.

Overseas Market

The situation of RMB liquidity scarcity still remained, while offshore RMB exchange rates and interest rates tended to be stabilized.

The offshore RMB liquidity dropped again. According to the latest statistics released by HKMA, by the end of February, the balance of RMB deposit in Hong Kong banking system was 804 billion yuan, representing a 5.7% decreasing from last month and hit the lowest point since 2014. According to the media release, the balance of RMB deposit in Designated Banking Unit and Offshore Banking Unit of Taiwan decreased by about 1% from last month to reach RMB 316.8 billion yuan, which also hit the lowest point for the latest 13 months.

Offshore RMB interest rates and exchange rates fluctuated considerably in Jan and then tended to be stabilized. And the gap between onshore and offshore exchange rates narrowed this month.

New Policies

On 24th Feb, BOC announced to further open the onshore interbank bond market to foreign institutional investors.

According to the announcement, qualified institutional investors include overseas financial institutions such as commercial banks, insurance companies, securities companies, as well as pension funds and charity funds. The investment of these medium and long-term investors on

the interbank bond market will no longer be subject to quota limits, and PBOC will supervise the investment activity via macro prudential measures.

點評

人民幣國際化在市場調整中整固。

受中國農曆新年長假,工作日少於正常月份,以及在岸、離岸市場波動加大的後續影響,本月跨境人民幣結算總量同比、環比均下降明顯。除人民幣對外直接投資外,其它項目的人民幣跨境收支均呈現下降態勢。人民幣跨境使用活躍度經歷了一段調整。

隨著人民幣國際化配套市場機制的日 益成熟和完善,人民幣國際化的市場基礎 將更加穩固和健康。

下一階段,人民幣國際化仍面臨諸多機遇。人行在上月正式公佈的擴大全口徑跨境融資宏觀審慎管理試點辦法已初步實施,金融機構和企業跨境融資渠道進一步拓展。最近,人民銀行決定同時發佈以美元和SDR作為報告貨幣的外匯儲備數據,不僅有助於降低主要國家匯率經常大幅波動引發的估值變動,也有助於增強SDR作為記帳單位的作用,為下一步人民幣正式發揮SDR貨幣籃子貨幣的職能打下基礎。

Comments

The adjustment of RMB internationalization market built a more solid foundation for the future development of.

Holidays of the Spring Festival maybe the major reason that caused the fall of RMB cross-border usage. Besides, the continuing impact of the offshore RMB market volatility still remained. The RMB denominated cross-border settlement volume decreased considerably on YoY and MoM basis. Except RMB denominated ODI, the other items of RMB cross-border settlement all decreased.

The gradual mature and perfection of supporting measures for RMB internationalization is creating a persistent and healthy environment for its future development.

In the following months, we still expect opportunities for RMB internationalization. The implementation of 'The expansion of the pilot program of prudent macro management of cross-border financing' policy is helping expand the financial channel for financial institutions and enterprises. And more recently, PBOC is releasing foreign exchange reserve data denominated in the SDR, in addition to the USD currently used. Having the SDR as a reporting currency for foreign exchange reserve data would help reduce valuation changes caused by frequent and volatile fluctuations of major currencies, and enhance the role of the SDR as a unit of account, which will eventually build a solid foundation for RMB to function more effectively as a SDR basket currency.

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